1001-82

05/18/2009

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



MAY 1 8 2009

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Cleary Chemical LLC c/o Frank Sobotka, Ph.D IPM Resources LLC 660 Newtown-Yardley Rd., Suite 105 Newtown, PA 18940

Dear Dr. Sobotka,

Subject:

Amendment to revise errors in rates to match parent product Bounty Turf and Ornamental Insecticide EPA Registration No. 1001-82 Your email submission dated: April 23, 2009

The labeling referred to above submitted in connection with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended is acceptable with the following comment:

• On page 14, in the Storage and Disposal section, revise the subheading "Storage" to read: "Pesticide Storage."

Submit one copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions regarding this label, please contact Autumn Metzger at (703) 305-5314 or metzger.autumn@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Imma Eagle

Venus Eagle V Product Manager 01 Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

ACCEPTED With COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:

MAY 1 8 2009 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, As amended, for the pesticide Registered under EPA Reg. No:

BOUNTY

1061-82

Turf and Ornamental Insecticide

For Foliar and systemic insect control in turf grass (including sod farms), landscape ornamentals, listed fruit and nut trees, interior plantscapes, nursery and greenhouse grown ornamental and vegetable plants.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Imidacloprid, 1-[(6-Chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]-N-nitro-2 imidazolidinimine	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
Total:	
Contains 2 pounds of imidacloprid per gallon. SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING	

EPA Reg. No.: 1001-82

EPA Est. No.: 069821-CHN-005

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID

(neonicotinoid)

IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES:	 hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advise.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

In case of emergency call toll free the Emergency Response Telephone No.: To be Added. Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Note To Physician (neonicotinoid): No specific antidote is available. Treat the patient symptomatically.

Manufactured for: Cleary Chemical LLC. 178 Ridge Road, Suite A Dayton, NJ 08810 1-800-524-1662

> Net Contents: (fl.oz./gal./qt./pt.)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Applicators and Other Handlers Must Wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as, barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinylchloride (PVC) or viton.
- Shoes plus socks.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Important: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "Applicators and Other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS:

User should:

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is pre-sent or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on the foliage of blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

This chemical demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

- **Exception:** If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.
- PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralls

- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinylchloride (PVC) or viton
- Shoes plus socks

Application to Ornamentals and Vegetable Plants (Including: nurseries, greenhouses and interior plantscapes)

Application Information

BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE is for insect control on ornamental and vegetable plants in nurseries, greenhouses and interior plantscapes. BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE is a systemic product and will be translocated upward within the plant. The addition of a nitrogen fertilizer, where applicable, into the solution may enhance the uptake of the active ingredient. Application can be made by foliar application or soil applications; including soil injection, drenches, chemigation and broadcast sprays. When making foliar applications on hard to wet foliage such as holly, pine, or ivy, the addition of a spreader/sticker is recommended. If concentrate or mist type spray equipment is used, an equivalent amount of product must be used on the area sprayed, as would be used in a dilute application.

Resistance: Some insects are known to develop resistance to insecticides after repeated use. As with any insecticide, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your Cooperative Extension Service for resistance management strategies and recommended pest management practices for your area. For resistance management purposes, a foliar application of any chloronicotinyl insecticide following a BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE soil application in the same crop is not recommended.

Incorporation: Incorporation of BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE can be achieved by cultivation, irrigation, rainfall, mechanical placement, soil injection, drenching, and broadcast sprays.

Woody Perennials: Onset of protection is slower than in herbaceous species. A delay of 2 or more weeks should be expected. Longer delays may be expected with larger plants. Therefore, make application well in advance of expected insect activity.

Bark Media: Media with 30 to 50% or more bark content may confer a shorter period of protection when treated with BOUNTY.

Tank Mixes: BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE has been found to be compatible with commonly used liquid fertilizers, fungicides and insecticides. Check physical compatibility using the correct proportion of products in a small jar test if local experience is unavailable.

Application Through Irrigation Systems

BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE may be applied at rates specified on this label either alone or in tank mixture. with other pesticides and chemicals registered for application through irrigation systems. The normal dilution ratio is 1:10 to 1:200, depending on the system. Always meter the product into the irrigation water during the first part of the irrigation cycle. The product may be mixed separately prior to injection. Agitation may be necessary if the mixture is allowed to stand more than 24 hours.

