

1021-1772

12/22/2011

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460-0001



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Mr. Thomas A. Lennan
McLaughlin Gormley King Company
8810 Tenth Ave North
Minneapolis, MN 55427-4319

DEC 22 2011

Subject: Amended Reregistration Label
Product Name: PyGanic Crop Protection EC 5.0,,
EPA Registration Number: 1021-1772
EPA Decision Numbers: 412433

Dear Mr. Lennan:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all of the information submitted with your application to support the reregistration of the above referenced product in connection with the Pyrethrins RED, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable.

NOTE: This product is not being reregistered under sections 3(c)5 and 4(g) of FIFRA at this time.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on non-refillable containers. The code may appear either on the label or durably marked on the container itself, and can be added by non-notification per PRN 98-10.

Please note that the record for this product currently contains the Confidential Statements of Formulation (CSFs) listed below. Any previously dated CSFs are superseded.

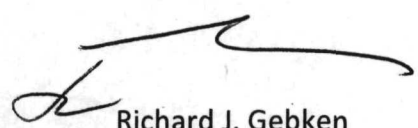
- Basic CSF, dated November 29, 2010

A copy of your label stamped "Accepted" is enclosed along with copies of the acute toxicity and product chemistry reviews completed for the subject product. Products shipped after 12 months from the date of this amendment or the next printing of the label whichever occurs first, must bear the new revised label. Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended label constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec.

6(e).

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Samantha Hulkower at 703-603-0683 or hulkower.samantha@epa.gov.

Sincerely,



Richard J. Gebken
Product Manager (10)
Insecticide Branch
Registration Division (7504P)

*Enclosures: Label stamped "Accepted," dated
Acute Toxicity Review, dated April 16, 2010
Product Chemistry Review, dated December 10, 2010*

30820



PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0 Master Label

Sub-Label A: For Agricultural /Livestock/ Commercial Use Only
Not For Residential Use

ACCEPTED
DEC 22 2011
Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 1021-1772

EPA REG. No. 1021-1772
EPA EST. No. 1021-MN-2

PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0 II

ACCEPTED
DEC 22 2011

For Organic Production
OMRI
Listed

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 104-1772

GROUP	3A	INSECTICIDE
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- [For use on growing crops]
- [For use in Organic Production]
- [Flushing Action] [Quick Knockdown]
- [Effective] [Fast Acting]
- [Can be used on Day of Harvest]
- [One Gallon Treats up to 28 acres]
- [Provides rapid knockdown & kill of listed plant pests]
- [For Use on over 200 fruits and vegetables]
- [Kills more than 100 insects]
- [Flushes insects from hiding]

- [Non-persistent in the environment]
- [Low Odor] [Non-corrosive to spray equipment]
- [Flushes insects and mites from hiding]
- [Quick Knockdown]
- [Effective] [Fast Acting]
- [Flushes insects and mites from hiding]
- [Non-persistent in the environment]
- [Kills Key Livestock pests]
- [Low Odor]
- [Non-corrosive to spray equipment]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Pyrethrins,	5.00%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	95.00%
	<u>100.00%</u>

MGK and PYGANIC® are registered trademarks of McLaughlin Gormley King Company. All other marks are property of their respective holders.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **CAUTION PRECAUCIÓN**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. ▪ Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. ▪ Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. ▪ Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. ▪ Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. ▪ Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Take off contaminated clothing. ▪ Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. ▪ Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-888-740-8712 for emergency medical treatment information.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using toilet. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are made of any waterproof material. . If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Mixers loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear the following:

- long-sleeve shirt,
- long pants,
- shoes and socks, and
- chemical resistant gloves.

In addition to the above PPE, applicators using hand held foggers in an enclosed area must wear a half-face, full-face, or hood-style NIOSH-approved respirator with:

- a dust/mist filtering cartridge (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C), or
- a canister approved for pesticides ((MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G) or
- a cartridge or canister with any R,P or HE filter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep PPE and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent material that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

When handlers use aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS:

Users should wash hands before, eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. User should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. This product may contaminate water through runoff. This product has a potential for runoff for several weeks after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash-waters or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product
in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR, Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water), is:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, or Viton;
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR, Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until vapors, mists, and aerosols have dispersed, and the treated area has been thoroughly ventilated.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

INDOOR AREAS FOR USE IN AND AROUND:

Greenhouses

OUTDOOR AREAS for use in and around:

- Nurseries
- Outdoor Growing Crops

TO KILL THE FOLLOWING INSECTS:

- | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 12-spotted Cucumber Beetles | Beetles | Chalcids | Cross-striped Cabbageworms |
| Angoumois Grain Moths | Bermudagrass Mirids | Cheese Skippers | Cucumber Beetles |
| Ants (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants) | Billbugs | Cherry Fruit Flies | Dark Mealworms |
| Aphids | Blister Beetles | Cigarette Beetles | Darkling Beetles (lesser meal worm) |
| Apple Maggots | Blow Flies | Clover Mites | Diamondback Larvae and Moths |
| Armored Scales | Boll Weevils | Clover Weevils | Dried Fruit Beetles |
| Armyworms | Boxelder Bugs | Cockroaches | Drugstore Beetles |
| Artichoke Plume Moths | Branch and Twig Borers | Codling Moths | Earwigs |
| Asparagus Beetles | Cabbage Loopers | Colorado Potato Beetles | Eastern Tent Caterpillars |
| Bagworms | Cabbage Maggots | Confused Flour Beetles | Elm Leaf Beetles |
| Bean Beetles | Cadelles | Corn Earworms | |
| Beet Armyworms | Cankerworms | Crane Flies | |
| | Carrot Weevils | Crickets | |
| | Caterpillars | | |

Eriophyd Mites	Heliothis spp.	Navel Orangeworms	Sow bugs
European Pine Tip	Hornworms	Olive Fruit Flies	Spider Beetles
Moths	House Flies	Onion Maggots	Springtails
Fire worms	Imported	Orange Tortrix	Squash bugs
Flea Beetles	Cabbageworms	Pacific flatheaded	Stable Flies
Forest Tent Caterpillars	Indian Meal Moths	borers	Stink Bugs
Fruit Flies	Japanese Beetles	Pear Psyllids	Tarnished Plant Bugs
Fruit tree Leaf rollers	Katydids	Pepper Weevils	Thrips
Fruitworms	Lace Bugs	Pink bollworms	Tobacco Moths
Fungus Gnats	Leaf-footed plant bugs	Potato Leafhoppers	Tomato budworms
Garden Symphylan	Leafhoppers	Potato Tuberworms	Tomato bugs
Glassy Winged	Leafminers	Proba bugs	Tomato Fruit worms
Sharpshooters	Leafrollers	Psyllids	Tomato Hornworms
Gnats	Leaftiers	Red Flour Beetles	Tomato pinworms
Grain Mites	Loopers	Rice Weevils	Tomato Russet Mite
Grape Leaf	Lygus	Saltmarsh caterpillars	Tussock moths
Skeletonizers	Maggots	Saw Toothed Grain	Vine mealy bugs
Grape Leafhoppers	Mealy Bugs	Beetles	Vinegar Flies
Grape Mealy bugs	Mediterranean Flour	Scales	Webworms
Grasshoppers	Moths	Sharpshooters	Weevils
Green bugs	Mexican Bean Beetles	Shore flies	Western Yellow-striped
Green Fruit Worms	Midges	Shot hole borers	armyworms
Green Peach Aphids	Millipedes	Silverfish	Whiteflies
Greenhouse Thrips	Mites	Skippers	Yellow Mealworms
Gypsy Moths (adults & larvae)	Mole crickets	Small Flying Moths	
Harlequin Bugs	Moths	Soft Scales	
	Mushroom Flies	Southern chinch bugs	

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift.
- Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.
- Not for use in outdoor metered release devices.
- Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.
- Allow spray to dry before allowing adults, children or pets on treated areas.
- Do not wet plants to the point of runoff or drip
- Do not apply more than 10 times per season.
- Do not reapply within 3 days except under extreme pest pressure.
- In case of extreme pest pressure, do not reapply within 24 hours.
- For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.
- Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems.
- Do not apply when food, feed, and or/water is present.
- Not for indoor use except in greenhouses.

Spray Drift Management for Agricultural Crops

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator and the grower. The interactions of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 10 mph at the application site.

Do not make any type of application into temperature inversions.

Apply as a medium or coarser spray (ASABE standard 572)

Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications:

Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.

Aerial applicators must consider flight speed and nozzle orientation in determining droplet size.

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Additional requirements for ground applications:

Do not release spray at a height greater than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

Additional requirements for airblast applications:

Direct sprays into the canopy

Turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer rows.

IMPORTANT: It is recommended that the final spray mix be buffered to a pH of 5.5-7.0. Outside of this range pyrethrins can degrade and the product will lose effectiveness.

To avoid possible harm to honey bees and other beneficial insects, it is advisable to apply when the non-target insects are least active.

Pyrethrins degrade rapidly in sunlight. To ensure the best performance, coverage is key. Use spray equipment that will provide the best coverage and direct contact with as many insects as possible.

Kills only at time of application. Listed insect pests must be directly contacted to be effective.

PESTICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} contains a Group 3A insecticide. Insect biotypes with acquired resistance to Group 3A may eventually dominate the insect population if Group 3A insecticides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} or other Group 3A insecticides.

To delay insecticide resistance consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} or other group 3A insecticides that have a similar target site of action , on the same insect species.
- Using tank mixtures or premixes with insecticides from a different target site of action Group as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use and have different sites of action.
- Basing insecticide use on a comprehensive IPM program.
- Monitoring treated insect population for loss of field efficacy.
- Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors, and/or manufacturer for insecticide resistance management and or IPM recommendations for the specific site and resistance pest problems.

TANK MIX: This product may be tank mixed with other insecticides, acaricides, fungicides, adjuvants, and wetting agents. This application should conform to accepted use precautions and directions for both products. Tank mix applications must be made in accordance with the more restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label application rates may be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product with label prohibitions against such mixing.

