- USE DIRECTIONS -

FOR CLEANING: Lightly soiled areas — surfaces to be cleaned should be mopped or scrubbed with a solution containing 3 ounces of LEMON DISINFECTANT per gallon of water. Rinse cleaned area with fresh water.

Heavity soiled areas - mop or scrub soiled surface with solution containing 5-6 ounces of LEMON DISINFECTANT per gallon of water. Rinse cleaned surface with fresh water.

SANITIZATION: To sanitize walls, floors and equipment in food processing plants, first clean thoroughly with a solution containing 3 ounces of LEMON DISINFECTANT per gallon of water. If surface is heavily soiled, use LEMON DISINFECTANT at a rate of 5—6 ounces per gallon to insure thorough cleaning. Sanitize cleaned surface with a rinse solution containing 2 ounces of LEMON DISINFECTANT per gallon of water. No rinse required after sanitization.

DEODORIZATION: To deodorize surfaces during cleaning, mop or scrub surfaces with a solution containing 7 ounces per gallon of water.

LEMON DISINFECTANT is an effective anti-bacterial cleaner designed for use in household, industrial and institutional cleaning. When used as directed, LEMON DISINFECTANT will disinfect hard surfaces, such as floors, walls, counter tops and furniture. It may be relied upon to deodorize bathroom areas, garbage pails, food storage areas, kennel areas and other areas where obnoxious odors may develop. This product may be used as a general purpose antibacterial-anti ingal detergent in homes, schools, restaurants, hospitais, nursing homes, public schools, food processing plants and in other places where efficient cleaning and antimicrobial action is desired.

MIFMON DISINFECTANT

• CLEANER

• SANITIZER

• FUNGICIDE

• DEODORANT

EPA REG. NO. 1251-10

DANGER: Keep out of reach of children

See antidote statement and additional handling precautions on right panel.
Container Disposal: When empty, rinse container thoroughly with water and destroy it by crushing or burying in a safe place.

MANUFACTURED FOR:

GENERAL PURPOSE DISINFECTION: To disinfect walls, floors and other hard surfaces in homes, schools, restaurants, rest rooms and other public areas, mop or scrub surface to be treated with I solution containing 3½ ounces of LEMON DISINFECTANT per gallon of water. Surfaces that are heavily soiled should be cleaned with 2 ounces of LEMON DISINFECTANT per gallon of water and then disinfected. Those surfaces which may later come in contact with food must be rinsed with clear water of drinking quality. To disinfect locker rooms, shower stalls, walk-ways around pools and other areas where fungicidal action is required, mop area with a solution containing 2 ounces per gallon of water. This solution will destroy Trichophylon interdigitale, a causitive agent of athlete's foot.

HOSPITAL DISINFECTION: To disinfect walls, floors, furniture and other hard surfaces in hospitals and nursing homes, mop or scrub surface to be treated with a solution containing 5½ ounces of LEMON DISINFECTANT per gallon of water. Those surfaces that are heavily soiled with blood, fecal material or exudates should be thoroughly scrubbed with a solution containing 2 ounces per gallon of water and then rinsed with a fresh solution containing 2 ounces per gallon of water before disinfection.

DANGER: Keep Out Of Reach Of Children. CORROSIVE. Causes severe eye and skin damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Protect eyes and skin when handling. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Avoid contamination of food.

FIRST AID: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. For eyes, call a physician, Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed, drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol, Call a physician immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock as well as oxygen and measures to support breathing manually or mechanically may be needed. If persistent, convulsions may be controlled by the cautious intravenous injection of a short-acting barbituate drug.

NET CONTENTS: GALLON