Remove scale, pesticide residue and other foreign matter from the tank and entire irrigation system.

Apply BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE only through microirrigation (individual spaghetti tube), drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, ebb and flood, or hand-held or motorized calibrated irrigation equipment.

Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have any questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

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Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or a person who is under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

SAFETY DEVICES FOR IRRIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIES:

If the source of water for your irrigation system is a public water supply, follow the instructions below.

- 1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- 2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water sup-ply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or over-flow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system inter-lock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SAFETY DEVICES FOR IRRIGATION SYSTEMS NOT CONNECTED TO A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY:

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system inter-lock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where the pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

DRENCH AND IRRIGATION APPLICATIONS For use only on ornamental and vegetable plants in greenhouses, nurseries and interior plantscapes using soil drenches, micro-irrigation, drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, ebb and flood irrigation, or hand-held or motorized calibrated irrigation equipment.

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Pest	Use Pa		D BOUNT	osage Y TURF AND AL INSECTICIDE	Remarks
Adelgids Aphids Armored scale (suppression) Fungus gnats' (larvae only) Japanese Beetle (adults) Lacebugs Leaf beetles (including elm and viburnum leaf beetles) Leaf hoppers	Plants in containers	Herbaceous Species - including Vegetable Plants ⁵ (one or two plants per pot)	Container Size (inches) 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	No. pots treated with 1.7 fl oz (50 ml) 3000 2000 1500 1200 1000 850 750 675 600 550 500	Evenly distribute one 1.7 fl oz (50 ml) of BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE in the stated number of pots, using sufficient water volume to wet potting medium without loss of liquid through leaching. Apply according to label directions. Follow application with moderate irrigation. Irrigate carefully during the next 10 days in order to avoid loss of active ingredient due to leaching.
(including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Leafminers Mealybugs Psyllids Root mealybugs ² Root Weevil Complex (Such as Black Vine Weevil, ApopkaWeevil, Citrus Root Weevil ³) Soft Scale Thrips (suppression) ⁴ White Grub larvae		Woody Perennial Species Herbaceous Species - including Vegetable Plants ⁵	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 Use the above Woody Species rates	2000 1350 1000 800 650 550 500 450 400 350 300	
(such as Japanese Beetle, Masked Chafers, European Chafer,		(three or more plants per pot)			
Oriental Beetle, Asiatic Garden Beetle) Whiteflies	Omamental and Plants ⁵ grown i benches, or bed	n flats	1.7 fl oz (50 ml) per 3	000 sq ft	Mix required amount in sufficient water to uniformly and accurately cover the area being treated. Do not use less than 2 gallons of mixture per 1000 sq. ft. Apply as a broadcast treatment and incorporate into the medium before planting or apply after plants are established. If application is made to established plants, optimum control will be attained if areas are lightly irrigated after application. Allow no leaching or run out for 10 days after application.
	Containerized Plants		Container Size 1 gallon 2 gallon 3 gallon 5 gallon 7 gallon 10 gallon 15 gallon 20 gallon	No. Pots Treated with 1.7 fl oz (50 ml) 340 to 244 280 to 210 220 to 165 160 to 110 100 to 75 60 to 45 40 to 30 20 to 15	Apply in sufficient water to wet the potting medium. For optimum control, make applications prior to egg hatch of the target pest. Irrigate moderately after application to move the active ingredient into the root zone.

