

ACCEPTED
APR 14 1976
 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. **869-102**

STOP READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USE
DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Spray made from this concentrate will kill

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Aphids | Darkling ground beetle | Imported cabbageworm | Stink bugs |
| Army worms | Diamondback moth | Leafhoppers | Tarnished plant hoppers |
| Bagworms | Dipterous leaf miners | Lygus bugs | Thrips |
| Birch leaf miners | Holly leaf miners | Mites | Tomato budworm |
| Chewing cutworms | Hornworms | Salt-marsh caterpillar | Webworms |
| | | | Whiteflies |

Green Light General Spray provides plants with two way protection from insect attack. The spray kills insects on contact. In addition, the spray is absorbed by the leaves and moves in the sap stream to all parts of the plant (systemic action). Working from inside the plant, the insecticide kills sucking insects that feed on the plant sap.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

Green Light General Spray mixes readily with water and may be used in all types of sprayers. Use 2 tablespoonfuls (1 fluid ounce) of concentrate for each gallon of water. Spray plants until they are thoroughly wet. Repeat applications as necessary to maintain insect control.

For hose-end type sprayers, measure 2 tablespoons into the sprayer jar for each gallon of final spray. Add water to the indicated level in the jar to give the desired number of gallons of final spray. Follow the recommendations of the manufacturer of your particular hose end sprayer.

USE PRECAUTIONS: Plant injury from Green Light General Spray application has been observed on Royal Purple Smoke Trees, certain varieties of carnations, zinnias, hawthorn, flowering cherries, and flowering crabapples. For these kinds of plants, treat only a few plants and observe for 4 to 5 days before spraying the entire planting. Or, treat only one or two branches of a plant and observe 4 to 5 days before treating entire plant.

Do not handle treated plants until the spray deposit has dried. Do not use on plants used for food or forage. Use only according to label directions.

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes.

Apply this product only as specified on this label. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur.

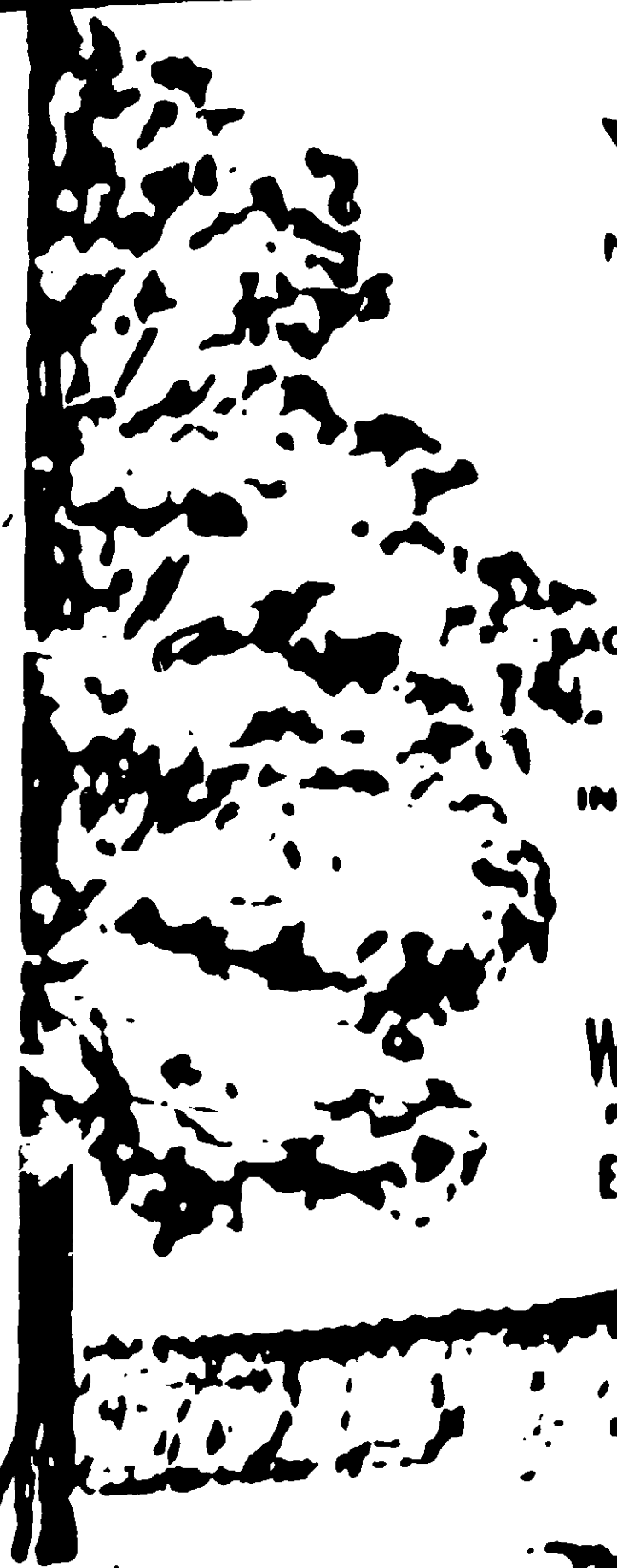
This product is toxic to bees and should not be applied when bees are actively visiting area.

WARNING: Green Light General Spray is poisonous. May be fatal if swallowed. May be absorbed through the skin. Avoid exposure. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. In case of contact, wash with soap and water. If spray gets into eyes, flush with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before re-use. Do not breathe spray mist. Do not contaminate feed or food. Keep out of reach of children. Always wash thoroughly with soap and warm water after handling.

Antidote: Atropine sulfate - see 324M

DO NOT USE POUR SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME

Leave contents in original container. Do not reuse container for any purpose. Destroy when empty.



