

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

December 5, 2019

Christina M. Swick Agent for Alex C. Fergusson, LLC 5121 Coffey Ave Chambersburg PA 17201

Subject: Label Amendment – Add additional agricultural uses, add establishment numbers, update company logo and add Kosher and Halal symbols Product Name: Per-OX Extreme EPA Registration Number: 833-5 Application Date: March 5, 2019 Decision Number: 549849

Dear Ms. Swick:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

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Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Zebora Johnson by phone at (703) 308-7080 or via email at johnson.zebora@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Autryn V. Wontaguo

Kathryn Montague, Acting Product Manager 33 Regulatory Management Branch 1 Antimicrobials Division (7510P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure: Accepted Label

PER-OX EXTREME

For Industrial and Agricultural Use Only

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER - PELIGRO

For biofouling and slime control in: •Recirculating process and cooling water systems **ACCEPTED** 12/05/2019

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 833-5

For Institutional/Industrial sanitizing of previously cleaned non-porous food contact surfaces in:

- ·Dairies, Wineries, Breweries and Beverage Plants
- ·Meat and Poultry Processing/Packaging Plants
- Milk and Dairy Products Processing/Packing Plants
- Seafood and Produce Processing/Packing Plants
- ·Food Processing/Packing Plants
- •Egg Processing/Packing Equipment Surfaces
- Eating Establishments

For Institutional / Industrial sanitizing of previously cleaned, hard, non-porous food contact surfaces such as: •Eating, Drinking, and Food Preparation Utensils

- Tableware
- Plastic, Glass and Metal Bottles (rinse)

For use as a sanitizer on food contact surfaces in contact with products labeled as organic. For use as a coarse spray for surfaces to be sanitized.

For sanitizing surfaces such as packing house conveyors and harvesting equipment and containers. It is effective against plant pathogens such as Xanthomonas campestris (axonopodis), pathovars citrumelo (citrus canker surrogate).

For sanitizing hatching eggs.

For use as a dip, spray, wash or fog to control the growth of non-public health microorganisms that may cause decay and/or spoilage on raw, post-harvest and fresh cut fruits and vegetables.

For use in agricultural water and irrigation systems.

Active Ingredients: Peroxyacetic Acid	15.0%
Hydrogen Peroxide	10.0%
Inert Ingredients:	<u>75.0%</u>
TOTAL	100.00%

First Aid

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. **If in Eyes**

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice

If Inhaled

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If Swallowed

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

EPA Registration No. 833-5 EPA Est. No. 833-PA-1, 35939-GA-1, 833-LA-1, 47862-CA-1, 83199-SD-1

Net Contents: Lot No.: Exp Date:

Precautionary Statements Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: CORROSIVE. Fatal if absorbed through skin. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Wear overalls worn over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, chemical-resistant footwear, and gloves. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses). Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse

Physical or Chemical Hazards- Strong oxidizing agent. Mix only with water. Not combustible but at temperatures exceeding 156°F, decomposition occurs releasing oxygen. The oxygen released could initiate or promote combustion of other materials.

Environmental Hazards - This pesticide is toxic to birds, mammals, fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluents containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

Any solution released from the system should be diluted with water and tested for residuals to ensure that there is less than 3 ppm peroxygen remaining.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Handlers who may be exposed to the undiluted product through mixing, loading, application, or other tasks must wear: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, rubber gloves, chemical resistant footwear plus socks, and protective eyewear (goggles or face shield). Handlers who may be exposed to the undiluted product through application or other tasks must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Storage and Disposal

Do Not Contaminate Water, Food, or Feed by Storage and Disposal.

Pesticide Storage

NEVER RETURN PER-OX EXTREME TO THE ORIGINAL CONTAINER AFTER IT HAS BEEN REMOVED. Avoid all contaminants, especially dirt, caustic, reducing agents, and metals. Contamination and impurities will reduce shelf life and can induce decomposition. In case of a decomposition, isolate container, douse container with cool water and dilute with large volumes of water.

Avoid damage to containers. Keep containers closed at all times when not in use. Keep containers out of direct sunlight. To maintain product quality, store at temperatures below 86°F. Do not store on wooden pallets.

Procedure for Leak or Spill

Stop leaks if this can be done without risk. Shut off ignition sources; no flames, smoking, flares, or spark-producing tools. Keep combustible and organic materials away. Flush spilled material with large quantities of water. Undiluted material should not enter confined spaces.