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/hite Grub Iarvae (such as Japanese Beetle, Masked Chafers, European Chafer, Oriental Beetle, Asiatic Garden Beetle)	Field and Forest Nurseries	Apply as a uniform band on either side of row using a band six (6) inches wider than the actual root ball diameter to be dug. Do not allow bands in adjacent rows to overlap. Use 1.7 fl oz (50 ml) per 1000 ft. of row or 3000 sq. ft. For grub control in areas of turf, apply as a broadcast application using 1.35 to 1.7 fl oz (40 to 50 ml) per 3000 sq. ft.	Vegetation in the area to be treated should be mowed to a height of 3 inches or less prior to application. Mowing to the lowest possible height will insure greater consistency of control. Apply May through July. For optimum control, treatment should be followed by rainfall or irrigation. Do not use less than 2 gallons of spray volume per 1000 square feet.
	APPLICATIONS FOR NURSE	ERY, GREENHOUSE AND INTERIOR	SCAPE PLANTS
Adelgids Aphids Armored scales (suppression) Black vine weevil larvae Eucalyptus longhorna Flatheaded borers (e ashborer, but inclu alder borers)	Lacebug Leaf bee and vib Leafhop glassy- glassy- Leafmine	is etles (including elm purnum leaf beetles) pers (including winged sharpshooter) ers	Pine Tip moth larvae Psyllids Royal palm bugs Sawfly larvae Soft scales Thrips (suppression) White grub larvae Whiteflies
		· · · ·	
Trees	0.1 to 0.2 fl oz (3 to 6 m of cumulative trunk diar		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
extending in from that out from the base. Mix use sufficient solution days. Do not use less than 4 No Soil Injection Appl Soil Drench: Uniformly directed to the root zor	line. BASAL SYSTEM: Space inj required dosage in sufficient wa for distribution of the liquid into holes per tree. ication Allowed in Nassau or Su <i>q</i> apply the dosage in no less that e. Remove plastic or any other b ed Borers: Application to trees al	ection holes evenly around the base of t ter to inject an equal amount of solution the treatment zone. For optimum contro iffolk Counties of New York.	the tree) beneath the drip line of the tree he tree trunk no more than 6 to 12 inches in each hole. Maintain a low pressure and bl, keep the treated area moist for 7 to 10 et as a drench around the base of the tree, the root zone. He eventual loss of the trees due
Shrubs	0.1 to 0.2 fl oz (per foot of shrut		
solution in each hole. treated area moist for No Soil Injection Appl Soil Drench: Uniformi	Maintain a low pressure and use 7 to 10 days. Do not use less thar ication Allowed in Nassau or Su y apply the dosage in no less that	e sufficient solution for distribution of the n 4 holes per shrub. Iffolk Counties of New York.	ficient water to inject an equal amount of liquid into the treatment zone. Keep the et as a drench around the base of the tree, the root zone.
Flowers and Ground Covers	0.45 to 0.6 fl oz (13 per 1000 sq ft		
		e soil before planting or apply after plants ea is irrigated thoroughly after application	s are established. If application is made to
control is achi ingredient up i Root Mealybu amount of lead Citrus Root W Thrips suppres Restriction : Cabbage, Chi	eved by the uptake of BOUNTY T nto the plant. g control will require a thorough d chate. Rate: 1.7 fl oz (50 ml) in eevil: For use on non-bearing citi ssion on foliage only. Thrips in bu For use on vegetable plants inter	Irenching of containerized media. Covera 150 gallons of water. rus nursery stock. uds and flowers will not be suppressed. Ided for resale only including: Broccoli, C rds, Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Kale, Kohi	ngus Gnat control. Other foliar insect from a healthy root system translocating the age is essential for control while minimizing th chinese Broccoli, Broccoli Raab, Brussels Spr irabi, Lettuce, Mustard Greens, Pepinos, Pep

BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE Ebb & Flood Application

BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE may be applied through Ebb and Flood applications. To assure accurate uptake it is recommended that prior to treatment, a minimum of 10 plants be brought up to a known field capacity and allowed to dry out for one or two days. Re-wet these plants to determine how much water on average each plant will absorb to bring it back at field capacity. Use the volume absorbed per plant (keeping pot sizes uniform) multiplied by the number of pots being treated. Add to this volume a required minimum to flood your smallest treatment area. This should minimize the return back to the storage tank. Reuse the returned volume with subsequent irrigation or nutrients on the same plants.

