

GENERAL INFORMATION

If stored below freezing temperatures it may be necessary to warm to 40° F. and agitate thoroughly before using.

When filling spray tank first fill tank ¼ full of water; add the calculated amount of 2,4-D emulsifiable, then finish filling tank with water with by-pass open and pump running.

Material may tend to settle when not agitated. When mixture is left in sprayer allow by-pass pressure to re-agitate before resuming spraying.

PRECAUTION

BECAUSE OF THE DIFFICULTIES OF REMOVING 2,4-D and 2,4,5-T FROM SPRAY EQUIPMENT DO NOT USE THE SAME SPRAY EQUIPMENT FOR APPLYING OTHER MATERIALS TO PLANTS AS INJURY WILL RESULT. USE A SEPARATE SPRAYER FOR THIS PURPOSE.

LV ESTER D4

WEED KILLER
(LOW VOLATILE)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

2-ethylhexyl ester of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid 69.9%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

30.1%

Total

100.0%

2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid Equivalent 46.3%

Contains the equivalent of 4 lbs. of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid per gallon at 68° F.

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGEROUS IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not take internally. Do not contaminate feed or foodstuffs.

Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants as this product is injurious to bean, peas, ornamentals, etc. (Course sprays are less likely to injure). Do not contaminate domestic or irrigating water supplies. Vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants in the immediate vicinity. Do not seed lawns, gardens or fields until at least four weeks after application of spray to area. Do not mix with liquid fertilizers. Do not apply in any manner not specified on the label.

DO NOT STORE NEAR FERTILIZERS, SEEDS, INSECTICIDES, FUNGICIDES OR OTHER PLANTS

TIME OF APPLICATION

Annual weeds are most susceptible in the seedling stage and early growth stages of development and when conditions are such as to promote a vigorous growth. WHEN USED IN CROP SPRAYING AS A SELECTIVE SPRAY, THE STAGE OF GROWTH OF THE CROP MUST ALSO BE CONSIDERED OTHERWISE SEVERE DAMAGE MAY RESULT.

SOME SUSCEPTIBLE WEEDS

Arrowweed	Henbit	Prickly Lettuce
Artichoke	Horsetail	Puncture Vine
Beggar Ticks	Jimsonweed	Purslane
Bull Thistle	Koçhia	Ragweed
Butterprint	Lambs Quarters	Shepherd's Purse
Carnip	Loço Weed	Smart Weed
Chickory	Mallow	Sow Thistle, (annual)
Cocklebur	Marestail	Stinkweed
Dandelion	Mexican Weed	Sumacs
Docks	Morning Glory	Sunflower
Fanweed	Mustards	Wild Mustard
Figwort	Nettles	Wild Onion
Four O'Clock	Pepper Grass	Wild Parsnip
Ground Ivy	Pig Weed	Wild Radish
	Wild Rape	Wild Sweet Potato

Some weeds above, listed as susceptible may not be completely killed but growth is so retarded by proper application that they are no longer a factor affecting growth and yield of the crop.

NOTICE TO BUYER

Seller makes no warranty, express or implied, by operation of law or otherwise, except that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty shall not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or in combination with other materials, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any injury or damage resulting from such use. Seller shall not be responsible for special, consequential or contingent damage arising from a breach of this warranty.

CROP	*Amount LV-D4 Per Acre	Equivalent 2,4-D Per Acre	APPLICATION	CAUTION
CORN, MILO	1/2 pt.	1/4 lb.	When crop is small and more resistant to 2,4-D but when weeds are in sensitive growth stage.	Use drop nozzles when crop is 10 in. tall or higher. Keep spray off leaves. Do not spray after tassels appear. Some injury to corn may occur.
WHEAT BARLEY OATS RYE	FALL 1/2 - 1 pt. SPRING 1/2 - 2/3 pt.	1/4 - 1/2 lb. 1/4 - 1/3 lb.	In spring when weeds are small and grain is in full tiller stage (4 to 8 inches high) and always before boot stage. After plants are fully tillered but before stems begin to joint.	Do not apply in seedling or boot to milk stage. Do not forage or graze treated grain fields within two weeks after treatment. Do not feed treated straw to live stock.
LAWNS, ORNAMENTAL TURF GRASS, GOLF FAIRWAYS			Large areas - 2 pints per acre. Small areas - 2 tablespoonsful in 3 to 5 gallons of water applied to 1000 square feet.	Spray 3 to 5 days after mowing. Retreatment of perennial weed areas may be necessary. May cause injury to bent grass, St. Augustine and to clovers. Protect ornamentals from spray drift.

*Application rates may vary slightly from State to State depending upon soil types and weather factors. Consult your State agricultural experiment station for recommendations under local conditions or more specific uses.

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AGRICULTURAL DIVISION

Olin

TITLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

OLIN CORPORATION