

ACCEPTED

JUL-21-1972

UNDER THE
FEDERAL
FOOD, DRUG,
AND COSMETIC
ACT

1339-74

U. S. STANDARD
MEASURE

Cotton States® 8 Lb. Emulsifiable

EPA Reg. No. 1339-74

DIRECTIONS

To prepare a 1% emulsion, mix 1/2 gallon Cotton States 8 Lb. Chlordane Emulsifiable, per 50 gallons of water. Apply as follows:

SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES—Direction For Professional Use

Control In Existing Buildings

BUILDING HAVING CRAWL SPACES

- (1) Dig a trench adjacent to and around all piers and pipes and along both sides of the foundation walls. Dig the trench to, but not below the footing. Then as the trench is refilled, treat the soil at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet for each foot of depth. A trench 3 feet deep would require 12 gallons per 10 linear feet.
- (2) Treat voids in hollow-block masonry foundations at the rate of 1 gallon per 5 linear feet of wall. Apply so that the emulsion will reach the footing. If this is done by drilling or rod holes avoid going into plumbing or electrical conduits.

BUILDING HAVING BASEMENTS

- (1) Dig a trench along the outside of the foundation walls. In brick or hollow block or concrete foundations, dig a trench to, but not below, the footing. Then as the trench is refilled, treat the soil at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet for each foot of depth. A trench 3 feet deep would require 12 gallons per 10 linear feet.
- (2) It may also be necessary to treat critical areas only under

the basement flooring such as around sewer pipes, conduits and pipes and along the inside of the foundation walls and interior walls. One method consists of drilling holes about a foot apart through the concrete floor adjacent to the areas requiring treatment. The chemical emulsion then should be injected into the soil beneath the floor.

Avoid drilling into plumbing or electric conduits. The emulsion should be applied at the rate of at least 4 gallons per 10 linear feet of wall.

(3) Treat voids in hollow-block foundations at the rate of 1 gallon per 5 linear feet of wall so that the emulsion will reach the footing. Do this by drilling or probing. Take care to avoid drilling into plumbing or electric conduits.

SLAB-ON-GROUND CONSTRUCTION

(1) Infestations in this type of construction are difficult to control. One method consists of drilling holes about a foot apart through the concrete slab, adjacent to all cracks and expansion joints, and injecting the chemical into the soil beneath the slab. Avoid drilling into plumbing and electric conduits. Another method is to drill through the foundation walls from the outside and force the chemical just beneath the slab along the inside of the foundation and along all the cracks and expansion joints. The emulsion should be applied at the rate of a least 4 gallons per 10 linear feet of foundation or expansion joint.

(2) Dig a trench 1 foot in depth, but not below the top of the footing, along the outside of the foundation walls. Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet of trench. The chemical should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

(3) Treat voids in hollow block foundations at the rate of one gallon of emulsion per 5 linear feet of wall so that the emulsion will reach the footing. Do this by drilling or probing. Avoid drilling into plumbing or electric conduits.

CAUTION

Keep Out Of Reach Of Children

Harmful if swallowed. Contact with skin can cause toxic symptoms. Avoid breathing spray mist. In case of contact with skin, wash with soap and water. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs.

ANTIDOTE:

External—In case of spillage on skin, wash promptly with soap and water.

Internal—Emetic of 1 tablespoonful mustard in tumbler of water. Call a physician.

This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Keep out of any body of water. Do not contaminate waetr by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

Do not reuse container. Destroy when empty.

See other precautions on the side panels.

