



50% SEVIN*
CARBARYL WETTABLE POWDER

and certain other resistant insects* on

***AS LISTED**

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Weight
Carbaryl (1-naphthyl-N-methylcarbamate).....	50.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:.....	50.0%
Total	100.0%

*Trademark of Union Carbide Corp. for Carbaryl (1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate)

See back panel for additional cautions.

NET WEIGHT TWO POUNDS

EPA REG. NO. 904-214

Packed by
B. G. PRATT DIV. GABRIEL CHEMICALS LTD.
Paterson, N. J. 07509

PRATT

50% SEVIN[®] CARBARYL WETTABLE POWDER

KILL LAWN CHINCH BUGS

FRUIT TREES, FRUITS & VEGETABLES

ORNAMENTAL INSECT CONTROL

Use 2 pounds per 100 gallons of water (2 tablespoonfuls per gallon) when insect damage appears. Repeat weekly or as needed. SEVIN injures Boston ivy.

Use on herbaceous and annual plants (carnation, gladioli, zinnia, chrysanthemum, etc.) to control:

blister beetle	June beetle	leaf roller	psyllid
flea beetle	lace bug	mealybug	rose aphid
boxelder bug	leafhopper	plant bug	thrips (exposed)
Japanese beetle			

Use on shrubs, trees and woody plants (rose, lilac, arborvitae, juniper, hydrangea, azalea, elm, maple, oak, dogwood, birch, pine, etc.) to control:

apple aphid	gypsy moth	mealybug	rose aphid
bagworm	Japanese beetle	mimosa webworm	rose slug
birch leaf miner	June beetle	oak leaf miner	scale insects
boxelder bug	lace bug	orange tortrix	tent caterpillar
boxwood leaf miner	leafhopper	periodical cicada	thrips (exposed)
elm leaf aphid	leaf roller	puss caterpillar	willow leaf beetle
elm leaf beetle			

1 Pound/100 gallons equals 1 Tablespoonful per gallon.

LAWN INSECT CONTROL

Use 2 pounds SEVIN 50W in 150 to 200 gallons of water for each 5000 square feet of established lawn area for the control of:

chinch bugs	fall armyworm	ants	mosquito
leafhoppers	cutworms	fleas	millipede
sod webworms (lawn moths)	earwigs		

In Florida: Use 2 1/2 pounds for chinch bug control.

Use garden hose sprayers or pressure type equipment and apply full water volume to insure good penetration of turf. For best results, mow lawn and apply immediately after rain or watering. Repeat 2 to 3 weeks later if necessary.

POTATO, TOMATO, EGGPLANT AND PEPPER: Use 1 to 2 pounds for Colorado potato beetle, flea beetles and leafhoppers. Use 2 to 4 pounds for European corn borer, fall armyworm, lace bugs, tomato fruitworm, tomato hornworm, tarnished plant bug and stink bugs. On potato, tomato and eggplant, use 4 pounds for cutworm control.

OKRA: Use 2 to 4 pounds for corn earworm and stink bugs. Repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals or as necessary.

CABBAGE, BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CAULIFLOWER AND KALE: Use 1 to 2 pounds for flea beetles and harlequin bug.

Use 2 to 4 pounds for armyworms, imported cabbage worms and loopers, and cutworm. Where cabbage looper is the principal problem, use an alternative pest control that is specifically recommended. For control of small cabbage loopers after egg portions begin to form, use SEVIN in a 5 to 7 day schedule.

ORNAMENTAL INSECT CONTROL

Use 2 pounds per 100 gallons of water (2 tablespoonfuls per gallon) when insects or their damage appear. Repeat weekly or as needed. SEVIN injures Boston Ivy.

Use on herbaceous and annual plants (carnation, gladioli, zinnia, chrysanthemum, etc.) to control:

blister beetle	June beetle	leaf roller	psyllid
flea beetle	lace bug	mealybug	rose aphid
boxelder bug	leafhopper	plant bug	thrips (exposed)
Japanese beetle			

Use on shrubs, trees and woody plants (rose, lilac, arborvitae, juniper, hydrangea, azalea, elm, maple, oak, dogwood, birch, pine, etc.) to control:

apple aphid	gypsy moth	mealybug	rose aphid
bagworm	Japanese beetle	mimosa webworm	rose slug
birch leaf miner	June beetle	oak leaf miner	scale insects
boxelder bug	lace bug	orange tortrix	tent caterpillar
boxwood leaf miner	leafhopper	periodical cicada	thrips (exposed)
elm leaf aphid	leaf roller	puss caterpillar	willow leaf beetle
elm leaf beetle			

1 Pound/100 gallons equals 1 Tablespoonful per gallon.

LAWN INSECT CONTROL

Use 2 pounds SEVIN 50W in 150 to 200 gallons of water for each 5000 square feet of established lawn area for the control of:

chinch bugs	fall armyworm	ants	mosquitoes
leafhoppers	cutworms	fleas	millipedes
sod webworms (lawn moths)	earwigs		

In Florida: Use 2½ pounds for chinch bug control.

