

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY
BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PER-
SONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERV-
ISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES
COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPL-
ICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

STOP! READ THE LABEL

POISON

See below

for antidote
 and precautions

ACCEPTED
 JUN 6 1978
 Under the Federal Insecticide,
 Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
 as amended, this pesticide
 registered under
 EPA Reg. No. 1202-161



DANGER

Keep out of reach
 of children

SEE DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

CAN KILL YOU

METHYL PARATHION 25 WP

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

O, O-dimethyl O-p-Nitrophenyl

Phosphorothioate

25%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

75%

100%

EPA Reg. No. 1202-161-AA



DANGER—POISON—PRECAUTIONS



**USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING
 PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING**

(1) Wear water-proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots
 or rubber overshoes. (2) Wear safety goggles. (3)
 Wear mask or respirator approved by the U.S. Bureau
 of Mines for parathion protection. (4) Wear heavy
 duty, natural rubber gloves.

CAN KILL YOU IF SWALLOWED

This product can kill you if swallowed even in
 small amounts: spray mist or dust may be fatal if
 swallowed.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from
 treated area or where there is danger of drift.



CAN KILL YOU BY SKIN CONTACT

This product can kill you if touched by hands or
 spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes or on clothing
 (liquid goes through clothes).

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick
 in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call
 a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital—Immediately.
 Explain that the victim has been exposed to para-
 thion and describe his condition. After first aid is
 given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doc-
 tor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital

CAN KILL YOU IF BREATHED

This product can kill you if vapors, spray mist or
 dust are breathed.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them
 with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and
 arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or
 drinking



POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and
 other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep
 out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather
 conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not ap-
 ply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not con-
 taminate water by cleaning of equipment, or
 disposal of wastes.

AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and shoes.
 Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean
 clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated
 clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective
 equipment with soap and water after each use. Res-
 pirator should be cleaned and filter replaced accord-
 ing to instructions included with respirator.



POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body
 on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with
 this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons
 must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die.

Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache,
 nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin point
 pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness,
 sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and
 nose, muscle spasms and coma.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain
 that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his
 condition.

If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration immediately
 and maintain until doctor sees victim.

If vomited and victim is awake (conscious) make him vomit
 quickly. Induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat or by
 giving soapy or strong salty water to drink. Repeat until vomit is
 clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
 Have victim lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of
 water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated
 clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

Antidote—administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to
 FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis
 is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of
 atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may
 be administered in conjunction with atropine. **DO NOT GIVE
 MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS.** Parathion is a strong cholin-
 esterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous
 systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At
 first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given sup-
 plemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued ab-
 sorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been
 reported after initial improvement; **VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION
 OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.**

POST TREATED AREA

Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment
 Station regarding posting treated areas.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Do not reuse empty containers. Destroy by burning with wastes.
 Stay away from smoke or fume.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

See reverse side

Lot No. 6-72



NET WEIGHT. LBS.