

USE DIRECTIONS

STRAWBERRIES, CRANBERRIES, BLUEBERRIES (use up to 1 day before harvest).

For cutworms, fireworms, fruitworms, leafhoppers, meadow spittlebug, strawberry leafroller, strawberry weevil.

CITRUS (ORANGE, LEMON, LIME, ORANGE, TANGERINE, CITRUS CITRUS) (use up to 5 days before harvest.)

For citrus cutworm, fruit tree leafroller, orange tortrix, western tussock moth, scales (black, brown soft, California red, citricola and yellow).

ALMONDS, WALNUTS (Use up to day of harvest).

For codling moth, filbert worm, fruit tree leafroller, filbert leafroller, filbert aphid, scales (lecanium and calico).

ORNAMENTALS

ROSES, OTHER FLOWERS, SHRUBS AND SHADE TREES (Do not use on Boston Ivy).

For aphids (apple, rose and elm leaf), Japanese beetles, blister beetles, elm leaf beetle, flea beetles, willow leaf beetles, leafhoppers, tent caterpillars, bagworm, leafrollers, birch leafminers, boxwood leafminers, scale insects, mealy bugs, exposed thrips, stink bugs.

LAWNS AND ORNAMENTAL TURFS

Use 5 tablespoons per gallon of water, applied evenly to each 200 square feet of established lawn area to control fall armyworms, sod webworms (lawn moth), leafhoppers, fleas, mosquitoes, millipedes.

For Chinch Bug control, use 5 tablespoons per 100 sq. ft. of established lawn area.

CAUTION

HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. Do not breathe spray. Do not take internally. Skin contact may be harmful. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands and face before eating. Note to Physician—Carbaryl is a moderate, reversible, cholinesterase inhibitor. Atropine is antidotal.

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

Avoid contamination of feed or food. Wash all vegetables and fruits before eating or canning.

Do not apply when honey bees are foraging in the garden. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

Destroy empty container. Do not reuse for any purpose.

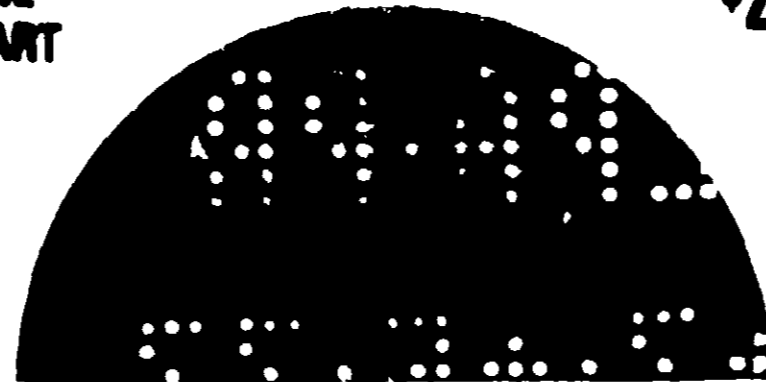
U.S. Pat. Nos. 2,903,478; 3,009,855

*SEVIN is the Reg. T.M. of the Union Carbide Corp.

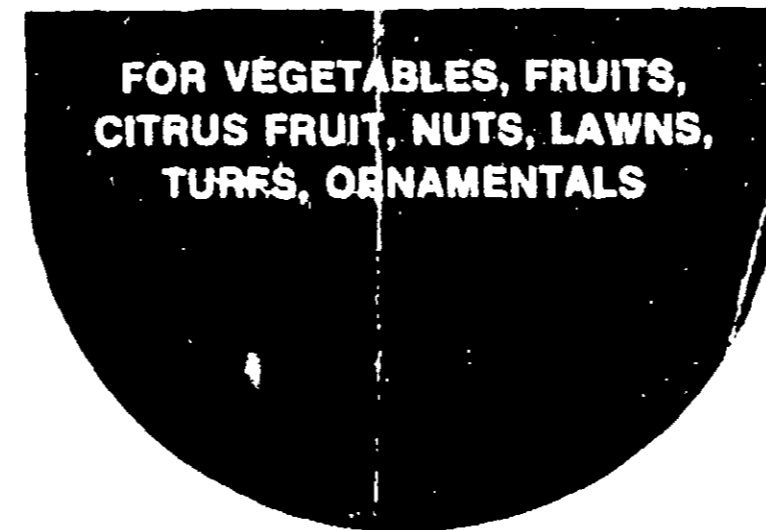
NOTICE: Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. MP-2G

ONE QUART

\$4.79



liquid
sevin*
insect spray



FOR VEGETABLES, FRUITS,
CITRUS FRUIT, NUTS, LAWNS,
TURFS, ORNAMENTALS

CAUTION Keep out of the reach of children
See left side panel for additional cautions.