Prior to tank mixing, a compatibility test should be conducted using the proper proportions of products and water to ensure the physical compatibility of the mixture.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Plant safety is an important consideration when using insecticides in a greenhouse. However, it is not possible to evaluate the phytotoxicity of PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} on numerous plant varieties that may react differently to insecticides in different growth stages or under varying environmental conditions. Before making widespread applications of PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} or tank mix combinations, treat a limited number of plants and observe for phytotoxicity over a 10-day period.

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION):

Apply this product only through sprinkler (including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for the operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure valve, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must be a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of insecticide application. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of more dilute suspension per unit of time.

GROWING CROPS (OUTDOORS AND IN GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES):

Apply 4.5 to 17 fluid ounces per acre (333 ml to 1,242 ml/Ha) by ground equipment in sufficient water for thorough coverage. This product may be applied by air at the rate of 4.5 to 17 fluid ounces per acre (333 ml to 1,242 ml/Ha) in a minimum of 20 gallons (75.6L) of water. Mix only enough for immediate use. Spraying should begin when insects first appear. Do not wait until plants are heavily infested. Repeat as needed but not more than once daily.

PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} may be used on most crops because its active ingredient is exempt from tolerances when applied to growing crops. The crop-grouping scheme used on this label was devised by the Environmental Protection Agency to expedite minor use pesticide registration. Each crop grouping on this label contains the phrase "including, but not limited to," and then lists a number of crops in each group. This wording allows the use of PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} on crops that may not be specifically listed on this label (providing that the group to which the crop belongs is listed).

Maximum application rates:

Field and Orchard—0.05 lbs ai/ acre or 17 fl. oz. of PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} per acre. 0.0012 lb ai / 1,000 sq. ft.

Greenhouse space sprays -0.0014 lbs. ai/acre

ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: Including: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Purple Arrowroot, Japanese Artichoke, Jerusalem Artichoke, Garden Beets, Sugar Beets, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrots, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify, Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam (true), Yam Bean.

LEAVES OF ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: Including: Garden Beet, Sugar Beet, Edible Burdock, Carrot, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chervil (Turnip Rooted), Chicory, Dasheen (Taro), Parsnip, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Black Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turnip, Yam (true).

BULB VEGETABLES: Including: Garlic, Great-headed Garlic, Leek, Onion (bulb and green) Welch, Shallot.

LEAFY VEGETABLES: Including: Amaranth (Leafy Amaranth, Chinese Spinach, Tampala), Arugula, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Corn Salad, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved), Chrysanthemum (garland), Cress (garden, water), Upland Cress (yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennel

(Florence), Lettuce (head and leafy), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden & winter), Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Fine Spinach (Melabar, Ceylon), Spinach (New Zealand), Swiss Chard.

BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES: Including: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Broccoli raab (Rapini), Brussel Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavallo broccoli, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens.

LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED): Including : Adzuki Beans, Field Beans, Kidney Beans, Lima Beans, Moth Beans, Mung Beans, Navy Beans, Pinto Beans, Rice Beans, Runner Beans, Snap Beans, Tepary Beans, Urd Beans, Wax Beans, Asparagus Beans, Black-eyed Peas, Catjang, Chinese Longbeans, Cowpeas, Crowder Peas, Southern Peas, Yard-longbeans, Broad Beans, (Fava Beans), Chick Peas (Garbanzo Beans), Guar, Jackbean (Sword Bean), Lablab Bean (Hyacinth Bean), Lentils, Peas (Garden Peas, Field Peas, Sugar Snap Peas, English Pea, Snow Pea), Pigeon Peas, Soybeans, Sweet Lupin Beans, White Lupin Beans, White Sweet Lupin, Sword Bean.

FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES: Including: Plant part of any legume vegetable included in the legume vegetable group that will be used as animal feed including any variety of Beans, Field Peas, Soybeans.

FRUITING VEGETABLES: Including: Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Okra, Pepinos, Pepper (Bell Pepper, Chili Peppers, Cooking Peppers, Pimentos, Sweet Peppers), Tomatillo, Tomatoes.

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES: Including: Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear (Bitter Melon), Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Chinese Cucumber, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible Gourds, Melons (including hybrids, Cantaloupe, Casaba, Golden Perhsaw Melon, Crenshaw, Honeydew Melons, Honey Balls, Mango Melon, Muskmelon, Persian Melon, Pineapple Melon, Santa Claus Melon, Snake Melon), Pumpkin, Squash (summer & winter), Watermelon (including hybrids).

CITRUS FRUITS: Including: Calamondin, Citrus Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (sweet & sour), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, (Citrus spp. Includes Chironja, Tangelos, Tangors).

POME FRUITS: Including : Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, Quince.

STONE FRUITS: Including: Apricot, Cherry (sweet & sour), Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Prune, Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, Japanese Plum, Plumcot.

SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES: Including: Blackberry, Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Grape, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Olallie Berry, Raspberry (black & red), Strawberry, Youngberry.