Pesticide Disposal

If material has been spilled, an acceptable method of disposal is to dilute with at least 20 volumes of water followed by discharge into suitable treatment system in accordance with all local, state and Federal environmental laws, rules, regulations, standards, and other requirements. Because acceptable methods of disposal may vary by location, regulatory agencies should be contacted prior to disposal.

Product to be discarded should be disposed of as hazardous waste after contacting the appropriate local, state, or Federal agency to determine proper procedures.

Container Disposal

Nonrefillable containers greater than or equal to five gallons. Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Empty drums are not returnable unless special arrangements have been made. Dispose of drums in accordance with local, state, and Federal regulations.

Directions For Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Control of Slime Forming Bacteria in Recirculating Cooling Water Systems (Cooling Towers, Evaporative Condensers) and Non- Food Contact Water Systems (Pulp and Paper Mill Water Systems)

For use in treating raw (make-up) and process waters, closed and opened loop systems such as heat exchangers, wet scrubbers, cooling towers, evaporative condensers and recirculating industrial process water, such as pulp and paper mill water systems.

- 1. Severely fouled systems should be cleaned before adding the product solution. Refer to the system operation manual for directions to clean severely fouled systems. The product should be added directly to the system and not mixed with any other chemicals or additives. Other chemicals should be added separately. Contamination with other chemicals could result in product decomposition.
- 2. Add the product solution at a point in the system where uniform mixing and even distribution will occur.
- 3. <u>Intermittent feed method:</u> When the system is noticeably fouled, apply 0.8-1.2 lb (10 to 16 fluid ounces) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. When microbial control is evident, add 1.0 lb (14 fluid ounces) of the solution per 1000 gallons of water in the system every day, or as needed, to maintain control. The daily dose rate should vary depending upon the severity of the biofouling.
- 4. <u>Continuous feed method</u>: Initial dose When the system is just noticeably fouled, apply 0.8 to 1.2 lb (10 to 16 fluid ounces) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. When microbial control is achieved, start adding continuously at a rate of 1.0 lb (14 fluid ounces) per 1000 gallons of water (provides 17 ppm peroxyacetic acid. Then reduce the rate of addition to a level sufficient to maintain control. The dose rate may have to be adjusted to account for losses due to blowdown and evaporation. Add 1.4 fluid ounces of product for every 100 gals of make-up water.

Food Processing Equipment

The product may be used to achieve commercial sterility of non-porous food manufacturing, packaging and filling equipment. May be used on manufacturing, filling (including rotary fillers) and packaging equipment.

- 1. Remove gross soil particles from equipment surfaces.
- 2. Clean surfaces thoroughly.
- 3. Rinse thoroughly with potable water.
- 4. Apply a solution containing 4000 ppm (0.4%) peroxyacetic acid at a minimum temperature of 65°C.
- 5. Use immersion, coarse spray or circulation techniques to apply. Automated application by fine mist or vapor deposition may
- be used within enclosed spaces.6. Allow contact time of at least 20 seconds.
- 7. Allow to drain dry.
- 8. A final rinse with sterile water is optional.

This product may be used on equipment used in aseptic packaging as an antimicrobial rinse in food processing operation that has a scheduled process accepted by FDA. The aseptic food processing operation must comply with all applicable FDA regulations, including but not limited to 21 CFR parts 108, 110, 113, and/or 114. Use of an aseptic food processing operation includes treating required for the process validation.

Sanitizing of Hard, Non-porous Food Contact Surfaces

For use in circulation cleaning and institutional/industrial sanitizing of previously cleaned hard, non-porous food-contact surfaces and equipment, such as food preparation surfaces, pipelines, tanks, vats, filters, evaporators, pasteurizers, and aseptic equipment in

- Dairies, Wineries, Breweries and Beverage Plants
- Meat and Poultry Processing / Packaging Plants
- Milk and Dairy Products Processing / Packing Plants
- Seafood and Produce Processing / Packing Plants
- Food Processing / Packing Plants
- · Egg Processing / Packing Equipment Surfaces
- Eating Establishments
- Final Sanitizing Bottle Rinse

PER-OX EXTREME is an effective sanitizer against *Staphylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli, Listeria monocytogenes*, and *Salmonella typhimurium*.