An emulsifiable concentrate Chlordane per gallon for the

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
 *Technical Chlordane
 Petroleum Distillate

INERT INGREDIENTS
 TOTAL

*Equivalent to 43.8% Octachloro dane and 29.2% Related Com

Seller warrants that the product description and is reasonably the label when used in accordance with normal conditions of use, but no other warranty of merchantability purpose, express or implied, extends contrary to label instructions, or under conditions of sale, seller, and buyer assumes the

MANUFACT



MONROE, LA

U. S. STANDARD
MEASURE

Cotton States® Chlordane 45%

EPA Reg. No. 1339-87

DIRECTIONS

To prepare a 1% emulsion, mix 1 gallon Cotton States Chlordane 45% Emulsifiable per 50 gallons of water. Apply as follows:

SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES—Direction For Professional Use

Control In Existing Buildings

BUILDING HAVING CRAWL SPACES

- (1) Dig a trench adjacent to and around all piers and pipes and along both sides of the foundation walls. Dig the trench to, but not below the footing. Then as the trench is refilled, treat the soil at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet for each foot of depth. A trench 3 feet deep would require 12 gallons per 10 linear feet.
- (2) Treat voids in hollow-block masonry foundations at the rate of 1 gallon per 5 linear feet of wall. Apply so that the emulsion will reach the footing. If this is done by drilling or rod holes avoid going into plumbing or electrical conduits.

BUILDING HAVING BASEMENTS

- (1) Dig a trench along the outside of the foundation walls. In brick or hollow block or concrete foundations, dig a trench to, but not below, the footing. Then as the trench is refilled, treat the soil at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet for each foot of depth. A trench 3 feet deep would require 12 gallons per 10 linear feet.
- (2) It may also be necessary to treat critical areas only under

the basement flooring such as around sewer pipes, conduits and piers and along the inside of the foundation walls and interior walls. One method consists of drilling holes about a foot apart through the concrete floor adjacent to the areas requiring treatment. The chemical emulsion then should be injected into the soil beneath the floor.

Avoid drilling into plumbing or electric conduits. The emulsion should be applied at the rate of at least 4 gallons per 10 linear feet of wall.

(3) Treat voids in hollow-block foundations at the rate of 1 gallon per 5 linear feet of wall so that the emulsion will reach the footing. Do this by drilling or probing. Take care to avoid drilling into plumbing or electric conduits.

SLAB-ON-GROUND CONSTRUCTION

(1) Infestations in this type of construction are difficult to control. One method consists of drilling holes about a foot apart through the concrete slab, adjacent to all cracks and expansion joints, and injecting the chemical into the soil beneath the slab. Avoid drilling into plumbing and electric conduits. Another method is to drill through the foundation walls from the outside and force the chemical just beneath the slab along the inside of the foundation and along all the cracks and expansion joints. The emulsion should be applied at the rate of a least 4 gallons per 10 linear feet of foundation or expansion joint.

(2) Dig a trench 1 foot in depth, but not below the top of the footing, along the outside of the foundation walls. Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet of trench. The chemical should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

(3) Treat voids in hollow block foundations at the rate of one gallon of emulsion per 5 linear feet of wall so that the emulsion will reach the footing. Do this by drilling or probing. Avoid drilling into plumbing or electric conduits.

CAUTION

Keep Out Of Reach Of Children

Harmful if swallowed. Contact with skin can cause toxic symptoms. Avoid breathing spray mist. In case of contact with skin, wash with soap and water. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs.

ANTIDOTE:

External—In case of spillage on skin, wash promptly with soap and water.

Internal—Emetic of 1 tablespoonful mustard in tumbler of water. Call a physician.

This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Keep out of any body of water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

Do not reuse container. Destroy when empty.

See other precautions on the side panels.

An emulsifiable solution of control of termites.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
*Technical Chlordane
Petroleum distillate
INERT INGREDIENTS
TOTAL

*Equivalent to 27% Octachlor and 18% related

Seller warrants that the product description and is reasonably the label when used in accordance with normal conditions of use, but other warranty of merchantability, purpose, express or implied, is not intended, and under conditions of sale, and buyer assumes the responsibility.

MANUFACTURED BY



MONROE, LA

Account
7-31-72
1339-87
COTTON STATES CHEMICALS
MONROE, LA

Chlordane 45% Emulsifiable

EPA Reg. No. 1330-57

GALLONS

CAUTION

Keeps Children

Contact with skin can cause toxic spray mist. In case of contact with water. Avoid contamination

NOTE:

On skin, wash promptly with

Spoonful mustard in tumbler of water.