Adelgids	Leafhoppers	Soft Scales
Aphids	(including glassy-winged	Thrips
Armored scales	sharpshooter)	(suppression) ⁴
(suppression)	Leafminers	Whiteflies
Fungus Gnats	Mealybugs	White Grub
(larvae only)1	Psyllids	Larvae:
Japanese Beetles	Root mealybugs ²	(such as
(adults)	Root Weevil	Japanese Beetle,
Lacebugs	Complex:	Masked Chafers,
Leaf beetles	(such as Apopka	European Chafer,
(including elm and viburnum	Weevil, Black	Oriental Beetle,
leaf beetles)	Vine Weevil, Citrus Root Weevil ³)	Asiatic Garden
lear beenes)		Beetle)
	Herbaceous species	Woody perennials,
	including vegetable	Herbaceous species
Pot sizes	plants ⁵ (1 or 2 plants per pot	including vegetable
(inches)	······	plants ⁵ (3 or more plants per pot)
	ML/100 plants	ML/100 plants
2	1.6	2.5
3	2.5	. 3.7
4 ·	3.3	5.0
5	4.2	6.3
6	5.0	. 7.7
7	5.9	9.1
8	6.6	10.0
9	7.4	11.1
10	8.3	12.5
11	9.0	14.3
12	10.0	16.7

achieved by the uptake of BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE from a healthy root system translocating the active ingredient up into the plant. ² Root Mealybug control will require a thorough drenching of containerized media. Coverage is essential for control while minimizing the

amount of leachate. Rate: 1.7 fl oz (50 mL) in 150 gallons of water.

³ Citrus Root Weevil: For use on non-bearing citrus nursery stock.

⁴ Thrips suppression on foliage only. Thrips in buds and flowers will not be suppressed.

⁵ Restriction: For use on vegetable plants intended for resale only including: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli, Broccoli Raab, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage,

Chinese Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Mustard Greens, Pepinos, Peppers, Potatoes, Rape Greens, Sorghum, Sugarbeets, Tomatillo, and Tomato.

RESTRICTIONS

Do not graze treated areas or use clippings from treated areas for feed or forage.

Do not apply to soils that are water-logged or saturated, which will not allow the penetration of the insecticide into the root zone of the plants

Do not allow leachate run out for the first 10 days after application, in order to retain the product and facilitate full plant uptake of the active ingredient.

For outdoor ornamentals grown in beds or turf, applications of BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE cannot exceed a total of 1.6 Pints (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year.

On plants with a production cycle of less than one year, application is not to exceed a frequency of more than once each 16 weeks for a particular plant. On stock plants and woody crops with a production cycle of greater than one year, application may not exceed once a year.

Food Crops: Treated areas may be replanted with any crop specified on an imidacloprid label, or with any crop for which a tolerance exists for the active ingredient.

For crops not listed on an imidacloprid label a 12 month plant-back interval must be observed.

APPLICATION TO TURF GRASS

BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE can be used for the control of the following soil inhabiting pests of grassey areas of nurseries: Northern & Southern masked chafers, *Cyclocephala borealis, C. immaculate, and/or C. lurida;* Asiatic garden beetle, *Maladera castanea;* European chafer, *Rhizotroqus majalis;* Green June beetle, *Cotinis nitida;* May or June beetle, *Phyllophaga* spp.; Japanese beetle, *Popillia japonica;* Oriental beetle, *Anomala orientalis;* Billbugs, *Sphenophorus* spp.; Annual bluegrass weevil, *Listronotus* spp.; Black turf grass ataenius, *Ataenius spretulus* and *Aphodius* spp.; European crane fly, *Tipula paludosa;* and mole crickets, *Scapteriscus* spp.. BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE can also be used for suppression of cutworms and chinch bugs. BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE can be used as directed on turfgrass in sites home lawns, business and office complexes, shopping complexes, multi-family residential complexes, golf courses, airports, cemeteries, parks, playgrounds, athletic fields and sod farms.

The active ingredient in BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE has sufficient residual activity so that applications can be made preceding the egg laying activity of the target pests. High levels of control can be achieved when applications are made preceding or during the egg laying period. The need for an application can be based on historical monitoring of the site, previous records or experiences, current season adult trapping or other methods. Optimum control will be achieved when applications are made prior to egg hatch of the target pests, followed by sufficient irrigation or rainfall to move the active ingredient through the thatch.