- Clean equipment immediately after use.
- 1. Remove gross particulate matter with a warm water flush.
- 2. Wash equipment with detergent or cleaning solution.
- 3. Rinse equipment with potable water.
- 4. Prepare product solution by adding 0.31 to 1.83 fluid ounces to 5 gallons potable water. This provides 85 to 500 ppm peroxyacetic acid.
- 5. If sanitizing against *Listeria monocytogenes*, use 0.50 to 1.83 fluid ounces of product in 5 gallons potable water. This provides 137 to 500 ppm peroxyacetic acid.
- 6. Fill closed systems with diluted sanitizer solution and allow a contact time of one (1) minute.
- 7. For open or not completely closed systems, use a coarse spray, mop/wipe or flood technique to apply the solution to the surface and allow a contact time of one (1) minute.
- 8. Allow surface to drain thoroughly before resuming operation.

Eating Establishment Sanitizing

PER-OX EXTREME is an effective sanitizer against Staphylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli, Listeria monocytogenes, and Salmonella typhimurium.

- 1.Scrape/prewash plates, utensils, cups, glasses, etc. whenever possible.
- 2. Wash all items with a detergent.
- 3. Rinse thoroughly with potable water.
- 4. Prepare product solution by adding 0.31 to 1.83 fluid ounces to 5 gallons of potable water. This provides 85 to 500 ppm peroxyacetic acid.
- 5. Immerse all items for at least 1 minute or for a longer contact time if specified by the local governing sanitizing code.
- 6.If sanitizing against Listeria monocytogenes, use 0.50 to 1.83 fluid ounces of product in 5 gallons potable water. This

provides 137 to 500 ppm peroxyacetic acid.

7. Place all sanitized items on a rack or drainboard to drain adequately. Air dry if items will not be reused immediately.

Sanitizing Tableware

For sanitizing tableware in low to ambient temperature warewashing machines, inject the diluted product solution (0.31 to 1.83 fluid ounces of the product to 5 gallons of potable water) into the final rinse water. This will provide 85 to 500 ppm of peroxyacetic acid. Allow treated materials to drain adequately. Air dry if items will not be reused immediately.

Final Sanitizing Bottle Rinse

May be used as a final sanitizing rinse for plastic, glass or metal returnable and non-returnable bottles/ cans.

- 1. Wash bottles with detergent or cleaning solution and rinse with potable water.
- 2. Rinse bottles with a solution prepared by mixing 0.31 to 1.83 fluid ounces of product to 5 gallons of potable water. This provides 85 to 500 ppm of peroxyacetic acid. Allow to drain dry.

Sanitization of Hatching Eggs

- 1. Prepare a dilute solution prepared by mixing 0.31 to 0.73 fluid ounces of product to 5 gallons of potable water. This provides 85 to 200 ppm of peroxyacetic acid.
- 2. Apply dilute solution as eggs are gathered or prior to setting, as a coarse spray or flood so as to lightly wet all egg shell surfaces.
- 3. Allow to drain dry.

Sanitization of Conveyors, Peelers, Slicers and Saws for Meat, Poultry, Seafood, Fruits and Vegetables PER-OX EXTREME is an effective sanitizer against *Staphylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli, Listeria monocytogenes,* and *Salmonella typhimurium.*

For use in the static or continuous washing, rinsing and sanitizing of conveyor equipment, peelers, collators, slicers, saws, etc. 1. Remove all products from equipment if during treatment the sanitizer will directly contact the items.

- 2. Prepare sanitizer solution by adding 0.31 to 1.83 fluid ounces of product to 5 gallons of potable water. This provides 85 to 500 ppm of peroxyacetic acid.
- 3. Apply sanitizer solution to the return portion of the conveyor or to the equipment by using a coarse spray or other means of wetting the surfaces. Control the volume of solution so as to permit maximum drainage and to prevent puddles. The conveyor may still be damp when food contact occurs.
- 4. If sanitizing against *Listeria monocytogenes*, use 0.50 to 1.83 fluid ounces of product in 5 gallons potable water. This provides 137 to 500 ppm peroxyacetic acid.
- 5. Allow a minimum contact time of 1 minute then allow equipment to drain adequately before reusing, a dry surface is not required.