E.P.A. Reg. No. 802-477-AB

USE DIRECTIONS

1. Use at the rate of 2 tablespoons per gallon of water, unless otherwise specified. Mix thoroughly with water.
2. Make first application when insects or insect injury first appears. Repeat applications at 7 to 10-day intervals to assure adequate control.
3. Apply to obtain over-all, uniform application.

VEGETABLES

Can be used up to day of harvest on:

CORN, EGGPLANT, PEPPERS, POTATOES, TOMATOES—For European corn borer, Colorado potato beetle, flea beetle, leafhoppers, fall armyworms, tomato fruitworms, tomato hornworms, tarnished plant bugs, stink bugs.

For corn earworm control, apply to silks as soon as they appear. Make 3 to 4 applications at 2 to 3 day intervals as infestation warrants. Re-apply immediately after rain. Application of this product to the tassel region of corn during the pollen shed period will seriously reduce bee population.

CUCUMBERS, MELONS, PUMPKIN, SQUASH (Summer and Winter)—For cucumber beetles, flea beetles, leafhoppers, melon worms, pickle worms, squash bugs.

Can be used up to 3 days before harvest on:

BEETS*, PARSNIPS, RADISH, RUTABAGA, HEAD LETTUCE, CABBAGE, BROCCOLI, CAULIFLOWER, BRUSSELS SPROUTS—For armyworms, corn earworms, cabbage caterpillars, flea beetles. *On Beets, do not use within 14 days of harvest if tops are to be used as food or feed.

Can be used up to 14 days before harvest on:

ENDIVE, LEAF LETTUCE, MUSTARD GREENS, SPINACH—For armyworms, cabbage caterpillars, flea beetles, leafhoppers, lygus bugs, stink bugs.

FRUITS

APPLES, PEARS, PEACHES (use up to 1 day before harvest. Do not use on apples prior to 30 days after full bloom.)

APRICOTS, NECTARINES (use up to 3 days before harvest). For woolly apple aphid, green apple aphid, apple rust mite, pear leaf blister mite, codling moth, oriental fruit moth, scales (San Jose, oyster, lecanium and olive), fruit-tree leafrollers, tentiform leafminers, orange tortrix, bagworm, peach twig borer, lesser peach tree borer, lygus bugs, cat-facing bugs, pear psylla, California pear slug, plum curculio, periodical cicadas, june beetles, European earwigs.

— MILLER PRODUCTS —

THE CHAS. H. LILLY CO.

Portland, Ore. 97214

ACCEPTED
MAR 28 1973
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND REPPELLENT ACT
FOR ECONOMIC PESTICIDE REGISTER-
ED UNDER NO. 802-477-AB
SUBJECT
TO ALL FEDERAL REGULATIONS

802-477

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NUTS

FILBERTS, WALNUTS (use up to day of harvest).

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ORNAMENTALS

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ONE
QUART

\$4.79



liquid sevin* insect spray

Active ingredient
Carbaryl (1-naphthyl N-
methyl carbamate) 10%
Inert ingredients90%

Store at temperatures
above 40° F.

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E.P.A. Reg. No. 802-477-AB

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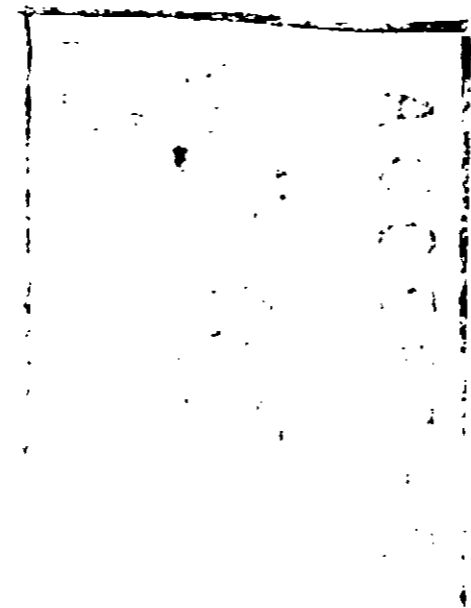
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— MILLER PRODUCTS —
THE CHAS. H. LILLY CO.
Portland, Ore. 97214



SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS

ALFALFA—for control of Cutworms, Western Yellow Striped Armyworms, Alfalfa Weevil, Flea Beetles, Grasshoppers, Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs—USE 2 to 3 1/2 pts. per acre.

ALFALFA SEED CROPS ONLY—for control of above insects—USE 3 1/2 pts. per acre.

