## Directions for Use

Use in such areas as roadsides, brush in pastures, along fence rows and power lines. Application can be made at any time after the full leaf stage until three weeks before frost. Best results are obtained when the brush to be sprayed is under five feet tall. Brush over five feet tall requires repeat applications or cutting and stump treatment. For use on leaves of growing plants, dilute as shown below:

| 2,4,5-T Ester                | Water       |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| 6 2, 3 oz (Knapsack Sprayer) | 2 Gallons   |
| 10 oz (Knapsack Sprayer)     | 3 Gallons   |
| 1 pt (Knapsack Sprayer)      | 5 Gallons   |
| 3 pts. (Power Sprayer)       | 50 Gallons  |
| 3 ots (Power Sprayer)        | 100 Gallons |

Wet all stems and leaves thoroughly as complete coverage is necessary for uniform kill. Amount of material required per acre varies with the height and denseness of the brush. One thorough application will control 75% or more of the susceptible growth. While under some conditions repeat applications may be necessary to control regrowth, usually a single treatment per year is sufficient. NOTE: Do not graze dairy animals on treated areas within 6 weeks after application. Do not graze meat animals on treated areas within two weeks of slaughter.

CLEARING MESQUITE FROM RANGE LANDS

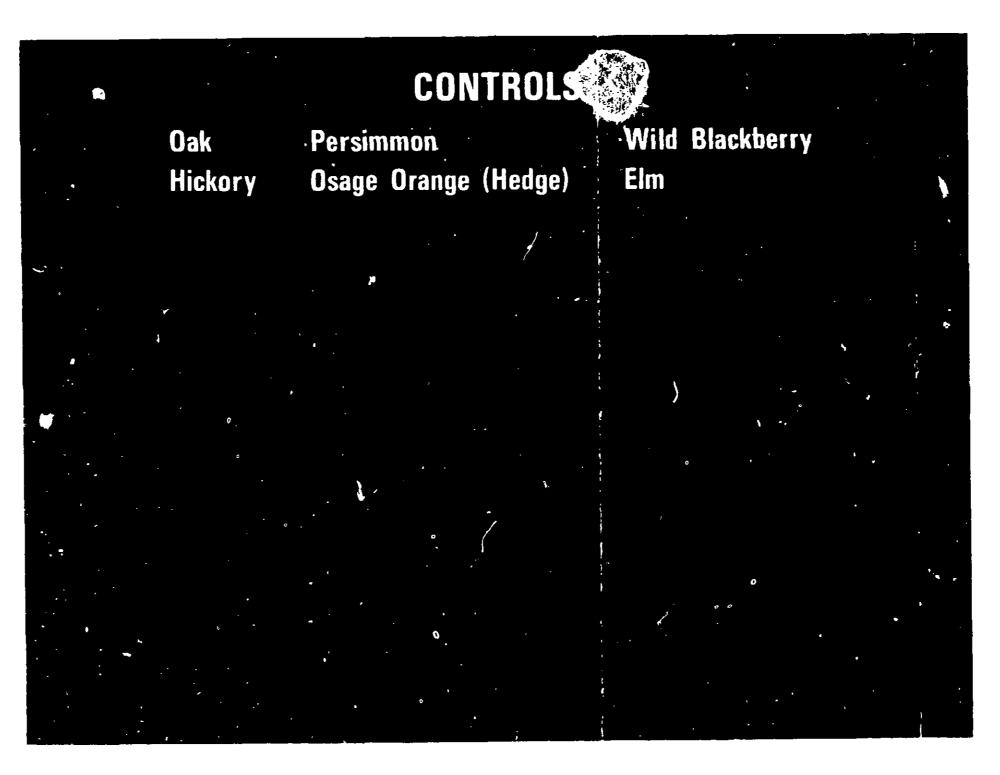
Mix 34 to 1 gallon 2,4,5-T in 5 gallons of water. Apply this solution at the rate of 4 gallons per acre. Spray mesquite in the spring when plants are at the heavy foliage stage and the growth is lush. This occurs 40 to 90 days after first leaves appear. If drought prevails do not treat. If trees are in poor foliage due to hail, frost, or insect damage, postpone spraying until next year. Agitate spray solution to insure proper mix.

Aerial application is usually best suited, since spray should be released in coarse droplets at treetop height. Retreatment may be necessary in 5 years for sprouts and seedlings. Ground application is suited to areas with less than 125 trees per acre. Mix 2 gallons of 2,4,5-T in 100 gallons full oil. Thoroughly wet all foliage. Do not apply where nearby susceptible plants may be injured by the herbicide.

NOTICE

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.





### Directions for Use

#### STUMP TREATMENT

A mixture of this 2,4,5-T Ester and Kerosene and other fuel oils is very effective when used to prevent stum- resprouting. For making this mixture, use the following table:

| DILUTION TABLE                |                 |  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 2,4,5-T Ester                 | Fuel Oil        |  |
| 12 Pint (Knapsack Sprayer)    | $ar{2}$ Galions |  |
| 34 Pint (Knapsack Sprayer)    |                 |  |
| 1 1/4 Pint (Knapsack Sprayer) | 5 Gallons       |  |
| 21, Pint (Knapsack Sprayer)   | 10 Gallons      |  |

Apply the fuel oil mixture to the freshly cut surface and the bark down to the ground. Cover these surfaces the roughly, using a sprayer or a paint brush. May be applied any time during the year including zero weather.

Thorough Coverage Is Important
Any new seeding or regrowth which may appear should be treated with a water diluted spray.

# RESISTANT OR EASY TO KILL SPECIES OF BRUSH EASY TO KILL

Alder, Speckled
Blackberry
Buckbrush
Cherry (Wild, Pin)
Currant (Prickly, sticky)
Dewberry
Elm (American, Winged)
Gooseberry
Grape
Hazel Nut
Hickory
Honeysuckle

Juneberry
Maple (Soft, Sugar)
Oik (Black Jack, Burr,
Post White)
Osage Orange
Persimmon
Plum (Sand, Wild)
Sumer (Smooth, Staghorn)
Trumpet Vine
Tung
Wahoo (Burning Bush)
Willow Black, Bright)

#### MORE TOLERANT

h Bittersweet Cedar (Red) Rose (Prairie)

CAUTION: Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. In case of contact, wash thoroughly with plenty of water. This material is harmful if swallowed Do not use around the hone or recreation area.

Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. Do not apply directly to flowers, vegetables, fruit trees, ornamentals, cotton or other susceptible plants. AVOID SPRAY DRIFT (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.) Vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants in the immediate vicinity. Thoroughly clean spraying equipment with a suitable chemical cleaner before using for other purposes or better vet, do not use the same equipment for other spraying purposes

Do not contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for domestic purposes. Toxic to fish. Do not contaminate any body of water by direct application, cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes and containers.

Do not reuse empty container. Destroy by crushing or perforating and bury in a safe place. Do not burn