

DANGER-POISON PRECAUTION

CAN KILL YOU IF SWALLOWED

This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts. spray mist or dust may be fatal if swallowed.

CAN KILL YOU BY SKIN CONTACT

This product can kill you if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes or on clothing (liquid goes through clothes).

CAN KILL YOU IF BREATHED

This product can kill you if vapors, spray mist or dust are breathed.

POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur.

DESTROY THIS CONTAINER WHEN EMPTY — NEVER RE-USE.

Decontaminate by washing with a strong alkali solution and detergent, rinse with water. Puncture and crush beyond any possible reuse. Rinse equipment and dispose of wastes by burying in non-crop lands away from water supplies.

Consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station for more specific recommendations under local conditions.

SUGGESTIONS FOR USE

Apply in sufficient water for good uniform coverage. For airplane applications apply in 3 to 10 gallons dilute spray solution per acre consistent with crop growth and good coverage.

BARLEY, OATS, RYE, RICE and WHEAT: For control of armyworms, grasshoppers, climbing and surface cutworms use 1.5 gal. per acre in sufficient water for uniform coverage. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not feed treated forage to dairy animals or to animals being finished for slaughter.

COTTON — EARLY SEASON CONTRAL PROGRAM

Insect	Begin Treatment	Amount of this material per acre — Ground Machines*
Aphids, Thrips, Fleahopper	4 leaf stage or earlier where necessary. Apply 2 - 4 applications at 7 day intervals	1 1/4 - 1 1/2 pts.

AGRICULTURAL DIVISION **Olin**
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS
OLIN CORPORATION

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE ACT
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED
ED UNDER NO. 1258-762

NOT FOR USE OR STORAGE IN OR AROUND THE HOME.

STOP! READ THE LABEL

POISON DANGER

See side panels
for antidote
and precautions



KEEP OUT OF
REACH OF
CHILDREN

CAN KILL YOU

TOXAPHENE— METHYL PARATHION 6 LB. — 1.5 LB. EMULSIFIABLE

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Toxaphene (Technical Chlorinated Camphene
Containing 67-69% Chlorine) 56.0%
O,O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate 14.0%
Xylene Range Aromatic Solvent 28.5%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

Total 100.0%

(Contains 6 lbs. Toxaphene and 1.5 lbs. Methyl Parathion per U. S. Gallon at 68° F.)

COTTON — MID and LATE SEASON CONTROL PROGRAM

Boll Weevil, Grasshoppers, Fleahoppers, Lygus bugs, Thrips, Fleabeetle,	Tarnished & Rapid plant bugs, Cotton leafworms, Climbing cutworms, Armyworms, Bollworm, Aphids	1 1/3 to 1 1/2 gallon
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Start applications when insects are present in damaging numbers and repeat applications at 3 to 5 day intervals, (depending upon severity of infestation) until infestation is under control, or as directed by your state agricultural experiment station.

Workers entering fields within 24 hours of treatment should wear protective clothing.

Do not hand pick or harvest within 7 days of application.

Do not graze dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter in fields receiving late applications. Do not feed gin waste to livestock.

*AIRPLANES. In plane applications of sprays and dusts, it is essential to flag the swaths so they will meet or overlap. Increase the dosage in the chart 50% for early season control applications made by plane. Applications made by plane should be in a minimum of three gallons of diluted spray solution per acre.

Particides Regulation
Division, EPA

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Methyl Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment if they may die.

Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pinpoint pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

+ FIRST AID TREATMENT +

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to Methyl Parathion and describe his condition.

If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim.

If swallowed and victim is awake, conscious, make him vomit quickly. Induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat or by giving salty or strong salty water to drink. Repeat until vomit is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Methyl Parathion is a cholinesterase inhibitor and treatment of poisoning should include atropine. Toxaphene produces central nervous system excitation which ordinarily responds to barbituric acid derivatives, but this drug should only be considered if complete atropinization fails to relieve symptoms.

Antidote: Administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS. Methyl Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing marked respiratory depression. At first signs of respiratory distress, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may cause the patient to become VERY CLOSE SUPERVISOR OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct contact. Protective information may be obtained from your Service.

LR 495-03W

NOTICE TO BUY

Seller makes no warranty, express or implied, except that the product conforms to its chemical for the purpose stated on the label when used in normal conditions of use. This warranty shall not be contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably assumed by the buyer. Buyer assumes the risk of any injury or damage shall not be responsible for special, consequential or from a breach of this warranty.

USE ON FOLI EQUIP

Wear boots or rubber gloves. Use the U.S. Bureau of Protection (gloves).

Consult your or Experiment areas.

Keep all out from treated drift.

Do not rub feel sick in right away. hospital-im has been ex condition. At Treatment Se take victim.

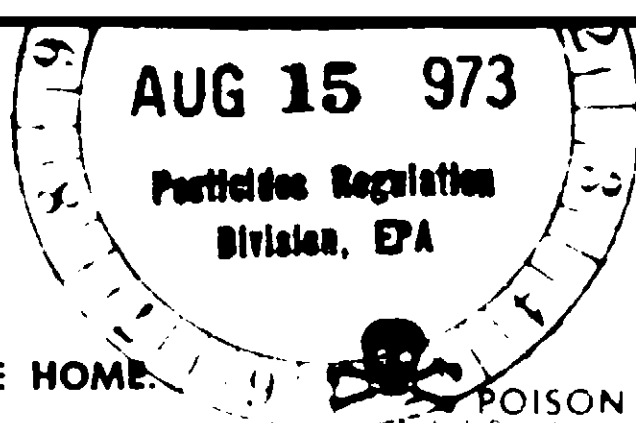
IMPORTANT! with soap and arms w eating or de

AFTER WORK Show clean clothes contaminated and protective after each use filter replace with respirator.

COMI DO I OR

Protect

UNLESS SPECIFICALLY INDICATED
FUNGICIDE AND ACCIDENTAL DEFECT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED
ED UNDER NO. 1258 962



OR USE OR STORAGE IN OR AROUND THE HOME.

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This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

LR 495-03W

EPA Reg. No. 1258 962

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Seller makes no warranty, express or implied, by operation of law or otherwise, except that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty shall not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or in combination with other materials or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any injury or damage resulting from such use. Seller shall not be responsible for special, consequential or contingent damages arising from a breach of this warranty.

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

1. Wear water-proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes. (2) wear safety goggles. (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U.S. Bureau of Mines for Methyl Parathion protection. (4) Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves.

POST TREATED AREA

Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station regarding posting treated areas.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given, see First Aid Treatment Section and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.

COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID.

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL

OR STORE NEAR HEAT

OR OPEN FLAME.

Protect from Temperatures

Below 35° F.