TREE NUTS: Including: Almond, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazel nut), Hickory nut, Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut), Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut, Black and English (Persian).

ORIENTAL VEGETABLES: Including: Acerola, Ateemoya, Balsam pear (bitter melon), Carambola, Japanese Artichoke, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy, Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Chinese Longbeans, Mung Beans, Citron Melon, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Chinese Spinach, Chinese Waxgourd, Cilantro, Citron Melon, Rambutan, Water Chestnut.

SUBTROPICAL FRUITS: Including: Avocado, Banana, Carob, Barbados Cherry, Cherimoya, Dates, Durian (Jackfruit), Feijoa, Figs, Guava, Kiwifruit, Lychee, Mando, Papaya, Passion Fruit, Persimmon, Pineapple, Pomegranate.

CEREAL GRAINS: Including: Barley, Buckwheat, Corn (sweet and field), Millet, Proso, Oats, Pearl Millet, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Sorghum (Milo), Teosine, Triticale, Wheat, Wild Rice.

FORAGE, FODDER AND STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS: Including: Barley, Buckwheat, Corn (sweet and field), Millet, Proso, Oats, Pearl, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Sorghum (milo), Teosine, Triticale, Wheat, Wild rice.

GRASSES FOR SEED, FORAGE, FODDER AND HAY: Including : any grass (Gramineal family, green or cured, except sugarcane and those listed in the cereal grains group) Pasture and Range Grasses, Grasses grown for hay and silage, Bermuda Grass, Bluegrass, Bromegrass, Fescue, Oat hay, Orchard Grass, Forage Sorghum, Sudangrass, Timothy.

NON-GRASS ANIMAL FEEDS: Including: Alfalfa, Velvet Bean, Clover, Kudzue, Lespedeza, Lupine, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Crown Vetch, Milk Vetch.

HERBS AND SPICES: Including: Allspice, Angelica, Anise (anise seed), Anise [star], Annatto (seed), Balm (lemon balm), Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Caraway [black], Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chicory, Chive, Chive [Chinese], Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander (cilantro or Chinese parsley) (leaf), Coriander (cilantro) (seed), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Fennel (common), Fennel [Florence] (seed), Fenugreek, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf), Lovage (seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (includes sweet or annual marjoram, wild marjoram or oregano, and pot marjoram), Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Oregano, Mint, Paprika, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper [black], Pepper [white], Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory [summer and winter], Sweet bay (bay leaf), Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

ADDITIONAL CROPS: Including: Artichoke, Asparagus, Avocado, Coffee, Cotton, Hops, Jojoba, Mushroom, Okra, Olives, Peanuts, Pineapple, Rice, Safflowers, Sesame, Sugar Cane, Sunflower, Tea.

TO KILL ANTS(EXCLUDING FIRE AND PHARAOH ANTS) ON ORCHARD FLOORS and Vineyard Floors: Apply as a broadcast spray to the entire orchard or vineyard floor using ground spray equipment at 5 to 17 fluid ounces per acre (367 ml to 1,1242 ml/Ha) in 25 or more gallons (95 L or more) of water. For best results use the high rate for heavy infestations and the lower rate for light infestations.

Do not apply where weed growth or other obstructions would impede uniform coverage of the orchard or vineyard floor. Mow or chemically control weeds before the application. Foliar applications of PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} may be made in addition to the orchard floor treatment.

USE ON GREENHOUSE FRUIT, VEGETABLE, FLOWER AND FOLIAGE PLANTS: Combine 16 to 32 fluid ounces with 100 gallons (1.25 ml to 2.50 ml/L) of water for applications with conventional sprayers or 7 to 15 ml (1/4 – 1/2 of a fluid ounce) per gallon (2 ml to 4 ml/L) of water for applications with handheld or backpack sprayers. Apply the diluted product at the rate of 3 gallons/ 1,000 sq ft.

Do not exceed Maximum application rate of .0036 lbs ai./1,000 sq.ft. or 1.18 fl. oz. of PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} / 1,000 sq. ft.

Do not apply more than 1 time per day.

FOR USE IN VEGETABLE AND TRUCK GARDENS: For commercial production of listed crops to kill listed insects dilute 1/4 to 1/2 oz. of PyGanic Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} per gallon of water (2 ml/ Liter of water to 4 ml/L of water). Apply diluted solution with all types of agricultural sprayers, including compressed air sprayers or pump driven sprayers.

