

PACE
concentrated
pool chlorinating
sticks

For use in feeders, skimmers or floaters

DIRECTIONS FOR POOL USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PACE concentrated pool chlorinating sticks, containing 85% available chlorine, are designed to dissolve slowly and provide a steady source of free available chlorine in pools. PACE sticks control pool water conditions. One stick weighs approximately 7 ounces. If any chlorine residual is present, it is possible to increase the residual in pool water by 5.0 ppm by using one stick per 10,000 gallons of water.

For best results, place PACE sticks in the feeder following the manufacturer's directions or into a dissolving basket, floating container or the plastic leaf strainer of the surface skimmer. Do not permit sticks to contact plastic pool lining or metal objects. Do not throw sticks directly into pool.

START UP
In a clean pool with no visible algae, bring chlorine residual to 1.0-1.5 parts per million (ppm) as follows:
1. For each 10,000 gallons of water, put one PACE stick (approx. 7 oz.) in a plastic leaf strainer in the surface skimmer.
2. Run pump and filter until totally dissolved (approx. 2 days).
3. Test for chlorine residual, using a suitable test kit.
4. If chlorine residual is below 1.0 ppm, add one PACE stick per 20,000 gallons, wait until dissolved and check residual. Pool can be used when residual is between 1.0 and 3.0 ppm.
5. The day after the pool's chlorine residual reaches 1.0-1.5 ppm use cyanuric acid (e.g. PACE Stabilizer and Conditioner) to stabilize your pool. Follow label directions. Adjust pH to the ideal range of 7.2-7.6.

An alternate procedure is to use PACE concentrated pool chlorinating granules to achieve an initial chlorine residual of 1.0-1.5 ppm. Follow label directions for start up and then follow Step 5 above.

REGULAR CARE
Place PACE concentrated pool chlorinating sticks in feeder following feeder manufacturer's directions. Alternatively, place one PACE stick (approx. 7 oz.) in a skimmer or floater for each 10,000 gallons of water each week, or as needed to maintain the pool's chlorine residual from 1.0-1.5 ppm.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Keep product dry in tightly closed container when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat or open flame. Do not reuse empty container. Rinse empty container thoroughly with water to dissolve all material before discarding. Place in trash collection or dispose in approved landfill area or bury in a safe place.

EMERGENCY HANDLING: In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reuse container. If possible, isolate container in open and well-ventilated area. Handle with large volumes of water. Dispose of contaminated material in an approved landfill area or bury in a safe place.

8PS-3798LS

ACCEPTED
1258-853
17 JUL 1979
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE AND FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT FOR ECONOMIC POISON RESISTANCE UNDER NO. 40

1258-853

Precautionary Statements
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
DANGER: Highly corrosive. Causes skin and eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Get medical attention immediately. Wear goggles or face shield and use splash gloves or only thoroughly clean, dry utensils when handling. Irritating to nose and throat. Avoid breathing dust and fumes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First Aid (Practical Treatment):
Inhalation: Feed large amounts of milk and/or water and induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.
Eye: Flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
First Aid (Practical Treatment):
Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. Get immediate medical attention.

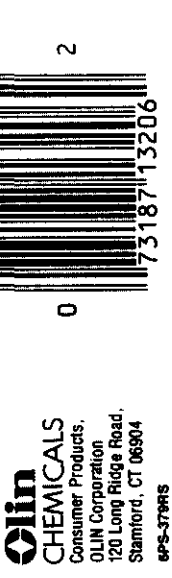
CHEMICAL HAZARDS
DANGER: Strong oxidizing agent. Use only clean, dry utensils. Mix only into water. Contamination with moisture, dirt, organic matter or other chemicals (including other pool chemicals) or any other foreign matter may start a chemical reaction and cause generation of heat, liberation with flaring of burning material, such as a liquid explosion. Do not use PACE sticks in any chlorinating device which has been used with any organic or unstabilized chlorinating compounds (e.g. calcium hypochlorite). Such use may cause fire or explosion. Do not permit sticks to contact plastic pool linings or metal objects. Do not throw sticks directly into pool.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD
This product is toxic to fish. Do not contaminate lakes, ponds or streams by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

ADDITIONAL POOL CARE RECOMMENDATIONS
pH—Maintaining pH in the ideal range of 7.2-7.6 is extremely important to the efficacy of your chlorine and swimming pool. Test for pH often, with a suitable test kit. Adjust pH as necessary, using products such as "PACE™ pH Minus™" or "PACE™ pH Plus™".
Superchlorination—Superchlorination with a calcium hypochlorite product such as "PACE Super Chlorinator & Shock Treatment" is recommended to burn out algae or bacterial growth. Do not use excessive heat when bathing loads are high, when water becomes dull looking or hazy, when there is a "chlorine" like smell or excessive eye irritation, or after heavy rains.
Shock Treatment—If algae appear, shock treat your pool with a calcium hypochlorite product such as "PACE Super Chlorinator & Shock Treatment". Follow label directions. An alternate method is to put 2 PACE™ sticks (approx. 14 oz.) in the skimmer for each 10,000 gallons of water. Run pump and filter until totally dissolved (approx. 2 days). Thoroughly clean pool by scrubbing surface of algae growth, vacuum, and cycle through filter. Pool should not be used until chlorine residual is from 1.0-3.0 ppm.

TO DETERMINE POOL CAPACITY
Rectangular Pools: Multiply length x width x average depth x 7.5 = pool capacity (U.S. gallons).

Round Pools: Multiply radius (½ diameter) x radius x average depth x 23.5 = pool capacity (U.S. gallons).



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