





SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 78217-0985

January 29, 1993

Joanne I. Miller, Product Manager 23 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (H7505C) 401 M St., S.W. Washington, DC 20460

RE: CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS AND REVISED LABELING FOR GREEN LIGHT WIPE OUT BROADLEAF WEED KILLER, EPA REG. NO. 869-123

Dear Ms. Miller:

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I, being an authorized representative of Green Light Company, certify that all containers of Green Light Wipe Out Broadleaf Weed Killer, EPA Reg. No. 869-123 produced by June 15, 1994 will bear revised labeling in accordance with the revised labeling required for Task Force technical and manufacturing-use products. I further certify that all containers of said product sold or distributed by this company by January 1, 1995 will bear revised labeling in accordance with the revised labeling required for Task Force technical and manufacturing-use products.

Sincerely,

GREEN AILAHT CO

Jeff Luedke Director of Regulatory Affairs and Product Development

enclosure



## GREEN LIGHT WIPE OUT BROADLEAF WEED KILLER

For Controlling Weeds in St. Augustine, Bermuda, and other Fine Bladed Grasses. KILLS: DANDELIONS, CLOVER, HENBIT, CHICKWEED, OXALIS, SPURGE, AND OTHER WEEDS.

One Quart Covers Up To 9,600 Square Feet

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
*Dimethylamine salt of 2-(2-methyl-4-chloro-
phenoxy) propionic acid
**Dimethylamine salt of 2,4-dichlorophenoxy-
acetic acid 1.98%
***Dimethylamine salt of dicamba (3,6-dichloro-
o-anisic acid 0.84%
INERT INGREDIENTS
This Product Contains:
*0.49 lbs. 2-(2-methyl-4-cnlorophenoxy) propionic acid
equivalent per gallon or 5.69%
<pre>**0.14 lbs. 2,4-dichlorophenxoyacetic acid equivalent per</pre>
gallon or 1.64%
***0.06 lbs. 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per
gallon or 0.70%
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION
See Back Panel For Additional Precautionary Statements
EPA Reg. No. 869-123 EPA Est. No. 869-TX-1
EPA Reg. No. 869-123 EPA Est. No. 869-TX-1
Net Contents One Quart (0.946 liters)
Green Light Co., San Antonio, TX 78217-0985

(Back Panel)

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS BAZARDS TO BUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

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CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. When using this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes and rubber gloves. Wear face shield or goggles when mixing, loading or applying this product. After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water; for skin, wash with soap and water. If irritation develops, get medical attentior. Avoid contamination of food or feedstuffs.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to aquatic

invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes, and potholes). Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation waters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area. When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area from wells and other water sources.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:** It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not allow spray or drift onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants since injury may result. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants. Whether using a hose-end sprayer or pressure-sprayer, do not use fine sprays because they can drift and cause damage to non-target plants. Coarse spray droplets are less likely to wind-drift. Use only lawn-type sprayers. Do not spray on carpetgrass, dichondra, nor on lawns or turf where desirable clovers are present. Do not spray roots of trees and ornamentals. Do not exceed specified dosages for any area; be particularly careful within dripline of trees and other ornamental species. This product may be injurious to St. Augustine, Bent and Centipede grasses under conditions of high temperature and moisture. Under these conditions, or, in cases of accdidental overdose, some slight temporary discoloration of the St. Augustine foliage may occur. Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treatment areas until spray has dried or dust has settled.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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STORAGE: Store in a locked storage area out of reach of children and domestic animals. Store in original container. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Leave unwanted pesticide material in original container. Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse container. Rinse thoroughly before discarding in trash.

**GENERAL INFORMATION:** Apply spray when weeds are small and tender for best results. For older and hard-to-kill weeds use higher dilution rate. Irrigate the lawn 2 or 3 days prior to spraying to insure that weeds are growing and able to absorb the herbicide. Do not water for 24 hours after treatment. Although spray works faster with temperatures above 70 F, sprays can be applied at any time plants are growing. This product works slowly. Therefore, it will be from 1 to 2 weeks before weeds die.

WEEDS CONTROLLED: Bedstraw, Black Medic, Buckhorn, Bull Thistle, Burdock, Buttercup, Chicory, Chickweed, Clover, Cocklebur, Dandelion, Dock, Galinsoga, Ground Ivy, Hawkweed, Heal-All, Henbit, Knotweed, Lambsquarter, Lespedeza, Mallow, Moringglory, Mustard, Oxalis, Peppergrass, Pigweed, Plantain, Poison Ivy, Poison Oak, Purslane, Ragweed, Sheep Sorrel, Sheperdspurse, Speedwell, Tansy Mustard, Thistle, Spurge, Velvetleaf, Wild Carrot, Wild Garlic, Wild Lettuce, Wild Onion, Yarrow and many other broadleaf weeds.

**HOW TO MIX:** (1) For use on St. Augustine grass, Bentgrass, and Buffalograss: Mix one ounce (2 tablespoons) in one gallon of water and uniformly spray 300 square feet. If necessary, repeat treatment in 2 or 3 weeks, if hard-to-kill weeds persist. (2) For use on all other grasses such as Bermuda, Bahia, Bluegrass, Centipede, Fescue, and Rye: Mix 1-1/2 ounces in one gallon of water and spray uniformly over 300 square feet. On hard-to-kill weeds, or under poor growing conditions, or on older weeds, mix 2 ounces in one gallon of water and spray on 300 square feet with special attention to thorough coverage of hard-to-kill weeds. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year.

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