

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of contact flush with plenty of water; for eyes get medical attention. Keep out of reach of children.

IMPORTANT

Do not apply BANVEL® K herbicide directly to or allow spray drifts to come in contact with vegetables, flowers, grapes, tomatoes, potatoes, sugar beets, beans, or other desirable plants. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.)

Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

Do not store in direct contact with fertilizer, seed, insecticides, or fungicides.

Thoroughly clean spray equipment with a suitable chemical cleaner before using for other purposes.

Do not graze livestock on treated areas until 30 days after application. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage to dairy cattle prior to harvest.

Do not apply BANVEL K herbicide to field corn, soybeans, or other plants, or on areas where roots may extend, or in locations where the chemicals may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.

BANVEL K SPRAY DRIFT: Soybeans are sensitive to BANVEL K as it requires only a small amount of chemical per acre for symptoms to appear. Symptoms generally appear about two weeks after drift occurs. Soybeans generally outgrow these initial symptoms without any adverse effect on soybean yields.

To minimize BANVEL K spray drift onto soybeans and other sensitive crops, observe the following precautions.

1. Use coarse sprays.
 - a. Velsicol Chemical Corporation recommends the ACCUTROL™ system as an excellent method for drift reduction. For further information on the ACCUTROL™ system, refer to Velsicol Bulletin A-268.
 - b. When using conventional applications, use 20 gallons or more of water per acre. Keep the spray pressure below 20 p.s.i. For broadcast application use TK5 Floodjet™ tips (or equivalent).
2. Spray with the nozzles as close to the weeds as is practical for good coverage.
3. Do not apply BANVEL K Herbicide to field corn when soybeans are more than 10 inches tall or if the daily temperature is expected to be over 85°F.
4. Make application when there is some air movement but wind is less than 5 miles per hour. If any wind over 5 m.p.h. is blowing in the direction of sensitive crops, do not spray.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Do not reuse empty container. Wash thoroughly with water and detergent. Discard in a safe place. Do not burn empty container.

NOTICE: Because Velsicol Chemical Corporation has no control over storage, handling, and conditions of use, which are of critical importance, Velsicol Chemical Corporation makes no representation or warranty, either express or implied, for results or residues greater than any tolerance which may be established by appropriate governmental agencies, due to misuse, improper handling or storage of this material. Nor does Velsicol Chemical Corporation assume any responsibility for injury to persons, crops, animals, soil or property arising out of misuse, improper handling or storage of this material.

VELSICOL

HERBICIDE

Contains
1.25 Lbs.
Dicamba
and 2.5 Lbs.
2,4-D Per
Gallon

VELSICOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION

341 EAST OHIO STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60611

Use
Fall seeded
(not under
to legumes)

Field corn
(Postemergence)

WILLIAMS

**Contains
1.25 Lbs.
Dicamba
and 2.5 Lbs.
2,4-D Per
Gallon**

USE	WEED	APPLICATION RATE BAITEL + K HERBICIDE	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Post-emergence control (not recommended to legumes)	For the control of "Hard-to-Kill" weeds (phenoxo resistant) including wild buckhorn shepherd's purse wild radish mustard And for the control of other broadleaf weeds including Canada thistle (top growth) perennial sow thistle lambquarters pigweed cocklebur dragonhead (mint) mustards (annual) hacks henbane wild radish wild garlic (top growth) velvet Russian thistle ragweed stinkweed goatsbeard (salsify) dandelion Frenchweed (field penny- cress) puncturevine field peppergrass (field pepper- weed) sunflower and others	Apply 0.5-0.9 pint Baitel + K Herbicide (1/4 lb. dicamba plus 1/4 lb. 2,4-D) per acre. One gallon treats 10 acres.	Apply with water spray immediately after water emer- gence and before the grain begins to joint. Apply when weeds are actively grow- ing. Apply in 3 1/2 to 40 gallons of water per acre.
Field corn (Postemergence)	For the control of "Hard to Kill" weeds (phenoxo resistant) including field bindweed Canada thistle perennial sowthistle horsetail prostrate spurge smartweed common milkweed hedge bindweed And for the control of other broadleaf weeds including buckhorn burdock butterweed clover cocklebur flower of an hour jimsonweed lambquarters common marestail mustard paperweed pigweed poorwill ragweed spoonworts velvetleaf waterhemp	Broadcast (overall or directed) 0.8 to 1.6 pint (1/4 to 1/4 lb. dicamba + 1/4 to 1/4 lb. 2,4-D) per acre. One gallon treats 5 to 10 acres Band (overall or directed) (1/3 of total area) 0.26 to 0.52 pint (1/4 1 1/2 oz. di- camba + 1 1/2 2 1/2 oz. 2,4-D) per acre One gallon treats 15 to 30 acres.	May be applied as a postemergence treatment over the tops of the corn plant (overall) until the corn is 10 inches high When corn is more than 8 inches high use drop nozzles and direct spray at base of corn plant Do not apply after corn is 36 inches high Make only one application per season DO NOT GRAZE TREATED FIELDS OR HARVEST FOR DAIRY FEED PRIOR TO EN- SILAGE STAGE (Milk Stage)

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