PM-23

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February 27, 1993

I, being an authorized representative of The Chas. H. LILLY Co., certify that all containers of Lilly/Miller Noxall Vegetation Killer Concentrate, EPA Reg. No. 802-587 produced by June 15, 1994 will bear revised labeling in accordance with the revised labeling required for Task Force technical and manufacturing-use products. I further certify that all containers of said product sold or distributed by this company by January 1, 1995 will bear revised labeling in accordance with the revised labeling required for Task Force technical and manufacturing-use products.

MMUGELETTE Molly Klettke, Registration Specialist

LILLY/MILLER
NOXALL
VEGETATION KILLER CONCENTRATE

Covers 133 SQ. FT.

## ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Promet	Prometon (2,4-bis (isopropylamino)-6-methoxy-s-triazine)															ne)	•	•	•	3.6%
2,4-D	ichle	propl	heno	xya	cet	ic	aci	d	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1.0%
INERT	ING	REDII	ENTS			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	95.4%
Total	•							•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	1	100.0%

FOR DRIVEWAYS, PATIOS, FENCE ROWS, AND OTHER WASTE PLACES

Keep out of reach of children DANGER

See side panel for additional precautionary statements.

NET CONTENTS 1 PINT

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes eye and skin irritation. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. May cause allergic skin reaction. When using this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, chemical-resistant gloves and eye protection. It is recommended that safety glasses include front, brow and temple protection. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Do not breathe spray mist. After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower. Do not contaminate feed or foodstuffs. Do not allow people (other than applicator) or pets on treatment area during application. Do not enter treated areas until spray has dried.

## STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

In case of eye contact, wash with water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention. In case of skin contact, wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if skin irritation persists. If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Drink milk, egg whites or gelatin. I not available, drink plenty of water. If inhaled, remove victim to fres air.

Note to Physician: There is no specific antidote. If ingested, do not induce emesis and take care to avoid aspiration of stomach contents during gastric lavage. Give a saline laxative and supportive therapy.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of any body of water. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. Do not,

contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS
Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

NOT FOR USE ON LAWNS . . . KILLS GRASS

Read Cautions First! Shake well before using.

- 1. Mix 3/4 to 1 pint per gallon of water in sprayer or sprinkler ) applicator. If sprayer is used, work at lowest possible pressure and use large nozzle opening to give large droplets.
  - 2. Apply one gallon of mixed spray per 100 to 133 sq. ft. On scattered weeds wet all foliage to the ground. Full wetting is essential for good control. New shoots from deep rooted perennials such as Canada Thistle and Milkweed may require repeat spraying. Make application when weeds are young and actively growing. Action is slow if ground is dry or plants wilted. The maximum number of broadcast applications per treatment site is 2 per year.
  - 3. Apply along fence lines, gravel drives, patio blocks, and around buildings where no growth is desired. Kills grass and broadleaf weeds. Do not use on lawns. Some species such as Oxalis may not be completely killed. Annual weeds may sprout from seed 3 or 4 months following treatment. Tall weeds should be cut first as the dead foliage is a fire hazard.
  - 4. Activity is apparent on plants in a few days but final kill by root penetration may take 2 or 3 weeks. The mixed spray is white and any skips are noticeable so that complete coverage is easy to obtain.

OTHER USE PRECAUTIONS: Care must be taken that none of this material falls on flower beds or edges of lawns. Do not spray over roots of valuable trees, shrubs or grape vines. Never use a weed killer sprayer or equipment to apply insecticides or fungicides. Do not use same spray equipment to apply insecticides or fungicides. Do not use same spray equipment for other purposes. Avoid spray drift to vegetables, flowers, ornamentals or other desirable plants. Do not use fine mist sprays. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift away from target area.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children and pets. Do not store near feed or

foodstuffs. To prevent cross-contamination, do not store near fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides, or near seeds. PRODUCT DISPOSAL: Securely wrap original container with unused product in several layers of newspapers and discard in trash. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse empty can. Rinse thoroughly before discarding in trash.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that this product conforms to the ingredient statement on the label. Since conditions of use, such as weather, compatibility with other chemicals, and condition of application equipment will vary, seller makes no claims other than those stated on this label.

THE CHAS. H. LILLY CO. PORTLAND, OREGON 97218 EPA Est. 802-OR-1 EPA Reg. No. 802-587