FOR USE ON PRODUCTION OF:

Beefalo	Elk	Livestock	Pullets
Birds	Emus	Llamas	Quail
Buffalo	Exotics	Mules	Ratites
Calves	Geese	Ostrich	Roosters
Cattle – beef and milking	Goats	Oxen	Sheep
Chickens	Hogs	Pheasants	Swine
Donkeys	Horses	Ponies	Turkeys
Ducks	Lambs	Poultry	

FOR USE AS LIVESTOCK SPRAY:

Pest	Application Rates	Remarks
To kill horn flies,	Dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per gallon of	Repeat treatment at intervals of 5 to

house flies, mosquitoes and gnats	water (12 to 24 ml/Liter of water) and apply to wet the hair thoroughly with particular attention to topline, underline, flanks, withers and other infested areas.	12 days for small insect populations or as needed when flies are emerging in large numbers. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill stable flies, horse flies, and deer flies	Dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon of water (20 to 32 ml/L of water) and apply a quart per adult animal to wet the hair thoroughly with particular attention to the legs, flanks, barrel, topline and other body areas commonly attacked by these flies.	Repeat treatment each week as needed. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill face flies	Dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon of water (20 ml/L of water) and apply using spray which produces large wetting droplets. Apply to the face of the animal in the morning before releasing to pasture. Apply sufficiently to wet the face but not more than 1.5 fluid ounces (44 ml) of diluted solution per animal.	Repeat daily as needed. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill of biting and sucking lice on cattle, horses, sheep, goats and hogs	Dilute at the rate of 1 quart with 60 gallons of water [1.5 fluid ounces with 2 gallons (6 ml/L of water)] and spray to thoroughly wet the hair of the animal including the head and brush of the tail.	Repeat treatment in 10 days to kill newly hatched lice. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill sheep "tick" or ked	Dilute at the rate of 1.5 to 3 fluid ounces per 4 gallons of water (3 to 6 ml/L of water) and thoroughly wet all portions of the body by dipping or by spraying with sufficient pressure and with a nozzle adjustment to give penetration of the wool.	Treat at a rate sufficient to wet the animal. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill fleas and ticks on livestock and to obtain protection against reinfestation	Dilute at the rate of 9 fluid ounces per gallon (71ml/L) of water and wet the animal by dipping or spraying. This product may also be used for livestock quarters.	Do not spray pets. For best results against fleas and ticks animal quarters and bedding should be treated. Remove and destroy old bedding. To reduce infestation, thoroughly spray the animal's bedding and sleeping quarters. Put fresh bedding in quarters after spray has dried. Also treat dogs and cats [pets] with a registered flea and tick control product before allowing them to reenter treated area. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.

FOR USE AS POULTRY SPRAY:

To kill poultry lice	Using a dilution of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces of concentrate per gallon of water (20 to 32 ml/L of water) spray roosts, walls and nests or cages thoroughly.	It is not necessary to remove poultry from the housing unit during treatment. This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill mites on poultry and in poultry houses	Dilute at the rate of 2.5 to 4 fluid ounces per gallon (20 to 32 ml/L of water) of water and spray crevices of roost poles, cracks in walls and cracks in nests where the bedbugs and mites hide.	This should be followed by spraying over the birds with a fine mist. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
To kill adult darkling beetle (lesser meal worm)	Dilute 2 to 5 teaspoons (10 – 25 ml) of PyGanic® Livestock and Poultry Insecticide 5.0 _{II} per gallon of water. Using a power or proportioner-type sprayer, apply a uniform spray until wet at pressures of 80 to 100 pounds per square inch to surfaces such as interior walls,	For maximum effectiveness, treatments should coincide with poultry house clean out and litter replacement as this activity will tend to flush beetles to vertical surfaces where they will be

	roosting posts, structural support pillars, and other surfaces where adult beetles are observed. One gallon of spray mixture covers 250 – 500 sq ft (23 m ² – 46 m ²) .	exposed to the spray. Indoor control can be enhanced by making perimeter treatments around the outside of buildings. To prevent immigrating adult beetles, apply a uniform band of spray 2 feet (0.6 m) up and 1-4 feet (0.3 – 1.2 m) out from the foundation. Do not contaminate food/feed or water. Do not apply more than 1 time per day.
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FOR USE ON PRODUCTION ANIMALS IN BARNs, DAIRIES, MILKING PARLORS, MILKING ROOMS AND POULTRY HOUSES :

Product must be formulated to deliver no more than this maximum rate when used according to directions:

Surface application 0.0056 lbs ai/1000 sq. ft. or 18 fl oz. of PyGanic Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} /1000 sq. ft.

Crack/crevice or spot surface –0.056 lbs ai./ 1,000 sq. ft. or 18 fl oz. of PyGanic Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} / 100 sq. ft.

Space sprays when non-domestic animals are absent-0.0033lbs ai. /1,000 cubic feet of space or 1 fl. oz. or 1 fl. oz. of PyGanic Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} / 1,000 cubic feet of space

Space sprays when non-domestic animals are present 0.0008 lb ai/ 1000 cubic feet of space or 0.26 fl. oz of PyGanic Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} / 1,000 cubic feet of space

To kill the following flying insects : Fruit Flies, Gnats and Small Flying Moths, dilute at the rate of 2.5 fluid ounces per gallon (19.82 ml/L) of water. Apply as a fog or fine mist (at approximately 2 fluid ounces per 1000 cubic feet of space (2.08 ml/m³), directing the nozzle for maximum coverage and above livestock and poultry toward the ceiling and upper corners of the area being treated. For best results, close doors and windows before spraying, and keep them closed for 10 to 15 minutes. Applicator should vacate the treated area and ventilate it prior to returning. Sweep up and destroy fallen insects.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN COMMERCIAL ANIMAL PREMISE AUTOMATIC MISTING SYSTEMS.:

When using this product, installers and service technicians must comply with the license certification, or registration requirements of the state(s), tribe(s) or local authority(ies) where they are installed.

