



1873

PRATT

LINDANE BORER SPRAY

For control of certain Coleopterous
and Lepidopterous Borers on Shade
Trees & Woody Ornamentals

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Gamma Isomer of Benzene Hexachloride from Lindane.....	5.0%
Aromatic Petroleum Solvent.....	90.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	5.0%
TOTAL.....	100.0%

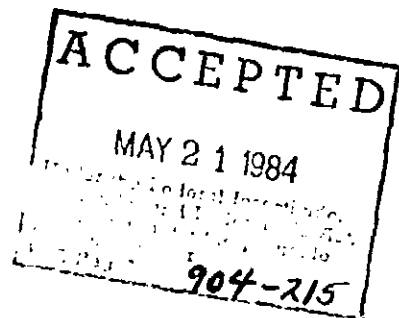
EPA Reg. No. 904-215

EPA Est. No. 72-PA-1

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE



STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Gastric lavage is indicated if material was taken internally. DO NOT
INDUCE VOMITING unless a physician or Poison Control Center is not available. Vomiting may
cause aspiration pneumonia. If necessary to induce vomiting, it
should be done under medical supervision. Drink one or two glasses of
water and induce vomiting by reaching the back of the throat with finger.
Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious or
convulsing person.
IF INHALED: Remove victim from exposure. Apply artificial respiration if
indicated.
IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with
plenty of soap and water. Remove clothing before rinsing.
IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician immediately.

See Back Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements.

Manufactured by
MILLER CHEMICAL & FERTILIZER CORPORATION
P.O. Box 100, Bensalem, Pennsylvania 17004

Net Weight: 8 OUNCES (226.8 g)
1 PINT (473.2 g)
1 QUART (236.6 g)
1 GALLON (1183.0 g)

FRUIT 5% LINDANE BORER SPRAY 904-215

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS: CAUTION--Harmful if swallowed. May be absorbed through the skin. Do not inhale the spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not use on household pets. Keep children and pets off treated areas until the spray is dry. Applicators must wear the following protective clothing during the application process: long-sleeved shirt, long pants, waterproof gloves, full foot covering, and a head covering. Food utensils such as a teaspoon or tablespoon should not be used for food purposes after use in measuring pesticides.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate any body of water by direct application or by cleaning of equipment or disposal of waste or container. This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or to residues remaining on the treated areas. Do not apply when bees are actively visiting in treatment area. Applications should be timed to provide the maximum possible interval between treatment and the next period of bee activity.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

BORERS: Borer damage is done by the larvae of certain saw-winged moths and beetles. Dilute and apply as a spray with paint brush on large limbs and trunks to ground level. Proper timing will kill the adult insects in the egg-laying stages. The same solution injected into borer holes with a forcefeed oilcan will kill the larvae continuing.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

It is a violation of Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its label for.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store this product in its closed original container in a cool, dry area, away from children and domestic animals. Do not use this product as food or feed by storage or disposal. Do not reuse this container. For disposal, securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper or place in trash, or at an approved waste disposal site.

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PRATT 5% LINDANE BORER SPRAY 904-215

DIRECTIONS

Mix 2 fl. oz. (4 tablespoonsful) per gallon of water or 1 gallon to 62 gallons of water for all listed insects.

CAMBIUM BORERS: Bronze Birch Borer on Birch, Cottonwood, Poplar and Willow -- apply in mid and late June; Flat Faced Apple Borer on nearly all shade trees -- apply at 3 week intervals from June to August; Honey Locust Borer apply in early June; Two-Lined Chestnut Borer on Chestnuts--make 2 applications in mid and late June; Rhododendron, Laurel and Azalea and the Dogwood Borer on Dogwood--make 2-3 applications at 7-10 day intervals in May and early June.

DEEP INNER WOOD BORERS: Ash Borers on Most Ash trees--apply in late June or early July; Lilac Borer on Lilac--apply in late May, repeat 2-3 applications at 7-10 day intervals; Round-Headed Apple Tree Borer on Mountain Ash and flowering ornamental fruit trees--apply at 3 week intervals from June to August.

LIMITED WARRANTY: Buyer assumes all risks of Use, Storage and handling of This Material Not in Strict Accordance With Directions Given Herewith.

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