

ACCEPTED

802-529

12-8-75

U.S. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION



SECRET

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REGISTERED UNDER NO. ...
TO ATTACHED ...

NET CONTENTS
ONE PINT

The following brushy plants are controlled through a consistent year-to-year weed killing spray program:

- | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|------------|
| Wild Blackberries | Raspberry | Birch |
| Alder | Salmonberry | Poplar |
| Poison Oak | Willows | Poison Ivy |
| Elderberry | Wild Rose | |

Apply Miller's BRUSH KILLER to control brushy plants along fence rows, right-of-ways, and industrial areas where brushy plants are a problem.

SUMMER SPRAY—when brush first comes into full leaf

Dilution Chart and Application Directions

Use this amount of MILLER'S BRUSH KILLER	Diluted with this amount of water
6 tablespoons	1 gallon
1 pint	6 gallons

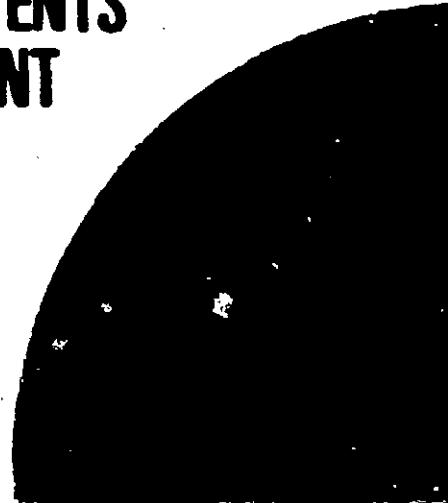
1. Spray when brush first comes into leaf. (Summer spraying — dilute with water only.)
2. Thoroughly wet entire brush, inside and outside, from tip to crown.
3. Soak crown thoroughly.
4. For best results, summer spray should be followed by Dormant Spray application as outlined below.

DORMANT SPRAY—after leaves have fallen in late fall or early winter

Dilution Chart and Application Directions

Use this amount of MILLER'S BRUSH KILLER	Diluted with this amount of oil (Diesel or Stove Oil)
1 pint	1 gallon

1. Spray in late fall or winter. (For Dormant Spraying, dilute with oil only and use oil resistant hose.)
2. Thoroughly soak crowns and wet canes or trunks to a distance of 18 to 24 inches above the ground.
3. If growth is extremely heavy, it can be cut out and all crowns, stubs, and freshly cut surfaces sprayed to obtain complete coverage.
4. Spray all regrowth the following spring as outlined under Summer Spray.



BRUSH

KILLS BLACK
POISON OAK, WIL
BIRCH & MANY O