Do not apply when food, feed, and or water is present.

When applying via a remote activation device, do not apply when people and pets are present. If possible, when applying via automatic timer, set the timing for application when people and pets are unlikely to be present.

Direct nozzles to spray towards the target area and away from areas where people are typically present. Do not use in an evaporative cooling system. Do not use in misters located within 3 feet of air vents, air conditioner units or windows.

If used in a system with a reservoir tank for the end use dilution, the system reservoir tank must be locked. Securely attach the end use pesticide label and a dilution statement to the system reservoir tank in a weather protected area or plastic sleeve. The dilution statement must be phrased as follows: this container holds ___ parts PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} to ___ parts water.

This product must only be used in systems that have been calibrated to apply no more than the maximum application rate of .0008 lbs. a.i. / 1,000 cubic feet space sprays when non-domestic animals are present.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals. . .

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

[For containers with capacities equal to or less than 5 Gallons (18.9 L)]:

Triple Rinse as follows Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Pressure rinse as follows [for containers greater than 5 Gallons (18.9L) too large to shake]: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Manufactured by



8810 Tenth Avenue North
Minneapolis, MN 55427

EPA Reg. No. 1021-1772

EPA Est. No. 1021-MN-2

Net Contents: _____



PyGanic® Crop Protection EC 5.0_{II} Master Label

[Alternate Brand Name: PyGanic Gardening EC 5.0_{II}]

Sub-Label B: For Organic Gardening
For Residential Use

EPA REG. No. 1021-1772
EPA EST No. 1021-MN-2

PyGanic® Gardening 5.0 II



FOR ORGANIC GARDENING



[FOR USE ON NON-FOOD ORNAMENTALS
(TREES, SHRUBS, AND BEDDING PLANTS)]
[FOR USE IN RESIDENTIAL GARDENS]
[For use in Organic Gardening]

[Flushing Action]
[Quick Knockdown]
[Effective]
[Fast acting]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Pyrethrins, a botanical insecticide	5.00%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	95.00%
	100.00%

MGK and PYGANIC® are registered trademarks of McLaughlin Gormley King Company. All other marks are property of their respective holders.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. ▪ Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. ▪ Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. ▪ Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. ▪ Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. ▪ Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Take off contaminated clothing. ▪ Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. ▪ Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-888-740-8712 for emergency medical treatment information.</p>	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using toilet. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. This product may contaminate water through runoff. This product has a potential for runoff for several weeks after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash-waters or rinsate

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not make applications during rain. Do not allow adults, children or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried. Do not wet plants to point of runoff

TO KILL THE FOLLOWING INSECTS:

- | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 12-spotted Cucumber Beetles | Crickets | Harlequin Bugs | Red Flour Beetles |
| Angoumois Grain Moths | Cross-striped Cabbageworms | Heliothis spp. | Rice Weevils |
| Ants (excluding fire and Pharaoh ants) | Cucumber Beetles | Hornworms | Saltmarsh caterpillars |
| Aphids | Dark Mealworms | House Flies | Saw Toothed Grain Beetles |
| Apple Maggots | Darkling Beetles (lesser meal worm) | Imported Cabbageworms | Scales |
| Armored Scales | Diamondback Larvae and Moths | Indian Meal Moths | Sharpshooters |
| Armyworms | Dried Fruit Beetles | Japanese Beetles | Shore flies |
| Artichoke Plume Moths | Drugstore Beetles | Katydids | Shot hole borers |
| Asparagus Beetles | Earwigs | Lace Bugs | Silverfish |
| Bagworms | Eastern Tent Caterpillars | Leaf-footed plant bugs | Skippers |
| Bean Beetles | Elm Leaf Beetles | Leafhoppers | Small Flying Moths |
| Beet Armyworms | Eriophyd Mites | Leafminers | Soft Scales |
| Beetles | European Pine Tip Moths | Leafrollers | Southern chinch bugs |
| Bermudagrass Mirids | Fire worms | Leaftiers | Sow bugs |
| Billbugs | Flea Beetles | Loopers | Spider Beetles |
| Blister Beetles | Forest Tent Caterpillars | Lygus | Springtails |
| Blow Flies | Fruit Flies | Maggots | Squash bugs |
| Boll Weevils | Fruit tree Leaf rollers | Mealy Bugs | Stable Flies |
| Boxelder Bugs | Fruitworms | Mediterranean Flour Moths | Stink Bugs |
| Branch and Twig Borers | Fungus Gnats | Mexican Bean Beetles | Tarnished Plant Bugs |
| Cabbage Loopers | Garden Symphytan | Midges | Thrips |
| Cabbage Maggots | Glassy Winged Sharpshooters | Millipedes | Tobacco Moths |
| Cadellles | Gnats | Mites | Tomato budworms |
| Cankerworms | Grain Mites | Mole crickets | Tomato bugs |
| Carrot Weevils | Grape Leaf Skeletonizers | Moths | Tomato Fruit worms |
| Caterpillars | Grape Leafhoppers | Mushroom Flies | Tomato Hornworms |
| Chalcids | Grape Mealy bugs | Navel Orangeworms | Tomato pinworms |
| Cheese Skippers | Grasshoppers | Olive Fruit Flies | Tomato Russet Mite |
| Cherry Fruit Flies | Green bugs | Onion Maggots | Tussock moths |
| Cigarette Beetles | Green Fruit Worms | Orange Tortrix | Vine mealy bugs |
| Clover Mites | Green Peach Aphids | Pacific flatheaded borers | Vinegar Flies |
| Clover Weevils | Greenhouse Thrips | Pear Psyllids | Webworms |
| Cockroaches | Gypsy Moths (adults & larvae) | Pepper Weevils | Weevils |
| Codling Moths | | Pink bollworms | Western Yellow-striped armyworms |
| Colorado Potato Beetles | | Potato Leafhoppers | Whiteflies |
| Confused Flour Beetles | | Potato Tuberworms | Yellow Mealworms |
| Corn Earworms | | Proba bugs | |
| Crane Flies | | Psyllids | |

