



DANGER — POISON PRECAUTIONS

Can Kill You If Swallowed

This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts: spray mist or dust may be fatal if swallowed.



Can Kill You By Skin Contact

This product can kill you if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes or on clothing (liquid goes through clothes).



Can Kill You If Breathed

This product can kill you if vapors, spray mist or dust are breathed.

Poisonous To Fish and Wildlife

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated area. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

(1) Wear water-proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes. (2) Wear safety goggles. (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U. S. Bureau of Mines for parathion protection. (4) Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital—immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking. **AFTER WORK,** take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.



POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die. Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasm and coma.

STOP! READ THIS LABEL

POISON

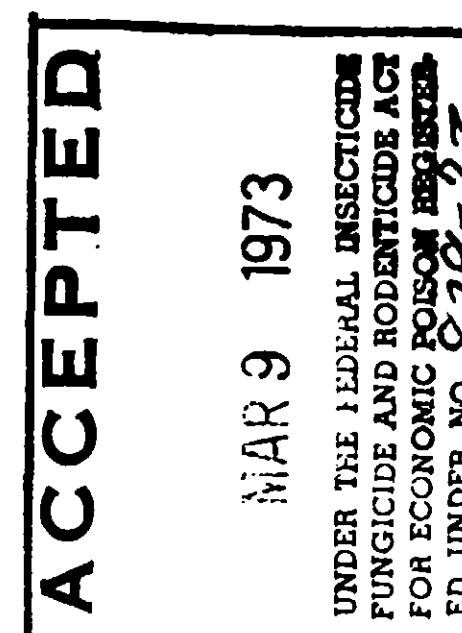
See Side Panels For Antidotes and Precautions



CAN KILL YOU

DANGER

Keep Out of Reach of Children



NOT FOR HOME USE

SA-50® BRAND MANZATE® DUST with 1% Parathion

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Maneb (manganese ethylenebisdithiocarbamate)	5.6%
(Manganese equivalent as metallic 1.16%)	
Parathion (O, O-diethyl O-p-nitrophenyl thiophosphate)	1.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS	93.4%

SUGGESTED FOR USE ON: 100.0%

Tomatoes and Potatoes for the control of early blight, late blight, grey leaf spot (*Alternaria*), aphids and mites. Apply at weekly intervals and following rains, beginning when plants are established in the fields. Make 30 to 50 lb. per acre applications depending on the size of the plants. For control of late blight on maturing crops make 50 to 60 lb. per acre applications when applied by ground duster and 60 to 70 lb. per acre applications when applied by aircraft. Do not apply to tomatoes within 10 days of harvest or to potatoes within 5 days of harvest.

Cabbage and Cauliflower for the control of downy mildew and alternaria leaf spot, and aphids in plant beds. Begin applications 7 to 10 days after planting. Apply at 3-day intervals until plants are set. Clean, natural rubber gloves should be worn when handling treated plants. Apply 1 lb. per 1000 sq. ft. of bed. In the field apply when insects or diseases threaten, making 30 to 40 lbs. per acre applications at 5 to 7-day intervals as needed for control. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.