Do not make applications when turf grass areas are waterlogged or the soil is saturated with water. Adequate distribution of the active ingredient cannot be achieved when these conditions exist. The treated turf area must be in such a condition that the rainfall or irrigation will penetrate vertically in the soil profile. Applications cannot exceed a total of 1.6 pints (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT FOR USE ON TURF GRASS

Apply BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE in sufficient water to provide adequate distribution in the treated area. The use of accurately calibrated equipment normally used for the application of turf grass insecticides is required. Use equipment that will produce a uniform, coarse droplet spray, using a low pressure setting to eliminate off target drift. Check calibration periodically to ensure that equipment is working properly. **Do not apply through any irrigation system.**

Application to Grassy Areas in Nurseries Only: BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE can be used for the control of the following soil inhabiting pests of grassey areas of nurseries: Northern and Southern masked chafers, *Cyclocephala borealis, C. immaculata,* and/or *C. lurida;* Asiatic garden beetle, *Maladera castanea;* European chafer, *Rhizotroqus majalis;* Green June beetle, *Cotinis nitida;* May or June beetle, *Phylophaga* spp.; Japanese beetle, *Popillia japonica;* Oriental beetle, *Anomala orientalis;* Billbugs, *Spherophorus* spp.; Annual bluegrass weevil, *Hyperodes* spp.; Black turfgrass ataenius, *Ataenius spretulus* and *Aphodius* spp. and mole crickets, *Scapteriscus* spp. BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE can also be used for suppression of cutworms and hairy chinchbugs. BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE can be used as directed on nursery grass in sites such as under or around field or container grown plants, on roadways or other grassy areas in or around nurseries.

The active ingredient in BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE has sufficient residual activity so that applications can be made preceding the egg laying activity of the target pests. High levels of control can be achieved when applications are made preceding or during the egg laying period. The need for an application can be based on historical monitoring of the site, previous records or experiences, current season adult trapping or other methods. Optimum control will be achieved when applications are made prior to egg hatch of the target pests, followed by sufficient irrigation or rainfall to move the active ingredient through the thatch.

Do not make applications when grassy areas are water-logged or the soil is saturated with water. Adequate distribution of the active ingredient cannot be achieved when these conditions exist. The treated grassy area must be in such a condition that the rainfall or irrigation will penetrate vertically in the soil pro-file. Application cannot exceed a total of 1.6 pint (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year. Refer to the "Application in Turf Grass" section for application rates.

Application Equipment for Use on Grassy Areas in Nurseries: Apply BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE in sufficient water to pro-vide adequate distribution in the treated area. The use of accurately calibrated equipment normally used for soil application of insecticides is required. Use equipment which will produce a uniform, coarse droplet spray, using a low pressure setting to eliminate off-target drift. Check calibration periodically to ensure that equipment is working properly.

TURF GRASS APPLICATIONS				
PEST	DOSAGE BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE	REMARKS		
Larvae of: Annual bluegrass weevil Asiatic garden beetle Bilbugs Black turf grass ataenius Cutworm (suppression) European chafer European crane fly Green June beetle Japanese beetle Northem masked chafer Oriental beetle Phyllophaga spp. Southem masked chafer	1.25 to 1.6 pt per acre or 0.46 to 0.6 fl oz (14 to 17 mL) per 1000 sq ft	For optimum control of grubs, billbugs and annual bluegrass weevil, and European crane fly make application prior to egg hatch of the target pest. Be sure to read "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT" Section of this label.		

Chinchbugs (suppression) Mole crickets	1.6 pt per acre or 0.6 fl oz (17 mL) per 1000 sq ft	For suppression of chinchbugs, application prior to or during the hatching of the first instar nympl For control of mole crickets mak application prior to or during the egg hatch period. When adults large nymphs are present and actively tunneling, BOUNTY TU AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTIC application should be accompar a remedial insecticide. Follow la instructions for other insecticide tank-mixing.
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Consult your local turf, state Agricultural Experiment Station, or State Extension Service Specialists for more specific information regarding timing of application.

CROP

Turf

Grasses

RESTRICTIONS: If there is no rainfall within 24 hours, follow treatment with irrigation to move the active ingredient through the thatch. Do not apply more than 1.6 pt (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year. Avoid mowing turf or lawn area until after sufficient irrigation or rainfall has occurred so that uniformity of application will not be affected.

