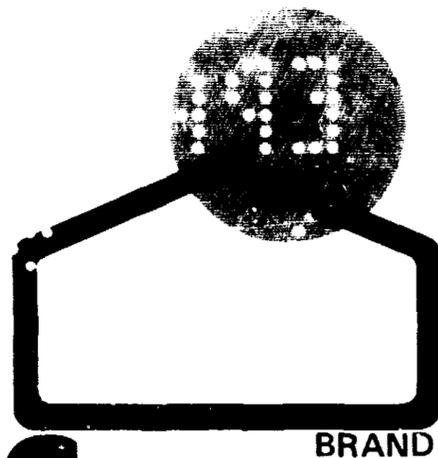


AS ORDERED
 912-58



Fruit Spray

BRAND



for
APPLES
PEACHES
APRICOTS
PLUMS
CHERRIES

STRAWBERRIES
GRAPES
YOUNG FRUIT TREES

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Methoxychlor, technical*	15.0%
Capten (N-Trichloromethylthio-4-cyclohexene-1, 2-dicarboximide)	10.0%
Malathion (O, O-dimethyl dithiophosphate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate)	5.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

TOTAL	70.0%
	100.0%

*Equivalent to 13.20% 2, 2-bis (p-methoxyphenyl)-1, 1, 1-trichloroethane and 1.80% other isomers and reaction products.

E.P.A. Reg. No. 912-58

NET CONTENTS 1 POUND

CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

See Other Cautions on Back Panel

DIRECTIONS

This amazing home orchard spray provides the home fruit grower with three of the most potent insecticides and fungicides - all scientifically combined in one package.

After careful examination was made of similar formulations, recommended by various agricultural colleges, and with the suggestions and advice of leading state and private entomologists and pathologists, we now offer this new fruit spray as the answer to greater control of pests in home orchards. Home fruit growing can now be made pleasant and profitable by following the simple directions outlined on this package. All you have to do is add the proper amount of water and spray at the designated times. This will give you splendid control of many common chewing and sucking insects and mites.

EASY TO MIX AMOUNT OF SPRAY NEEDED

Mixing Table

3 Tablespoonfuls to	1 gallon water
½ pound to	5 gallons water
1 pound to	10 gallons water
3 pounds to	30 gallons water

EASY TO USE

Follow directions closely as shown in mixing table for all fruits shown below. Cover trees thoroughly with spray. By varying a few days the time for applying some of these sprays on certain fruits, it is possible to spray many of the fruits at the same time. Such adjustments will have to be made by each grower to fit the season and the kinds of varieties of fruits being grown.

APPLES: Controls codling moths, Plum curculio, Spider mites, two spotted mites, aphids, Forbes scale, Red banded leaf roller, bud moths, mealy bugs and the diseases: scab, Brooks fruit spot, fly speck, black pox, botryosphera (white rot), black rot, bitter rot, leaf spot and Cedar rust.

First spray apples when blossom buds are beginning to show color, called the Cluster Bud Spray. Next spray when 90% of the blossoms have fallen, called the Petal Drop Spray. This should be followed by 3 or 4 more applications about two weeks apart, called Cover Sprays.

PEACHES: Controls aphids, Japanese beetle, European red mites, European Lecanium scale, two spotted mite, Oriental flat mite, plum curculio, and the diseases: scab, brown rot, and coryneum blight.

APRICOTS: Controls aphids, codling moth, European Lecanium scale, orange tortrix, soft brown scale, and the diseases: brown rot, twig blight and jacket rot.

First spray peaches and apricots as soon as blossoms have fallen, or Petal Drop Spray. Then apply three more Cover Sprays at intervals of two weeks. For insect control continue spraying at 7 to 10 day intervals as long as adult insects are present.

PLUMS: Controls mealy plum aphid, European red mite and two spotted mite, plum curculio, and the diseases brown rot and russet scab.

For insect control on plums, follow the above directions for Peaches and Apricots.

CHERRIES: Controls black cherry aphid, bud moths, Forbes scale, fruit tree leaf roller, San Jose scale and the diseases: botrytis rot, brown rot and leaf spot.

First spray cherries when 90% of blossoms have fallen, called Petal Drop Spray. Next spray 10 days later. As soon as fruit is harvested, trees should be sprayed again to prevent Leaf Spot or Yellow Leaf. This should be followed by another Cover Spray 3 or 4 weeks later.

