

ACCEPTED

12-3-74  
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED UNDER NO. 88125

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CORNER

FRONT

SIDE

BACK

23-3.1611

YELLOW-GREEN, RED-BLUE



GREEN LIGHT

# WIPE-OUT<sup>®</sup> BROADLEAF WEED KILLER

For Controlling Weeds in St. Augustine, Bermuda, Fescue, Bent Grass, Bahia, Centipede, Rye, and Bluegrass Lawns

*Kills*

DANDELIONS • KNOTWEED • HENBIT • CHICKWEED  
PLANTAINS • SPURGE • See Back Panel for Other Weeds

KEEP FROM FREEZING  
CONTAINS 2, 4-D, MCPP, AND DICAMBA  
ONE PINT COVERS UP TO 6,400 SQUARE FEET

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
• Dimethylamine salt of 2, 4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	3.23%
• Dimethylamine salt of 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid	10.59%
• Dimethylamine salt of Dicamba (3, 6-dichloro-o-anisic acid)	1.26%
INERT INGREDIENTS	84.90%
Contains Trimec (R) ****	Total 100.00%
**** 2, 4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent 0.235 lbs. per gallon or 2.69%.	
**** 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent 0.764 lbs. per gallon or 8.76%.	
**** 3, 6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent 0.094 lbs. per gallon or 1.07%	
**** Registered trademark of P. B. I.-Gordon Corporation U.S. Pat. No. 3,284,186	

E.P.A. Reg. No. 869-123

**CAUTION:** KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
See other cautions on back.

16 FL. OZ. (1 U.S. PINT)

Distributed by GREEN LIGHT COMPANY, San Antonio, Texas 78246

CUSTOMER GREEN LIGHT CO.	ENG. 23-3.1611	FACTY. 068	SIZE 313 x 111 x 514
LAYOUT 068 # 121	INDEX NO. 0-54	D.F. 7-20-73	STYLE 1-Pr. OBL. INSET
COLORS YELLOW-GREEN-RED-BLUE ON WHITE COAT			ARTIST 9142-18

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

**WEEDS CONTROLLED**  
Green Light Broadleaf Weed Killer is especially effective against weeds such as Sheep Sorrel, Knotweed, Spotted Spurge, Chickweed, Oxalis, and Henbit. In addition to these, it kills virtually all broadleaf weeds, some of which are listed below.

Bedstraw	Dock	Mustard	Speedwell
Black Medic	Galinoga	Oxalis	Tansy Mustard
Buckhorn	Ground Ivy	Papper grass	Thistle
But Thistle	Hackweed	Figwax	Spurge
Burdock	Heal all	Plantain	Velvet Leaf
Buttercup	Henbit	Poison Ivy	Wild Carrot
Chicory	Knotweed	Poison Shrub	Wild Garlic
Chickweed	Lambquarters	Purslane	Wild Lettuce
Clover	Lupulins	Ragwort	Wild Onion
Cocklebur	Mallow	Sheep Sorrel	Yarrow
Dandelion	Morning Glory	Shepherd's Purse	Many other broadleaf weeds

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**  
**GENERAL INFORMATION:** Broadleaf Weed Killer is specially formulated for protection to seedling grasses and 2, 4-D sensitive grasses such as St. Augustine grass, bentgrass, and buffalo grass. Sprays should be applied when broadleaf weeds are small and tender for best results. If weeds are older and hard to kill the higher rates recommended should be used. Avoid spraying St. Augustine grass under conditions of high temperature and moisture when the St. Augustine is growing rapidly. Under these conditions, or in cases of accidental overdose, some slight temporary discoloration of the St. Augustine foliage might occur. **DO NOT USE ON DICONDRA LAWNS.** Do not use on newly seeded lawns.  
To ensure weeds are growing and able to absorb the herbicide, irrigate the lawn 2 or 3 days prior to spraying. Do not water for 24 hours after treatment. Although spray works faster with temperatures above 70° F., sprays can be applied at any time plants are growing. Spray when air is calm to avoid drift. Spray will injure or kill clover, dichondra, and most ornamental and vegetable crops. This product works slowly. Therefore, it will be from 1 to 2 weeks before weeds die. Amount of water in spray is not important except to evenly distribute the chemical. If directions call for one ounce in 1 gallon on 400 square feet, it may be more convenient to use one ounce in 2 gallons on 400 square feet, depending on the sprayer. Generally, large volumes of water result in more uniform coverage.

- HOW TO MIX:**
- For use on St. Augustine grass, bentgrass, buffalo grass, and grass seedlings, mix 1 ounce or 2 tablespoons in 1 gallon of water and uniformly spray 400 square feet (Example: an area 10 feet wide and 40 feet long). If necessary, repeat treatment in 2 or 3 weeks, if hard to kill weeds persist.
  - For use on all other grasses such as bermuda, bahia, bluegrass, centipede, fescue, rye, mix 1 1/2 ounces in 1 gallon of water and spray uniformly over 400 square feet. On hard-to-kill species, or under poor growing conditions, or on older weeds, mix 2 ounces in 1 gallon of water and spray on 400 square feet with special attention to thorough coverage of the hard-to-kill weeds.

**CAUTION:** Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. If contact with eyes occurs, flush with plenty of water.  
Avoid drift of spray mist onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation water. Do not store in contact with fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. Use only lawn sprayers for this use. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift. Do not apply to areas underlaid by roots of desirable trees and shrubs.  
When container is empty, wash thoroughly and destroy. Never re-use. Destroy by perforating or crushing and burying in a safe place. Do not burn.  
This product is toxic to fish, wildlife, and birds. Keep it out of lakes, streams or ponds. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.  
**NOTICE:** Seller warrants that this product conforms to the ingredients statement on the label. Since conditions of use, such as weather, compatibility with other chemicals, and condition of application equipment will vary, Seller makes no claims other than those stated on this label.

869-123

12-3-1974

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