



Death for Rats and Mice

Net Weight—1 lb.

Active Ingredients:

Warfarin (3-(α -acetylbenzyl)-4-hydroxycoumarin) 0.025%

Inert Ingredients

Corn meal 99.975%

100.000%

U. S. Pat. No. 2,427,578

GENERAL DIRECTIONS:

Place baits in locations where rats and mice feed, water, or travel. Bait placements along walls, in corners, and in concealed locations where rats and mice can feed unobserved are desirable. Contaminated or spoiled baits should be replaced promptly. Baiting should continue until all signs of feeding have stopped.

Where a continuous source of infestation is present (such as nearby dumps or open fields) permanent bait stations should be established and bait replenished as needed.

FOR RAT CONTROL

Four ounces of bait per station should be the minimum amount used. An uninterrupted supply of bait should be maintained for at least 10 days.

FOR MOUSE CONTROL

Tablespoon amounts ($\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce) of bait should be placed at 8-12 foot intervals. An uninterrupted supply of bait should be maintained for at least 15 days.

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

MeyerKit contains as its active ingredient an anticoagulant chemical which if taken by humans, domestic animals, or pets may reduce the clotting ability of the blood and serious hemorrhage may result. In case baits are eaten, give a tablespoonful of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit & H is clear. Call a physician immediately.

NOTE FOR PHYSICIANS: When a human being is known to have ingested MeyerKit, blood transfusion combined with intravenous heparin and oral doses of Vitamin K are indicated as in the case of hemorrhage caused by overdoses of Dicumarol.

MADE BY

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USDA Reg. No. 854-10.

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