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply directly to or near water, storm drains, or drainage ditches.
- Do not apply when windy.
- To prevent product run-off do not over water the treated area(s) or apply when heavy rain is expected. Rinse applicator over lawn or garden area only.
- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift.
- Do not make applications during the rain.
- Do not wet plants to the point of runoff
- Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems.
- Do not allow adults, children, or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.
- To avoid possible harm to honey bees, it is advisable to apply in the early morning or late evening hours.

- Not for indoor use.

Pyrethrins degrade rapidly in sunlight. To ensure the best performance, coverage is key. Use spray equipment that will provide the best coverage and direct contact with as many insects as possible.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Plant safety is an important consideration when using insecticides. However, it is not possible to evaluate the phytotoxicity of PyGanic® Gardening EC 5.0_{II} on numerous plant varieties that may react differently to insecticides in different growth stages or under varying environmental conditions. Before making widespread applications of PyGanic® Gardening EC 5.0_{II} or tank mix combinations, treat a limited number of plants and observe for phytotoxicity over a 10-day period.

HOME GARDEN APPLICATIONS:

Maximum application rates:

Garden and Orchard—0.05 lbs ai/acre or 0.0012 lbs. ai / 1,000 sq ft.

Do not apply more than 10 times per season

Do not reapply within 3 days except under extreme pest pressure.

In case of extreme pest pressure do not reapply within 24 hours.

Dilute ¼ to ½ fluid ounces of PyGanic® Gardening EC 5.0_{II} per gallon of water (2 to 4 ml/ Lof water). For larger gardens, apply 4.5 to 17 fluid ounces of PyGanic® Gardening EC 5.0_{II} per acre (33 ml to 1,331 ml/Ha) or by ground equipment in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Mix only enough for immediate use. Apply diluted solution with a sprayer including compressed air sprayers or pump driven sprayers. Spraying should begin when insects first appear. Do not wait until plants are heavily infested. Repeat as needed but not more than once daily.

ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: Including: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Purple Arrowroot, Japanese Artichoke, Jerusalem Artichoke, Garden Beets, Sugar Beets, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrots, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify, Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam (true), Yam Bean.

LEAVES OF ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: Including: Garden Beet, Sugar Beet, Edible Burdock, Carrot, Cassava (bitter or sweet), Celeriac (celery root), Chervil (Turnip Rooted), Chicory, Dasheen (Taro), Parsnip, Radish, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Black Salsify, Sweet Potato, Tanier, Turnip, Yam (true).

BULB VEGETABLES: Including: Garlic, Great-headed Garlic, Leek, Onion (bulb and green) Welch, Shallot.

LEAFY VEGETABLES: Including: Amaranth (Leafy Amaranth, Chinese Spinach, Tampala), Arugula, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Corn Salad, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved), Chrysanthemum (garland), Cress (garden, water), Upland Cress (yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennel (Florence), Lettuce (head and leafy), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden & winter), Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Fine Spinach (Melabar, Ceylon), Spinach (New Zealand), Swiss Chard.

BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES: Including: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Broccoli raab (Rapini), Brussel Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy), Chinese Cabbage (Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Cauliflower, Cavallo broccoli, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens.

LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED): Including : Adzuki Beans, Field Beans, Kidney Beans, Lima Beans, Moth Beans, Mung Beans, Navy Beans, Pinto Beans, Rice Beans, Runner Beans, Snap Beans, Tepary Beans, Urd Beans, Wax Beans, Asparagus Beans, Black-eyed Peas, Catjang, Chinese Longbeans, Cowpeas, Crowder Peas, Southern Peas, Yard-longbeans, Broad Beans, (Fava Beans), Chick Peas (Garbanzo Beans), Guar, Jackbean (Sword Bean), Lablab Bean (Hyacinth Bean), Lentils, Peas (Garden Peas, Field Peas, Sugar Snap Peas, English Pea, Snow Pea), Pigeon Peas, Soybeans, Sweet Lupin Beans, White Lupin Beans, White Sweet Lupin, Sword Bean.

FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES: Including: Plant part of any legume vegetable included in the legume vegetable group that will be used as animal feed including any variety of Beans, Field Peas, Soybeans.

FRUITING VEGETABLES: Including: Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Okra, Pepinos, Pepper (Bell Pepper, Chili Peppers, Cooking Peppers, Pimentos, Sweet Peppers), Tomatillo, Tomatoes.

CUCURBIT VEGETABLES: Including: Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear (Bitter Melon), Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Chinese Cucumber, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible Gourds, Melons (including hybrids, Cantaloupe, Casaba, Golden Pershaw Melon, Crenshaw, Honeydew Melons, Honey Balls, Mango Melon, Muskmelon, Persian Melon, Pineapple Melon, Santa Claus Melon, Snake Melon), Pumpkin, Squash (summer & winter), Watermelon (including hybrids).

CITRUS FRUITS: Including: Calamondin, Citrus Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (sweet & sour), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, (Citrus spp. Includes Chironja, Tangelos, Tangors).

POME FRUITS: Including : Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, Quince.

STONE FRUITS: Including: Apricot, Cherry (sweet & sour), Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Prune, Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, Japanese Plum, Plumcot.

SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES: Including: Blackberry, Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Grape, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Olallie Berry, Raspberry (black & red), Strawberry, Youngberry.

TREE NUTS: Including: Almond, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazel nut), Hickory nut, Macadamia Nut (Bush Nut), Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut, Black and English (Persian).

ORIENTAL VEGETABLES: Including: Acerola, Ateemoya, Balsam pear (bitter melon), Carambola, Japanese Artichoke, Chinese Broccoli (Gai Lan), Chinese Cabbage (Bok Choy, Napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (Gai Choy), Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Chinese Longbeans, Mung Beans, Citron Melon, Japanese Radish (Daikon), Chinese Spinach, Chinese Waxgourd, Cilantro, Citron Melon, Rambutan, Water Chestnut.

SUBTROPICAL FRUITS: Including: Avocado, Banana, Carob, Barbados Cherry, Cherimoya, Dates, Durian (Jackfruit), Feijoa, Figs, Guava, Kiwifruit, Lychee, Mando, Papaya, Passion Fruit, Persimmon, Pineapple, Pomegranate.

HERBS AND SPICES: Including: Allspice, Angelica, Anise (anise seed), Anise [star], Annatto (seed), Balm (lemon balm), Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Caraway [black], Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chicory, Chive, Chive [Chinese], Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander (cilantro or Chinese parsley) (leaf), Coriander (cilantro) (seed), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Fennel (common), Fennel [Florence] (seed), Fenugreek, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf), Lovage (seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (includes sweet or annual marjoram, wild marjoram or oregano, and pot marjoram), Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Oregano, Mint, Paprika, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper [black], Pepper [white], Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory [summer and winter], Sweet bay (bay leaf), Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

ADDITIONAL PLANTS: Including: Artichoke, Asparagus, Avocado, Coffee, Cotton, Hops, Jojoba, Mushroom, Okra, Olives, Peanuts, Pineapple, Rice, Safflowers, Sesame, Sugar Cane, Sunflower, Tea.

FOR USE ON ORNAMENTAL PLANTS GROWN IN GARDENS: Including: African Violet, Ageratum, Aster, Azalea, Begonia, Calceolaria, Calendula, Calla, Camellia, Carnation, Ceanothus, Cineraria, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Cyclamen, Cypress, Daffodil, Dahlia, Delphinium, Dogwood, Elm, Eucalyptus, Fern, Ficus, Foliage Plants, Fuchsia, Gardenia, Geranium, Gladiolus, Gloxinia, Gypsophila, Holly, Hyacinth, Hydrangea, Iris, Lily, Maidenhair Fern, Marigold, Narcissus, Palm, Pansy, Peony, Pelargonium, Petunia, Philodendron, Phlox, Pine, Pyracantha, Rhododendron, Roses, Rubber Plant, Snapdragon, Sweet Pea, Tulips, Viburnum, Wandering Jew, Yew, Zinnia and Andromeda, Arborvitae, Ash, Beech, Birch, Boxwood, Cotoneaster, Crabapple, Euonymus, Fir, Firethorn, Forsythia, Hawthorn, Hemlock, Hickory, Honey Locust, Horse Chestnut, Juniper, Larch, Laurel, Lilac, Linden, Mimosa, Myrtle, Oak, Pine, Privet, Tulip Tree, Viburnum, Willow.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep this product in its tightly closed original container, when not in use. Store in a cool, dry (preferably locked) area that is inaccessible to children and animals.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:
Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.
If empty: Offer for recycling, if available.
If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.
(Place on containers for Residential Use)

Manufactured by



8810 Tenth Avenue North
Minneapolis, MN 55427

EPA Reg. No. 1021-1772

EPA Est. No. 1021-MN-2

Net Contents: _____