Use garden hose sprayers or pressure type equipment and apply full water volume to insure good penetration of turf. For best results, mow lawn and apply immediately after rain or watering. Repeat 2 to 3 weeks later if necessary.

POTATO, TOMATO, EGGPLANT AND PEPPER: Use 1 to 2 pounds for Colorado potato beetle, flea beetles and leafhoppers. Use 2 to 4 pounds for European corn borer, fall armyworm, lace bugs, tomato fruitworm, tomato hornworm, tarnished plant bugs and stink bugs. On potato, tomato and eggplant, use 4 pounds for cutworm control.

OKRA: Use 2 to 4 pounds for corn earworm and stink bugs. Repeat at 5 to 7-day intervals or as necessary.

CABBAGE, BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CAULIFLOWER AND KOHL RABI: Use 1 to 2 pounds for flea beetles and harlequin bug.

Use 2 to 4 pounds for armyworms, imported cabbage worms and loopers, and corn earworm. Where cabbage looper is the principal problem, use an alternative pesticide that is specifically recommended. For control of small cabbage loopers after edible portions begin to form, use SEVIN in a 5 to 7 day schedule.

CARROTS, CHINESE CABBAGE, COLLARDS, DANDELION, ENDIVE (ESCAROLE), GARDEN BEETS, HORSERADISH, KALE, LETTUCE, MUSTARD GREENS, PARSLEY, PARSNIPS, RADISHES, RUTABAGAS, SALSIFY, SPINACH, SWISS CHARD AND TURNIPS: Use 1 to 2 pounds for flea beetles, harlequin bug and leafhopper. To control six-spotted leafhopper (aster yellows vector) apply 2 to 3 pounds in a 5 to 7-day schedule.

Use 2 to 4 pounds for armyworms, imported cabbage worms and loopers, corn earworm, tarnished plant bug and stink bugs. For optimum control of corn earworm after lettuce heads begin to form, use 4 pounds in a 5 to 7-day schedule.

Where cabbage looper is the principal problem, use an alternative pesticide that is specifically recommended. For control of small cabbage loopers after edible portions begin to form, use 2 to 4 pounds in a 5 to 7-day schedule.

To avoid possible injury on lettuce, do not apply when foliage is wet or when rain or excessive humidity is expected during the next 2 days.

Do not apply within 3 days of harvest of head lettuce, garden beets (roots), horseradish, radishes, parsnips, rutabagas, salsify (roots), and turnips (roots).

Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of chinese cabbage, collards, dandelion, endive (escarole), garden beets (tops), kale, leaf lettuce, mustard greens, parsley, salsify (tops), spinach, Swiss chard and turnips (tops).

No time limitation on carrots.

East of the Rocky Mountains: Use 1 pound for apple mealybug, green apple aphid, codling moth and white apple leafhopper. When heavy aphid infestations are present, repeated applications may be necessary for optimum control.

Use 2 pounds for apple maggot, bagworm, eastern tent caterpillar, European apple sawfly, eye-spotted bud moth, fruit tree leaf roller, green fruitworm, Japanese beetle, pear psylla, periodical cicada, plum curculio, red-banded leaf roller, rosy apple aphid, woolly apple aphid, apple rust mite, pear leaf blister mite, pear rust mite, tarnished plant bug, tentiform leaf miners, Forbes scale, Lecanium scales, oystershell scale, and San Jose scale. For optimum scale control, apply when crawlers are present. To control rosy apple aphid, apply before leaves are curled.

Application of SEVIN within 30 days after full bloom may also provide apple thinning. To avoid this, delay use until at least 30 days after bloom. May cause foliar injury if used before second cover on York and McIntosh apples.

Do not apply within 1 day of harvest of apples and pears.

CAUTION: Keep Out of Reach of Children and Animals. Harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Avoid breathing of dust or spray. Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear regular long-sleeved work clothing. Change to clean clothing daily. Wash hands and face before eating. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Note for Physician: Carbaryl is a moderate, reversible, cholinesterase inhibitor. Atropine is antidotal. Do Not Use 2-PAM, opiates or cholinesterase inhibiting drugs. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

Do not reuse container. Destroy when empty. Wrap in newspaper and place in trash can for disposal.

Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.