

### IMPORTANT NOTICE

Baiting should continue until complete lack of feeding is noted. This should be from five to fourteen days.

**CAUTION:** RO-DO contains as its active ingredient an anti-coagulant chemical which if taken accidentally by human, domestic animals, or pets may reduce the clotting ability of the blood and serious hemorrhage may result. In case baits are accidentally eaten, give a tablespoon of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Call a physician immediately.

**Note for Physicians:** When a human has been known to have ~~ingested~~ ingested RO-DO blood transfusions combined with intravenous injections and oral doses of Vitamin K are indicated as in the case of hemorrhage caused by overdoses of Dicumarol(R).

# RO-DO

"death to mice and rats"

## WITH PROLIN®

New Improved Warfarin Rodenticide

Active Ingredients:

(N-(2-quinoxaliny) sulfamylamide) Sulfquinoxaline 0.4%  
Warfarin (3-(4-cetonylbenzyl)-4-hydroxycoumarin) 0.4%  
Inert Ingredients 99.2%

Total.....100.0%

U.S. Patent No. 3,113,071  
Wisconsin Alumni Research  
Foundation

**CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**  
See side panel for additional cautions.

**LORENZ CHEMICAL COMPANY**  
Omaha, Nebraska

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

For each pound of bait needed mix thoroughly 1 ounce of RO-DO with 15 ounces, by weight, of suitable semi-permanent bait material such as fresh corn meal, rolled oats, nut crumbs, dog food meal, poultry mash, etc. A small amount, up to 5%, of a bland oil such as mineral or corn oil or any other edible oil, may be used to prevent excessive dusting where the mixture has a tendency to dust. When a perishable bait such as fresh ground meat, fish, vegetable, or similar materials are used, bait placement should be made in the late afternoon and replaced daily with fresh baits. Dog and cats will actively search out baits of this type. Baits must be placed so as to positively prevent feeding by these animals.

Place bait in locations where rats and mice feed, water or travel. Bait placements along walls, in corners, and in concealed locations where rats and mice can feed unobserved are desirable. Where

a continuous source of infestation prevails from nearby dumps or fields, permanent bait stations should be used and baits replenished as needed.

Bait should be placed in locations not accessible to children, pets, and domestic animals, or in tamper-proof bait boxes.

**MICE:** Place tablespoonful amounts of bait in shallow containers where mice or signs of mice have been seen. Bait stations at intervals of 8-12 feet are recommended. Assure uninterrupted supply of bait for a period of not less than 12 days.

**RATS:** Place 4 to 6 ounces of bait in dry containers next to burrows, in runways or where rats are accustomed to feed. Assure an uninterrupted supply of bait for a period of not less than 12 days and continue baiting until all signs of feeding have stopped.

Replace stale, damp and moldy baits with fresh baits

**NET WEIGHT 5 OZ.**  
USDA Reg. No. 1029-3