ALFALFA—USE PRECAUTIONS

Do not graze dairy animals in treated fields. Do not graze meat animals in treated fields within 6 weeks of slaughter. Do not feed treated plants, threshings, or ensilage made from treated plants to poultry, dairy animals, or animals being finished for slaughter. Do not use screenings for pellets or other feed formulations.

BEANS, DRY AND QUICK FREEZE (Lima, Blackeye, Kidney, Pink) for control of Cutworms, Darkling Ground Beetles—USE 3 pts. per acre. Apply in seedling stage.

BEANS, GREEN (Lima, Snap, String, Wax, Blackeye) for control of Cutworms, Darkling Ground Beetles—USE 3 to 4 pts. per acre. Apply in seedling stage.

BEANS, GREEN (Lima, Snap, String, Wax, Blackeye) for control of Bean Leafminers, Serpentine Leafminers, Flea Beetles—USE 2 pts. per acre. Make 2 applications at 15 day intervals.

BEANS—USE PRECAUTIONS

If beans are going to processor check with company representative before making pesticide applications. Do not apply to green or snap beans after pods begin to form. Do not feed treated vines to dairy animals or to animals being finished for slaughter. No time limitation on shelled beans as human food.

BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CAULIFLOWER, CABBAGE, COLLARDS, KALE, KOHL-RABI—for control of Cabbage Looper, Diamondback Moth, Imported Cabbageworm, Climbing Cutworms—USE 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 pts. per acre. Do not apply after edible parts start to form or within 30 days of harvest. On Cabbage, do not apply after heads start to form. On Collards and Kale, do not apply within 35 days of harvest.

BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER, COLLARDS, KALE, KOHL-RABI—for control of Cutworms (soil)—USE 2 pts. per acre. Apply on soil around plants in seedling stage. See above for Use Precautions.

CARROTS—for control of Cutworms (soil)—USE 3 pts. per acre. Apply on soil around plants in seedling stage. Do not use tops for food or feed.

CARROTS FOR SEED—for control of Lygus Bugs (adults and nymphs)—USE 2 pts. per acre. Make first application when counts reach 1/2 to 1 lygus per seed head, usually about

25% bloom. Two to 3 applications may be necessary at 14 day intervals. Do not use tops for food or feed.

CORN, FIELD—for control of Grasshoppers—USE 1 1/2 pts. per acre when insects are causing damage, usually in seedling stage. Do not feed treated forage to dairy animals or to animals being finished for slaughter. No limitation on use of grain.

EGGPLANTS—for control of Cutworms (soil)—USE 2 pts. per acre on soil around plants as needed. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

LETTUCE—for control of Cabbage Looper, Imported Cabbageworm, Armyworm—USE 4 pts. per acre on foliage as needed. Do not apply after seedling stage on leaf lettuce or after heads begin to form on head lettuce.

ONIONS SEED—for control of Thrips—USE 3 pts. per acre. Apply when plants are in bloom (after flowers open), and when thrips are present in very large numbers in seed head (200 per hand shake). Do not apply to green or spring onions.

PEAS—for control of Alfalfa Looper, Western Yellow Striped Armyworm, Cutworms—USE 3 pts. per acre. Do not apply after pods begin to form if pods are to be used for food, or within 7 days of harvest if pods are not to be used for food. Do not feed treated vines to dairy animals or to animals being finished for slaughter.

PEPPERS—for control of Pepper Weevil—USE 3 pts. per acre. Apply to infested foliage after weevils appear and repeat every 7 to 10 days. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

PEPPERS—for control of Cutworms (soil)—USE 2 pts. per acre. Apply on soil around plants as needed. Apply in late afternoon. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

RUTABAGAS—for control of Cabbage Looper—USE 2 to 3 pts. per acre. Apply on foliage every 7 days when insects appear. Do not use treated tops for food or feed.

RUTABAGAS—for control of Cutworms (soil)—USE 2 pts. per acre. Apply on soil around plants as needed. Apply in late afternoon. Do not use treated tops for food or feed.

TOMATOES—for control of Cutworms (soil)—USE 2 pts. per acre. Apply on soil around plants as needed. Apply in late afternoon. Do not apply within one day of harvest.

TOMATOES—for control of Tomato Hornworm, Tomato Fruitworm, Russet Mites, Flea Beetles—USE 5 pts. per acre. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

USE PRECAUTIONS

In California, permit for purchase or use must be obtained from County Agricultural Commissioner.

Do not graze dairy animals in treated fields. Do not graze meat animals in treated fields within 6 weeks of slaughter. Do not feed treated plants, threshings, or ensilage made from treated plants to poultry, dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter.

Apply in the early morning or late evening when pollinators are not in the fields. Ground applications are preferable. Make applications when there is little or no wind. Do not allow drift to nearby hay or forage crops.