GREEN LIGHT GENERAL SPRAY

NET CONTENTS
 ONE QUART
KILLS:
INSECTS ON SHRUBS, FLOWERS, SHA...

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS
 Dimethyl (2,2,2-trichloro-1-hydroxyethyl) phosphonate
 S-1,2-tetrahydro-1,2,4-dioxaphosphorin-3-oxide
 Aromatic Petroleum Distillate

INERT INGREDIENTS

Contains 1.5 lbs. Dimethyl (2,2,2-trichloro-1-hydroxyethyl) phosphonate and 0.5 lbs. S-1,2-tetrahydro-1,2,4-dioxaphosphorin-3-oxide per gallon.

WARNING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. SEE OTHER SIDE FOR FULL DIRECTIONS.
 Protect from heat. Store in a cool place but not below 35° F.
 EPA Est. No. 869-TX-1

GREEN LIGHT COMPANY, INC.

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APR 14 1976
 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. **869-102**

GREEN LIGHT
GENERAL SPRAY

CONTAINS SYSTEMIC INSECTICIDE

NET CONTENTS ONE QUART

KILLS: INSECTS ON SHRUBS, FLOWERS, SHADE TREES

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Dimethyl (2,2,2-trichloro-1-hydroxyethyl) phosphonate
 S 12 (ethylbutylmethyl) O O Dimethyl phosphorothioate
 Aromatic Petroleum Distillate

INERT INGREDIENTS

Contains 1.5 lbs. Dimethyl (2,2,2-trichloro-1-hydroxyethyl) phosphonate and 0.5 lb. S 12 (ethylbutylmethyl) O O Dimethyl phosphorothioate per gallon

Total

17.0
 6
 36.4
 39.6
 100.0%

WARNING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. SEE OTHER WARNINGS ON BACK.

Protect from heat. Store in a cool place but not below 29° F

EPA Est. No. 869-TX-1

EPA Reg. No. 869-102-ZA

GREEN LIGHT COMPANY

*Cameraman's Note
 Poor Copy*

Stink Bugs
 Turned plant
 Thrips
 Tobacco Budworm
 Webworms
 Whiteflies

at attack. The spray kills
 in the sap stream to all
 inside kills sucking insects

types of sprayers. Use 2
 spray plants until they are
 pl

each gallon of final spray
 one of final spray. Follow
 byer

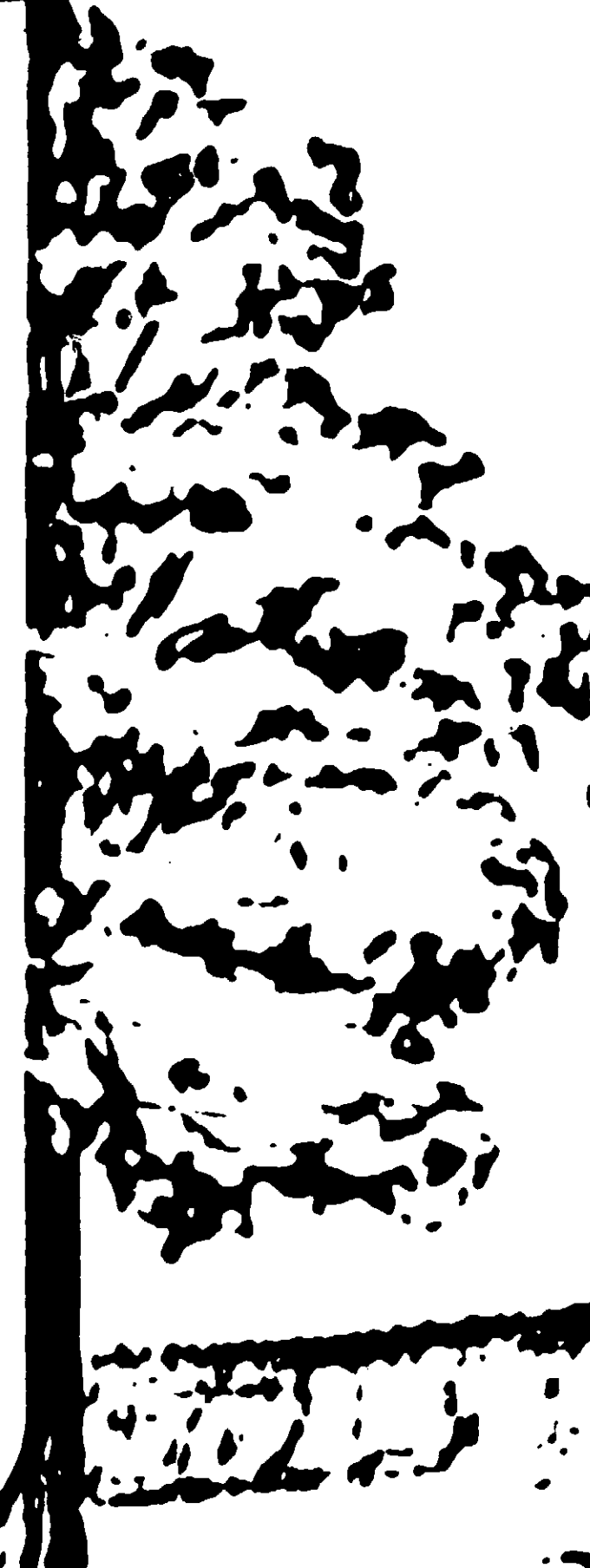
ions has been observed
 from flowering cherries
 and observe for 4 to 5
 s of a plant and observe

rections

be killed. Keep out of any
 see treated. Do not con

runoff is likely to occur
 ively visiting area

owed. May be absorbed
 hing. In case of contact
 ster. Wash contaminated
 Do not contaminate feet
 p and warm water after



ME