Surfaces Treated to Control the Spread of Citrus Canker

Can be used to control the spread of citrus canker between inanimate surfaces to plants. This product is for sanitizing surfaces such as packinghouse conveyors and harvesting equipment and containers. This product is not for treatment of infected plants.

Antimicrobial Rinse of Pre-Cleaned or New Returnable or Non-Returnable Containers

To reduce the number of nonpathogenic beverage spoilage organisms such as Aspergillus versicolor, Byssochlamys fulva, Pediococcus damnosus, Lactobacillus buchneri, and Saccharomyces cerevisiae.

1. Use up to 10 fluid ounces of product per 5 gallons of potable water. This provides 2700 ppm of peroxyacetic acid.

- 2. After applying the antimicrobial rinse, allow containers to drain thoroughly.
- 3. Optional rinse with sterile or potable water.

For Treatment of Raw, Unprocessed Fruit and Vegetable Surfaces

Can be applied as a dip or spray to control the growth of non-public health microorganisms such as *Xanthomonas campestris* (*axonopodis*), *pathovars citrumelo* (citrus canker surrogate) and *Aspergillus versicolor*, blue mold (*Penicillium* species), green mold (*Penicillium* species) and stem-end rot (*Geotrichum*) that may cause decay and/or spoilage on raw, post-harvest fruits and vegetables during the washing process. This product can be applied during physical cleaning processes, including at the roller spreader, washer manifold, dip tank, on the brushes or elsewhere in the washing process prior to, simultaneously with, or after detergent wash.

1.Prepare treatment solution by adding 1.0 fluid ounce per 16 gallons of potable water. This will provide 85 ppm of peroxyacetic acid.

- 2.Apply the diluted sanitizer solution using a coarse spray directed at the fruits or vegetables, or by soaking the fruits and vegetables in the solution. Allow a contact time of at least 45 seconds.
- 3. The treated produce can be drain dried without a potable water rinse.
- 4. Do not reuse solution after treatment.

Can be used on the following raw and post-harvest fruits and vegetables

- · Root and tube vegetables such as carrots and potatoes
- Bulb vegetables such as onions, garlic and shallots
- · Leafy vegetables such as broccoli, cabbage and cauliflower
- Legumes such as beans, peas and lentils
- Fruiting vegetables such as peppers, tomato and eggplant
- · Cucurbits such as cucumbers, melons, squash and pumpkins
- Citrus fruits such as oranges, lemons, limes and grapefruit
- Pome fruits, apples and pears
- · Stone fruits such as cherries, peaches, nectarines and plums
- · Small fruits and berries: blackberries, blueberries red and black raspberries
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Tree nuts such as almond, brazil, filbert, cashew and pecan
- Cereal grains such as corn, barley, oats, rice, and wheat
- Herbs and spices such as basil, chives, coriander and dill
- Miscellaneous fruits and vegetables such as asparagus, avocado, artichoke, banana, cranberry, fig, grapes, kiwifruit, mango, mushrooms, okra, papaya, peanut, pineapple, strawberry and water chestnut.

Sanitizing Hard, Non-Porous, Non-Edible Outside Surfaces of Airtight, Sealed Packages Containing Food or Non-Food Products PER-OX EXTREME may be used as a final sanitizing rinse for hard, non-porous non-edible outside surfaces of airtight, sealed packages containing food or non-food products at a dilution of 0.31-1.83 fluid ounces per 5 gallons of potable water. This provides 85-500 ppm peroxyacetic acid. The treated hard, non-porous non-edible packaging, such as food wraps and meat casings must be removed and discarded before packaged food products are further processed or consumed. All surfaces must be exposed to the sanitizing solution for a period of not less than 1 minute. Drain thoroughly. No rinse necessary. This is not to be used on porous surfaces.

AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL USES

This product must never be mixed or combined with any other pesticide or fertilizer. Upon soil contact this product decomposes rapidly to oxygen, carbon dioxide, and water. The product is harmful to fish if exposed on a continuous basis at concentrations of 0.5 ppm or more PAA. Meter this product into pressurized pipes using a plastic or stainless-steel injection/backflow device installed far enough upstream from the target equipment to ensure thorough mixing. For open flowing bodies of water, apply this product as far upstream as possible to allow adequate mixing prior to the flow entering any larger body of water. If open pouring of this product is required pour product as close to the surface of the water as possible to reduce odor exposure.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Soil Applications: Use this product at 16.1-32.2 fl. oz. per 100 gal of water (220-440 ppm active peroxyacetic acid) for the control of soil-borne diseases such as Fusarium, Phytophthora, Pythium, Verticillim, Thielaviopsis, and Rhizoctonia. This product can be applied by drench, flood, drip or sprinkler irrigation systems. Best results may be obtained by application prior to and during the seeding or transplant operations. Wait one day before inoculating the soil with beneficial microbes.

