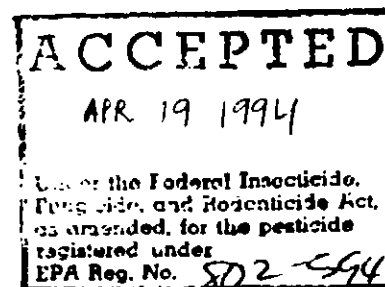


LILLY/MILLER
BLACKBERRY & BRUSH KILLER

Kills woody plants, weeds, vines --- roots & all.
See results in 1 - 6 weeks.
Contains Triclopyr



ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Triclopyr (3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridinyloxyacetic acid),
triethylamine salt* 8.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS 92.0%

*Equivalent to 5.7% acid.

Keep out of reach of children

CAUTION

See back panel for additional precautionary statements

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Do not allow children or pets onto treated areas until sprays have dried. Remove saturated clothing and wash before reuse.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If Swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If Inhaled: Remove affected person to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if indicated. If In Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. If On Skin: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For household use only.

What is this product? And what will it do?

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Blackberry & Brush Killer kills blackberry vines, plus many kinds of brush and unwanted woody plants. The area can be planted again just a few weeks after spraying.

Blackberry & Brush Killer will also prevent woody plants from sending up sprouts from the roots, once they are cut down.

Use Blackberry & Brush Killer to kill these plants:

Alder, Arkansas Rose, Arrowwood, Ash, Aspen, Beech, Birch, Blackberry, Blackgum, Box Elder, California Rose, Cascara, Ceanothus, Cherry, Chinquapin, Choke Cherry, Cottonwood, Douglas Fir, Dogwood, Elderberry, Elm, Hawthorn, Hazel, Honeysuckle, Hornbeam, Horsetail Rush (Field), Kudzu, Locust, Madrone, Maples, Mesquite, Mimosa, Mulberry, Oaks, Persimmon, Pine, Poison Ivy, Poison Oak, Poplar, Raspberry, Salmonberry, Sassafras, Scotch Broom, Sumac, Sweetbay Magnolia, Sweetgum, Sycamore, Tanoak, Thimbleberry, Trumpet Creeper, Tulip Poplar, Vine Maple, Virginia Creeper, Western Hemlock, Wild Grape, Wild Rose, Willow, Winged Elm.

How do I use this product?

When to use: Spray brush anytime it is actively growing - in Spring, after leaves are fully open, in Summer, when there is sufficient water, or in the Fall, before the leaves begin to change color.

What to do: Spray Blackberry & Brush Killer using a pump sprayer or a hose-end sprayer. Use a spray pattern which gives small droplets without a fine mist. Over-pumping the sprayer will make a fine mist. Spray when the air is calm and there is no wind. Wet the brush completely with the spray. This product works through the leaves and bark; there's no need to wet the soil. After leaves have dropped off (4 - 6 weeks after spraying), cut down the brush and dispose of it. Once the brush is gone, the area may be replanted.

What not to do: Do not spray when it is windy. Do not allow spray mist to drift onto vegetables, flowers, ornamental shrubs and trees, small fruits, fruit trees, or any other desirable plants. They will be damaged. Do not spray when rain is expected. Do not water the area for 24 hours after spraying. Do not use this product around vegetables, fruits or other plants you eat. Do not use this product when temperatures are above 85 degrees F.

Mixing and Measuring - Shake well before using.

It's a good idea to have a separate sprayer just for weed and brush killers, to avoid mix-ups.

Use this amount of _____ in this amount _____ to cover _____

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Blackberry & Brush Killer	of water	this area
=====		
1/2 - 1 cup (4 - 8 fl. oz.)	1 gallon	500 sq. ft.
1 - 2 cups (8 - 16 fl. oz.)	2 gallons	1000 sq. ft.
1-1/2 - 3 cups (12 - 24 fl. oz.)	3 gallons	1500 sq. ft.

Use the higher amounts when conditions are especially dry and on mature or hard to kill brush (such as ash, blackgum, chokecherry, elm, maple, oak, pine or winged elm), to prevent resprouting. Coverage will vary somewhat depending on the amount of brush to be sprayed.

What will I see?

In one to six weeks the leaves will begin to wilt, turn brown and drop off.

Stump Treatment:

Blackberry & Brush Killer can also be used to prevent woody plants and crees from sending up sprouts from the roots. Right after the tree or bush has been cut down, apply Blackberry & Brush Killer to the stump. Use the product straight from the bottle, do not add water. Use a paint brush or small sprayer to completely cover the freshly cut surface. Do not reuse the paint brush; wrap it in several layers of newspaper and discard it in the trash. Blackberry & Brush Killer will be absorbed into the roots and reduce the number of sprouts coming up in the lawn and surrounding areas.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store this product in its original container out of reach of children and domestic animals. Do not reuse container. Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

NOTICE: Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

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 EPA Reg. No. 802-
 EPA Est. 802-OR-1