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	APPLICATIONS – ORNAMENTA For indust	APPLICATIONS – ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS AND GROUNDCOVERS For industrial, commercial buildings and residential planting areas.					
CROP	PEST	DOSAGE BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE	REMARKS				
Trees Shrubs Evergreens Flowers Foliage Plants	Adelgids Aphids Japanese beetles Lace bugs Leaf beetles	1.5 fl oz (45 mL) per 100 gal of water	Foliar Applications: Start treatments prior to establishment of high pest populations and reapply on as needed basis.				
Groundcovers nterior Plantscapes	(including elm and viburnum leaf beetles) Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Mealybugs Psyllids Sawfly larvae						
	Thrips (suppression) Whiteflies						
	White grub larvae (such as Japanese beetle larvae, Chafers, <i>Phyllophaga</i> sp Asiatic garden beetle, Oriental beetle)	0.46 to 0.6 fl oz (14 to 17 mL) per 1000 sq ft	Broadcast Applications: Mix required amoun of product in sufficient water to uniformly and accurately cover the area being treated. Do not use less than 2 gallons of water per 1000 sq ft. For optimum control, irrigate thoroughly to incorporate BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE into the uppe soil profile.Refer to use direction specific for FLOWERS and GROUND COVERS concerning additional use directions.				
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CROP	PEST	DOSAGE BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE	REMARKS
rees	Adelgids	0.1 to 0.2 fl oz	Soil !Median: GRID SYSTEM: Space holes on
	Aphids Armored scales (suppression)	(3 to 6 mL) per inch of trunk diameter (D.B.H.)	2.5 foot centers, in a grid pattern, extending to the drip line of the tree. CIRCLE
	Black vine weevil larvae		SYSTEM: Apply in holes evenly spaced in cir-
	Eucalyptus longhorned borer		cles, (use more than one circle dependent upo
	Flatheaded borers(except emerald ash borer,		the size of the tree) beneath the drip line of the
•	but, including bronze birch and alder borer)		tree extending in from that line. BASAL
	Japanese beetles Lace bugs		SYSTEM: Space injection holes evenly around the base of the tree trunk no more than 6 to
	Leaf beetles	•	12 inches out from the base.
	(including elm and viburnum leaf beetles)	· .	Mix required dosage in sufficient water to inject
	Leafhoppers		an equal amount of solution in each hole. Main
	(including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Leafminers	•	tain a low pressure and use sufficient solution t distribution of the liquid into the treatment zone
•	Mealybugs		For optimum control, keep the treated area
	Pine tip moth larvae		moist for 7 to 10 days. Do not use less than 4
	Psyllids Royal palm bugs		holes per tree.
	Sawfly larvae	· · · · · ·	RESTRICTION: No Soil Injection Application
	Soft scales		Allowed in Nassau or Suffolk Counties of New York.
	Thrips (suppression) White grub larvae		
	Whiteflies	. .	Soil Drench: Uniformly apply the dosage in no less than 10 gallons of water per 1000 square
			feet as a drench around the base of the tree,
			directed to the root zone. Remove plastic or an
			other barrier that will stop solution from reach- ing the root zone.
			For Control of Specified Borers: Application
			trees already heavily infested may not prevent
	4.		the eventual loss of the trees due to existing
Shrubs		0.1 to 0.2 fl oz	Soil Injection: Apply to individual plants using dosage indicated.
		(3 to 6 mL) per foot of shrub height	Mix required dosage in sufficient water to inject
		. Or annub height	an equal amount of solution in each hole.
			Maintain a low pressure and use sufficient solu
			tion for distribution of the liquid into the treat- ment zone, Keep the treated area moist for 7 to
			10 days. Do not use less than 4 holes per shru
	· · · · · ·		RESTRICTION: No Soil Injection Application
			Allowed in Nassau or Suffolk Counties of N
			York.
			Soil Drench: Uniformly apply the dosage in no
			less than 10 gallons of water per 1000 square
			feet as a drench around the base of the tree, directed to the root zone. Remove plastic or an
			other barrier that will stop solution from reach-
			ing the root zone.
lowers and		0.46 to 0.6 fl oz	
Groundcover		(14 to 17 mL)	Apply as a broadcast treatment and incorporat into the soil before planting or apply after plant
		per 1000 sq ft	are established. If application is made to estab
			lished plants, optimum control will be attained i
	1		area is irrigated thoroughly after application.