Foliar Applications: This product may be used to cure or prevent bacterial and fungal diseases on growing agricultural crops. Typical use rates are 5.6-48.4 fl. oz. of this product per 100 gal of water (77-663 ppm active peroxyacetic acid) applied at 30–100 gal of mixed solution per acre of foliage. Curative (or rescue) treatment requires the lower dilution rates, while preventative treatments use the higher dilution rates. Apply curative treatments for 2-3 days and then resume weekly preventative treatments thereafter. Good coverage and wetting of the foliage is required. Not all plant diseases have been tested, but some of the common diseases controlled are: Algae, Alternaria spp., Anthracnose, Aphanomyces, Bacterial Blight, Black Spot, Botrytis (gray mold), Brown Spot, Copper Spot, Dollar Spot, Early and Late Blights, Erwinia spp., Fairy Ring, Fusarium Root Rot and Blight, Fruit, Black, Brown, Stem and Sour Rots, Leaf and Bacterial Spots, Plasmopara, Powdery and Downy mildews, Phytophthora Blight/Rots, Pink Snow Mold, Pseudomonas and Xanthomonas spp., Pythium spp., Rhizoctonia spp., Rusts, Scabs, Scum, Slime Molds, Smut, Summer Patch, Stripe Smut, Take-all Patch, and Thielaviopsis.

FOLIAR SPRAY TREATMENT IN GREENHOUSES (Not for use in CA.): This product works immediately on contact with any plant surface for control/suppression of fungi. Apply this product to ornamentals, bedding plants, flowering plants, shrubs, and trees. To ensure that this fungicide is effective, thorough coverage and wetting of the foliage is necessary.

Initial Curative Application:

- Use 22.4-44.8 oz. of this product per 100 gallons of clean water {(307 614 ppm active PAA)} {(or equivalent usedilution)}. Do not reuse already mixed solution. Make fresh solution at least daily or when use solution becomes visibly dirty, soiled or diluted.
- 2. Spray, mist or fog plants in the early morning or late evening. Do not breathe spray.
- 3. Thoroughly wet all surfaces of plant including upper and lower foliage, stems, branches and stalks to ensure full contact with plant and flower tissue.
- 4. Apply for one to three consecutive days and then follow directions for preventive treatment after the initial application.

Weekly Preventive Treatment:

- 1. Use 4.67 7.74 oz. of this product per 100 gallons of clean water {(64 106 ppm active PAA)} {(or equivalent use-dilution)}.
- 2. Spray, mist or fog plants. Do not breathe spray.
- 3. Thoroughly wet all surfaces of plant including upper and lower foliage, stems, branches and stalks to ensure full contact with plant and flower tissue.
- 4. Spray every five to seven days as a Preventive treatment.
- 5. At the first sign of disease, spray daily with a dilution of 22.4 44.8 oz. of this product per 100 gallons of water {(or equivalent use-dilution)} for three consecutive days and then resume weekly Preventive Treatment.

FOLIAR SPRAY TREATMENT FOR FIELD GROWN CROPS, CROPS GROWN IN COMMERCIAL GREENHOUSES OR CROPS GROWN IN SIMILAR SITES (Not for use in CA.): This product works immediately on contact with any plant surface for

control/suppression of disease. Apply this product to growing crops and nursery stock such as woody ornamentals, bedding plants, flowering plants, roses, container plants, azaleas, rhododendrons, conifers, and shade trees. Use a dilution of 4.2 oz. – 42oz. of this product per 100 gallons of clean water {(or equivalent use- dilution)}. Good coverage and wetting of foliage is required to ensure full contact with plant and flower tissue.

