

FRUIT TREE SPRAY

LIST OF INSECTS

ON APPLES,
PEARS, PEACHES:
Aphids
Cankerworm
Coding Moth
Fod Spider Mite
Leaf Hopper
Leaf Roller
Oriental Fruit Moth
Lent Caterpiliar

ON CHERRIES:
Aphid
Thrips

ON PLUMS: Curculio Plant Bugs

ON STRAWBERRIES:
Spittlebug
Strawberry Weevil



INSECT & DISEASE CONTROL ON

APPLES, PEARS PEACHES, PLUMS

U.S.D.A. Registration No. 904-128

CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

See back panel for additional cautions

to fish. Treated seeds exposed on soil surface may be hazardous to birds and other wildlife. Keep out of any body of water.

BOTRYTIS ROT

on Strawberries

DIRECTIONS

Mix 5 tablespoonfuls per gallon, 1 cupor 1 pound to 12 gallons of water. For follow manufacturer's directions. Mix tusing and occasionally during uses to of spray mix. Do not store diluted spray

For best results follow a regular spray is important for both disease and instance thoroughly to cover all fruit and leaf 8 foot tree requires about 3 gallons of a need 6 or more gallons.

APPLES and PEARS: Spray when nev and repeat at weekly intervals up to bafter petals fall at 10 day intervals. Do 7 days of harvest.

PEACHES: Make about seven spray a day intervals, starting in the pink startining all the pink starting about for Peach or paint trunk from crotches to groutervals, starting about July 1st, using allon of water. Do not apply this contributions

PLUMS: Make first application just be After potals fall make about a ven spintervals. Do not spray within a days

STRAWEERRIES: Apply when new grown to 14 day intervals—not later than 1

CHERRIES: Apply at pre-bloom, shuce after petal fall, and then 2 weeks be not later than 7 days before harvest DO NOT USE THIS MATERIAL WIT AFTER THE APPLICATION OF AN OSPRAYING WHEN TEMPERATURE IS IT

caution: Harmful if swallowed or inhing dust or spraying mist. Avoid proleontact with the skin. Wash thorough not contaminate feed or foodstuffs, of children. Dispose of empty contains

This product is highly toxic to bees treatment, or residues on crops. Promay be obtained from your coope extension service

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all risks or handling of this material not ance with directions given here.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Malathion

Methoxychlor Technical
Captan
Sulfur
INERT INGREDIENTS

Total

O.O. dimethy! dithiophesphate of die cinate. — Equivalent to 8.81 - 2.2 bis (p.meth

Equivalent to 8.87 - 2.2 bis (pimeth trichlorcethane and 1.2% of other is compounds.

 \hat{N} (trich)oromethylthio) 4-cyclohex mide.

n. Not less than 98% passing 325.

This material is packed at full net It is subject to settling and may appe

Packaged by B G PRATT CO.. PATERSO



FRUIT TREE SPRAY

90 LIST OF DISEASES

SCAB AND
POWDERY
MILDEW
on Apples and Pears

BROWN ROT on Cherries, Peaches, Plums

BOTRYTIS ROT on Strawberries

CAUTION: This product is toxic to fish, Treated seeds exposed on soil surface may be hazardous to birds and other wildlife. Keep

DIRECTIONS

Mix 5 tablespoonfuls per gallon, 1 cupful for 3 gallons or 1 pound to 12 gallons of water. For hose end sprayer, follow manufacturer's directions. Mix thoroughly before using and occasionally during uses to assure uniformity of spray mix. Do not store diluted spray.

For best results follow a regular spray schedule. Timing is important for both disease and insect control. Spray thoroughly to cover all fruit and leaf surfaces. A 6 to 8 foot tree requires about 3 gallons of spray: larger trees need 6 or more gallons.

APPLES and PEARS: Spray when new growth appears and repeat at weekly intervals up to bloom. Then spray after petals fall at 10 day intervals. Do not spray within 7 days of harvest.

PEACHES: Make about seven spray applications at 10 day intervals, starting in the pink stage. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest. For Peach Tree Borer, spray or paint trunk from crotches to ground at monthly intervals, starting about July 1st, using ½ pound per gallon of water. Do not apply this concentration to fruit.

PLUMS: Make first application just before blooms open. After petals fall make about seven sprayings at 10 day intervals. Do not spray within 7 days of harvest.

STRAWBERRIES: Apply when new growth starts, then at 7 to 14 day intervals—not later than 14 days of harvest.

CHERRIES: Apply at pre-bloom, shuck fall, two weeks after petal fall, and then 2 weeks before harvest, but not later than 7 days before harvest.

DO NOT USE THIS MATERIAL WITHIN TWO WEEKS AFTER THE APPLICATION OF AN OIL SPRAY. AVOID SPRAYING WHEN TEMPERATURE IS IN EXCESS OF 85°F.

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid breathing dust or spraying mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with the skin Wash thoroughly after using. Do not contaminate feed or foodstuffs, Keep out of reach of children. Dispose of empty container, Do not reuse.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment, or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your cooperative agricultural extension service

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage, or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS		BY WEIGHT
Malathion		6 O ~ .
Methoxychlor Technical		10.
Captan		6.0
Sulfur		25.0
INERT INGREDIENTS		53.0
	Total	100.0

0.0 dimethyl dithiophosphate of diethyl mercaptosiic Cin<mark>ate</mark>.

Equivalent to 8.8° , 2.7° bis 'p methoxyphenyl) 1, 1, 1-trichloroethane and 1.2° , of other isomers and related compounds.

 \hat{N} (trichloromethylthio: 4 cyclohexene 1, 2 dicarboximide,

Not less than 98% passing 325 mesh

This material is packed at full net weight as listed. It is subject to settling and may appear less than full.

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