BEST AVAILABLE COPY

LILLY/MILLER
Systemic
Plant & Pot
Insecticide

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

0,0-Diethyl S-[2-(ethylthio)ethyl] phosphorodithioate . . . 2% INERT INGREDIENTS 98%

Potted Plant Size For Flowers, Roses, and Shrubs

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated:

Keep out of reach of children WARNING
See side panel for additional precautionary statements.

APR - 4 1989

NET WT. 8 OZ., 1 LB.

NOT FOR USE INDOORS

Under the Post of servicide, Fungicide, and Posts of Act as amended, for the periode registered under LPA larg. No.

SYSTEMIC PLANT & POT INSECTICIDE protects plants such as Roses, Chrysanthemums, Azaleas, Pyracantha, Spirea and Birch from damage by Aphids, Spider Mites, Thrips, Leafminers, Whiteflies, Lace Bugs and Leafhoppers.

SYSTEMIC PLANT & POT INSECTICIDE enters a plant through its roots (systemic action) and is then moved to all parts of the plant through natural growth and sap flow. Working from inside the plant, it controls the listed sucking type insects that feed on the plants.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Apply the ready-to-use granules uniformly (see Recommended Applications) to the soil around the base of the plant. Mix the granules into the top soil, then water. The chemical, released from the granules, will reach into the root zone and be absorbed into the plant. The granules can also be scattered over planting beds and mixed into the top soil before sowing seed or setting bulbs or transplants. Additional applications of CYSTEMIC PLANT & POT INSECTICIDE can be made as needed to maintain insect control after the plants start to grow.

SYSTEMIC PLANT & POT INSECTICIDE controls the listed sucking type insects, thereby allowing flowers, shrubs, roses and ornamentals to grow vigorously to provide beautiful blooms, flowers and shrubs...

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS:

For Flowers: Ageratum, Calendula, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Delphinium, Petunia and Other Flowers. To Control: Aphids (Plant Lice), Lace bugs, Leafhoppers, Spider mites, Thrips,

AMOUNT TO USE

Before Planting: Apply 16 ounces evenly over 200 square feet (10 x 20 ft.) of bed area and work into the top 2 to 3 inches of soil. 'Sow 'seed'!'! or set plants and water thoroughly.'' Growing Plants: For Individual.

Whiteflies.

Plants: Apply one rounded teaspoonful around base of plant, work into soil and water thoroughly. For Flowers in a Row: Apply one rounded teaspoonful per foot of row in a narrow band near base of plants, work into top soil and water thoroughly. Repeat applications at 4 to 6 week intervals if insects reappear. Potted Plants: Apply one rounded teaspoonful per 6 inch pot. Mix thoroughly into top soil and drench with water.

SHRUBS: Azalea, Birch, Camellia. Euonymus, Pine, Rhododendron, Roses, Yew, and Other Shrubs. To Control: Aphids (Plant Lice), Birch leafminers, Holly leafminers, 6 ft. in height. Distribute the Lace bug, Leafhoppers, Mimosa Webworm, Pine Tip Moth, Spider Mites, Thrips, Whiteflies.

Apply 2 to 4 rounded tablespoonfuls per foot of shrub height. Use the lower rate for shrubs up to 3 ft. an the higher rate for shrubs from 3 to required amount evenly from the base of shrub to the drip line on all sides of the plant. Work into the top 1 to 2 inches of soil and water thoroughly. Repeat application at 4 to 6 week intervals if required.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING: May be fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear rubber gloves. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep children and pets off treated areas until this material is worked and watered into the soil and treated area is completely dried. Utensils such as teaspoons or measuring cups should not be used for food purposes after use with insecticides.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If Swallowed, Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Atropine is antidotal. 2-PAM is also antidotal and may be used in conjunction with atropine. . IY.On Skin, Wash skin with soap and water. If In Eyes, Flush with water for 15 minutes and get medical attention.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, birds and other wildlife. contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Store in original container and place in a looked

storage area. Do not reuse container. Rinse thoroughly and securely wrap in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

Filled by weight not by volume. Product may settle after oackaging.

NOTICE: Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

THE CHAS. H. LILLY CO. PORTLAND, OREGON 97218 EPA Est. 802-OR-1 EPA Reg. No. 802-81972