Initial Curative Application:

- Use 22.4–44.8 oz of this product per 100 gallons of clean water {(307 614 ppm active PAA)} {(or equivalent use-dilution)}. Do not reuse already mixed solution. Make fresh solution at least daily or when use solution becomes visibly dirty, soiled or diluted.
- 2. Spray, mist or fog plants and trees, including applications through irrigation {(or chemigation)} systems. Do not breathe spray.
- 3. Thoroughly wet all surfaces of plant, upper and lower foliage, including stems, branches and stalks to ensure full contact with plant and flower tissue.
- 4. Apply for one to three consecutive days and then follow directions for Preventive Treatment after the initial application. Weekly Preventive Treatment:
- 1. Use 22.4-44.8 oz of this product per 100 gallons of clean water {(307 614 ppm active PAA)} {(or equivalent use-dilution)}.
- 2. Spray, mist or fog plants and trees, including applications through irrigation {(or chemigation)} systems. Do not breathe spray.
- 3. Thoroughly wet all surfaces of plant, upper and lower foliage, including stems, branches and stalks to ensure full contact with plant and flower tissue.
- 4. Spray every five to seven days as a Preventive Treatment.
- 5. At the first sign of disease spray daily with a dilution of 44.8 oz. of this product per 100 gallons of water for three consecutive days and then resume weekly Preventive Treatment.

FOR SEED BED TREATMENT (Not for use in CA.): Prior to sowing seed, apply a dilution rate of 84 oz. of this product per 100 gallons of clean water. Thoroughly wet or drench the seedbed, to the point of saturation, with 60 – 100 gal. of diluted solution per 1,000 sq. ft. Let sit for one hour then immediately seed soil. After seeds have germinated, apply a dilution rate of 42 oz. of this product per 100 gallons of clean water. Lightly spray or irrigate the soil and seedlings until thoroughly wetted. Repeat once a week until seed is well established.

FOR SOIL TREATMENT PRE-INOCULATION WITH BENEFICIAL ORGANISMS (Not for use in CA.): Use this product to reduce the number of potential plant pathogenic organisms in the soil that will prevent beneficials from becoming established. Use a dilution rate of 84 oz. of this product per 100 gallons of clean water. Thoroughly wet or drench the area to be inoculated. Wait one day before inoculating soil.

FOR DISEASE CONTROL ON FRUITS AND VEGETABLES (Not for use in CA.): For curative treatment, spray diseased plants with 42 oz. of this product per 100 gallons of clean water. Apply for three consecutive days and then continue to apply the 42 oz per 100 gallons treatment at intervals of 5 – 7 days. For preventive treatment, begin when plants are small. Apply treatments at a dilution rate of 42 oz. of this product per 100 gallons of clean water at 5-day intervals. On the fourth treatment, reduce the dilution rate to 17 oz. of this product per100 gallons of clean water and continue to apply at 5-day intervals until harvest. Do not breathe spray.

Treatment of Agricultural and Irrigation Water Systems

Use to control sulfides, odor, slime and algae in sand filters, humidification systems, storage tanks, ponds, reservoirs, canals. Apply at 15 to 75 fluid ounces per 10,000 gallons of water. This provides 2 ppm to 10 ppm peroxyacetic acid. Repeat dose as necessary to maintain control. For prevention of algae, some systems may require continuous low-level dosing during warm, sunny periods (2 ppm to 5 ppm peroxyacetic acid).

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and Restricted-Entry Interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to the uses of this product that are covered by the Workers Protection Standard. There is a restricted entry of zero (0) hours for this product.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

A Restricted-Entry-Interval of zero (0) hours is required for this product in agricultural and horticultural uses. This product should not be mixed or combined with any pesticides or fertilizers. Upon soil contact, the diluted product decomposes rapidly to oxygen, carbon dioxide, and water. This product may be harmful to fish if exposed on a continuous basis at concentrations greater than 1 ppm of active peracetic acid. Meter this product into pressurized pipes using a plastic or stainless steel injection/backflow device installed upstream from the equipment to ensure thorough mixing prior to application. For open bodies of water, allow adequate mixing prior to product flow entering any body of water. If open pouring of this product is required, pour product close to the surface of the water as possible to reduce odor and exposure.

Manufactured by: Alex C. Fergusson, LLC. 5121 Coffey Avenue Chambersburg, PA 17201 Tel. 800-345-1329

24 Hr Emergency Chemtrec No.: 800-424-9300 (Chemtrec Customer Number CCN837):