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		residential areas.		
CROP	PEST		RATE PER A	PPLICATION
Pome Fruits Apple Crabapple Loquat	Aphids (except Wooly apple aph Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged	id) per 10	oz (45 mL) 10 gal of water	6.0 fl oz/A'
Mayhew Pear Pear	sharpshooter) Leafminer Mealybugs*			
(oriental) Quince	San Jose scale*			
pply specified dos	age as foliar spray as needed af	ter petal-fall is complete.		
or first generatio esult from the ea	v apple aphid, apply prior to leaf n leafminer control, make first a rliest possible application For plications made early in the adu	application as soon as peta second and succeeding ge	I-fall is complete. G nerations of leafmir	ner, optimal control is
equired 10 days	ater if severe pressure continue BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAM	es or if generations are ove	erlapping. A single a	pplication may result in
or San Jose Sca	le, time applications to the crav	vler stage. Treat each gene	eration.	
	preharvest) control of leafhoppe opers are in the nymphal stage		TURF AND ORNA	MENTAL INSECTICIDE
or optimal contro	of moolybug, insure good enr			
	n or mearybug, insure good spin	ay coverage of the trunk ar	nd scaffolding limbs	or other resting sites of the
nealybug.	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre		nd scaffolding limbs	or other resting sites of the
nealybug.)o not apply more	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre		nd scaffolding limbs	or other resting sites of the
nealybug. Do not apply mon Do not make mon	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre e than 5 applications per year.	in a single application.	-	
nealybug. Do not apply mor Do not make mor	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre	in a single application.	-	
nealybug. Do not apply more Do not make more Do not apply more	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre e than 5 applications per year.	in a single application. TY TURF AND ORNAMEN	TAL INSECTICIDE	per acre per year.
nealybug. Do not apply more Do not make more Do not apply more Allow 10 or more	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre e than 5 applications per year. e that 30 fluid ounces of BOUN	in a single application. TY TURF AND ORNAMEN	TAL INSECTICIDE	per acre per year.
nealybug. Do not apply more Do not make more Do not apply more Allow 10 or more Not for use in C Mot for use in C Pecan lea Pecan sp	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre e than 5 applications per year. e that 30 fluid ounces of BOUN days between applications. Allo alifornia for control on pears. can aphid rgined aphid if phylloxera ittlebug	in a single application. TY TURF AND ORNAMEN ow at least 7 days between 1.5 fl oz	TAL INSECTICIDE	per acre per year.
healybug. Do not apply more Do not make more Do not apply more Not for use in Ci Not for use in Ci Ans* Yellow pe Black mai Pecan sp Pecan sp Pecan ste	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre e than 5 applications per year. e that 30 fluid ounces of BOUN days between applications. Allo alifornia for control on pears. can aphid gined aphid if phylloxera	in a single application. TY TURF AND ORNAMEN ow at least 7 days between 1.5 fl oz per 100	TAL INSECTICIDE last application and (45 mL) gal of water	per acre per year. I harvest. 6.0 fl oz/A'
nealybug. Do not apply more Do not make more Do not apply more Allow 10 or more Not for use in C Black mai Pecan lea Pecan sp Pecan ste Make foliar applic	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre e than 5 applications per year. e that 30 fluid ounces of BOUN days between applications. Allo alifornia for control on pears. can aphid rgined aphid if phylloxera ittlebug em phylloxera	in a single application. TY TURF AND ORNAMEN ow at least 7 days between 1.5 fl oz per 100 efore populations become	TAL INSECTICIDE last application and (45 mL) gal of water	per acre per year. I harvest. 6.0 fl oz/A'
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nealybug. Do not apply more Do not make more Do not apply more Allow 10 or more Not for use in Ca Not for use in Ca Pecan lea Pecan sp Pecan ste Make foliar applic nterval may be re Thorough uniform at a rate not to ex	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre e than 5 applications per year e that 30 fluid ounces of BOUN days between applications. Allo alifornia for control on pears. can aphid gined aphid if phylloxera ations as pests begin to build b quired to achieve control. Scou coverage of foliage is necessa ceed the adjuvant manufacture e than 3 applications per year.	e in a single application. TY TURF AND ORNAMEN ow at least 7 days between 1.5 fl oz per 100 efore populations become and retreat if needed. any for optimal control. Addi r's specified use rate may in	TAL INSECTICIDE last application and (45 mL) gal of water extreme. Two appli tion of an organosili mprove coverage.	per acre per year. I harvest. 6.0 fl oz/A' cations at a 10 to 14 day cone-based spray adjuvant
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nealybug. Do not apply more Do not make more Do not apply more Allow 10 or more Not for use in Ca Not for use in Ca Pecan lea Pecan lea Pecan sp Pecan ste Make foliar applic nterval may be re Thorough uniform at a rate not to ex Do not make more Do not apply more rear.	e than 6.0 fluid ounces per acre e than 5 applications per year e that 30 fluid ounces of BOUN days between applications. Allo alifornia for control on pears. can aphid gined aphid if phylloxera ations as pests begin to build b equired to achieve control. Scou coverage of foliage is necessa ceed the adjuvant manufacture e than 3 applications per year. e than a total of 18.0 fluid ounce	TY TURF AND ORNAMEN by at least 7 days between 1.5 fl oz per 100 efore populations become at and retreat if needed. any for optimal control. Addi r's specified use rate may i es of BOUNTY TURF AND	TAL INSECTICIDE last application and (45 mL) gal of water extreme. Two appli tion of an organosili mprove coverage. ORNAMENTAL IN	per acre per year. I harvest. 6.0 fl oz/A' cations at a 10 to 14 day cone-based spray adjuvant SECTICIDE per acre per