Keep away from birds, and other wildlife. Keep away from water. Do not contaminate water by disposal of wastes. Apply this label.

DO NOT STORE NEAR HEAT OR

Destroy when empty.

the side panels.

An emulsifiable solution of technical Chlordane for the control of termites.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
Technical Chlordane	45.00%
Petroleum distillate	45.00%
INERT INGREDIENTS	
	10.00%
TOTAL	100.00%

*Equivalent to 27% Octachloro-4,7-Methanotetrahydroindane and 18% related compounds.

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

MANUFACTURED BY



MONROE, LOUISIANA Made in U.S.A.

Preconstruction Treatment

SLAB-ON-GROUND CONSTRUCTION

(1) Apply an over-all treatment under entire surface of floor slab. Apply at the rate of 1 gallon per 10 square feet, except that if fill under slab is gravel or other coarse absorbent material, apply at the rate of 1½ gallons per 10 square feet.

(2) Under slab-on-ground porch floors and entrance platforms, apply an over-all treatment at the rate of 1 gallon per 10 square feet.

(3) Along both sides of foundation wall, along interior foundation walls, and around plumbing dig a narrow trench to a depth of 1 foot, but not below the top of the footing. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons per 5 linear feet of trench. The chemical should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

(4) Treat all voids in hollow masonry units of the foundation at the rate of at least 1 gallon per 5 linear feet of wall. Apply the emulsion so as to reach the footing.

BUILDINGS WITH CRAWL SPACES

(1) Dig a narrow trench to the top of the footing along the inside of foundation walls, around piers, sewer pipes and conduits. Apply 2 gallons of emulsion per 5 linear feet of trench. The chemical should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

(2) Dig a narrow trench to the top of the footing along the outside of the foundation wall. Apply 2 gallons of emulsion per 5 linear feet of trench per each foot of depth. A trench 3 feet deep would require 6 gallons per 5 linear feet. The chemical should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

(3) Under attached porches, entrance platforms, utility entrances; and similar situations where slab or fill is at the

same grade level apply 1 gallon per 10 square feet of soil surface.

(4) Treat all voids in hollow masonry units of the foundation at the rate of at least 1 gallon per 5 linear feet of wall. Apply the emulsion so as to reach the footing.

BUILDINGS WITH BASEMENTS

(1) Apply an over-all treatment under the basement floorings, as well as under attached porches, entrance platforms, utility entrances, and similar situations where slab fill is at the grade level. Apply at the rate of 1 gallon per 10 square feet, except that if fill under slab is of washed gravel, cinders, or similar coarse material, increase the dosage by at least one-half. Where crawl spaces exist, treat as described in part (2) below.

(2) Dig a narrow trench to the top of the footing along the inside of foundation walls, around piers, sewer pipes and conduits. Apply 2 gallons of emulsion per 5 linear feet of trench. The chemical should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

(3) Along the outside of foundation walls, dig a narrow trench, such trench to be dug no deeper than the top of the footings. If the trench is less than 15 inches in depth to the top of the footings, apply 1 gallon per 5 linear feet. Replace

the soil and apply another 1 gallon per 5 linear feet to the back fill. Cover the back fill with a thin layer of soil. If the trench is more than 15 inches in depth to the top of the footings, apply 2 gallons per 5 linear feet. Replace the soil and apply another 2 gallons per 5 linear feet to the

back fill. Cover the back fill with a thin layer of soil. A trench 30 inches deep is a maximum depth required along-side foundations where the top of the footings is greater than 30 inches deep. In lieu of trenching to a 30" depth, make the trench 12 to 15" deep and rod to footing, spacing the holes about 1 foot apart.

(4) Treat all voids in hollow masonry units of the foundation at the rate of 1 gallon per 5 linear feet of wall. Apply the emulsion so as to reach the footing.