YOUNG FRUIT TREES: Until the trees are old enough to bear, 3 or 4 spray applications are generally sufficient. First spray should be applied as soon as new growth is a few inches long. Cover Sprays should then be applied at intervals of about a month.

IMPORTANT

DO NOT USE ON APPLES, CHERRIES, OR PLUMS WITHIN 7 DAYS OF HARVEST. DO NOT USE ON APRICOTS AND PEACHES WITHIN 21 DAYS OF HARVEST.

SMALL FRUITS—Strawberries: To control Flea Beetles, Spittlebugs, Strawberry Leaf Beetles, Strawberry Weevils, Aphids, Spider Mites, and the diseases: botrytis rot (gray mold) and leaf spot, apply spray as a thorough cover spray when insects first appear. Repeat applications at 7 to 10 day intervals or as infestations warrant. Do not use within 14 days of harvest.

Grapes: To control Flea Beetles, Grape Leaf Skeletonizers, Japanese Beetles, Leaf Hoppers, Rose Chafers, and the diseases: black rot, downy mildew, and bunch rot, apply spray as a thorough cover spray when insects first appear. For Grape Berry Moths apply as a post-blossom cover spray and repeat 10 days later, make third and fourth applications at 10 day intervals if necessary. Do not use within 14 days of harvest.

ORNAMENTALS: Effective as a spray for Carnations (Blight and Leaf Spot), Chrysanthemums (Flower Blight), Roses (Black Spot), Apples, thoroughly at first sign of disease. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

CAUTION

Avoid breathing of dust or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, wash thoroughly after using. Avoid contamination of food and tablecloths. Keep out of reach of children.

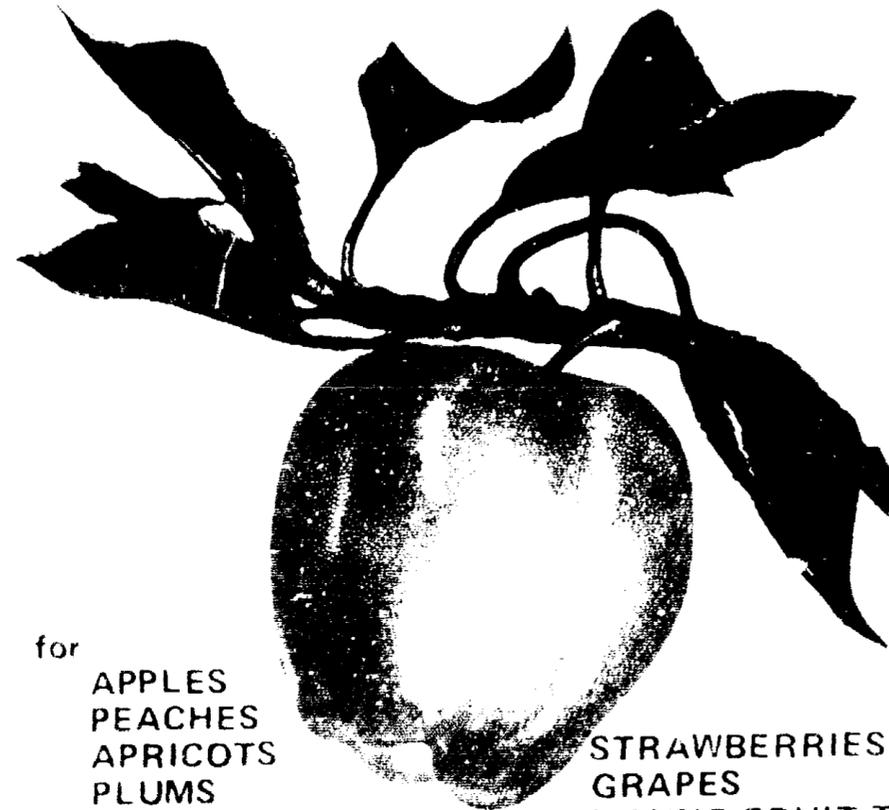
This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of any body of water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on label.

This product is toxic to bees and should not be applied when bees are actively visiting the area. When not in use, keep container tightly closed. Do not reuse empty container. Destroy by burning with waste or burning. Stay away from smoke or fumes.

Packed for
CENEX, INC.
 St. Paul, Minnesota

Fruit Spray

BRAND



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PEACHES
APRICOTS
PLUMS
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STRAWBERRIES
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YOUNG FRUIT TREES

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