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		strial, commercial buildings an	a reciucinal planting areas.	
CROP	PE PE	ST	RATE PER AP	
Grapes Leafhoppers (including glass sharpshooter)	(including glassy-winged	Mealybugs	1.5 fl oz (45 mL) per 100 gal of water	3.0 fl oz/A (90 mUA)

Apply specified dosage as a foliar spray using 200 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply more than a total of 6.0 fl ounces of BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE per acre per year. Allow at least 14 days between applications. Applications may be applied up to and including day of harvest.

RESTRICTIONS

Do not graze treated areas or use clippings from treated areas for feed or forage. Avoid runoff or puddling of irrigation water following application. Keep children and pets off treated area until dry. Avoid application of BOUNTY TURF AND ORNAMENTAL INSECTICIDE to areas that are water logged or saturated, which will not allow penetration into the root zone of the plant. Treated areas may be replanted with any crop specified on an imidacloprid label, or with any crop for which a tolerance exists for the active ingredient.

For crops not listed on an imidacloprid label, or for crops for which no tolerances for the active ingredient have been established, a12month plant-back interval must be observed.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. **Storage:** Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal (Nonrefillable container 5 gallons or less): Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Offer for recycling, if available.

Residue Removal: Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. <u>Triple rinse</u> <u>as follows</u>: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. <u>Pressure rinse as follows</u>: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Pressure rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Use standard industry practices for cleaning refillable containers.

Spills: For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, call **CHEMTREC Day or Night, DOMESTIC NORTH AMERICA 1-800-424-9300**.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

CLEARY CHEMICAL LLC warrants that this material conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use, subject to the risks referred to therein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, CLEARY CHEMICAL LLC makes no other expressed or implied warranty of fitness or merchantability or any other expressed or implied warranty. To the extent consistent with applicable law, neither CLEARY CHEMICAL LLC nor seller shall be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product including, but not limited to, loss of profits, business reputation, or customers, labor costs, or other expenses incurred in planting or harvesting. CLEARY CHEMICAL LLC and seller offer this product and the buyer and user accept it subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of CLEARY CHEMICAL LLC.

Registered: March 25, 2009 Amended: tba

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