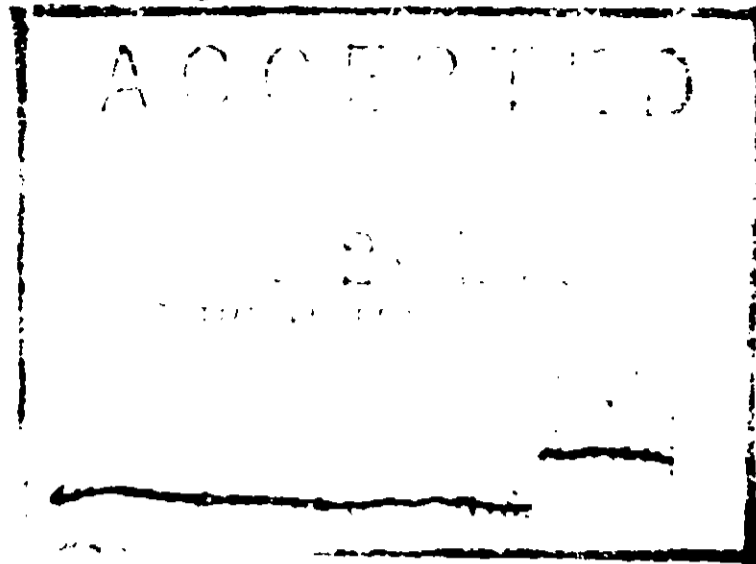


502-332



DIRECTIONS

AMOUNT TO USE

Use 2 tablespoons per gallon of water (1 pt. in 16 gal. water) on all crops listed EXCEPT use 4 tablespoons per gallon of water (1 pt. in 8 gal. water) for Aphids on Caneberries or infestations of Red Spider Mites, Mealy Bugs and Woolly Aphids.

NOTE: In hot weather, or during extreme dry periods, apply spray to foliage in the early morning or in the evening when the air is cooler and still. Before spraying always be sure the roots of trees and plants are in a good soil moisture condition.

APPLE AND PEAR SPRAYS

1. First Spray—just before flower buds open.
2. 2nd Spray—when most of the petals have fallen.
3. Repeat applications every 3 or 4 weeks.
4. Do not use within 7 days of harvest.

PEACH, CHERRY, PLUM, PRUNE, APRICOT SPRAYS

1. First Spray—just before flower buds open.
2. 2nd Spray—as soon as shucks fall from fruit.
3. As insects appear, repeat applications. On Cherries, Plums and Prunes do not repeat applications within 30 days.
4. Do not use within 21 days of harvest on Apricots and Peaches; within 7 days of harvest on Cherries, Plums and Prunes. May injure foliage on some varieties of Cherries.

STRAWBERRIES, CANEBERRIES (Blackberries, Boysenberries, Raspberries)

1. Spray as insects appear. Do not use within 14 days of harvest.

ORNAMENTALS AND FLOWERS (Roses, Shrubs, Annuals, Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Camellias)

1. Spring and Summer—spray plants thoroughly as insects appear. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals until under control.

CAUTION: Harmful if inhaled, swallowed, or absorbed through the skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Store away from children and domestic animals and foodstuffs. In case of contact, wash with soap and water; for eyes, get medical attention. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs. Do not use on feed or forage to be fed dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter. Malathion may cause cholinesterase inhibition. If poisoning occurs, get medical attention. Note to Physician: Atropine is antidotal.

Do not use on Boston, Maidenhair or Pteris Ferns, Petunias and some species of Crassula.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of any body of water.

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL, OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME. Do not smoke while spraying. When container is empty, wash with water three times and destroy. Do not re-use.

**NET CONTENTS
ONE PINT**

\$3.49



**Fruit & Berry
insect spray**

Active ingredients
 *Methoxychlor, tech.16.70%
 **Malathion 9.40%
 ***1,1-bis (p-chlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroethanol) 5.00%
 Aromatic Petroleum Derivative solvents 57.62%
 Inert ingredients11.28%
 ***Keltane.

Pests Controlled on Certain Crops

ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS	CANEBERRIES	STRAWBERRIES	PLUMS-PRUNES	PEACHES	CHERRIES	APRICOTS	APPLES	
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	APHIDS
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	CANKERWORMS
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	CODLING MOTH
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	FLEA BEETLES
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	LEAFHOPPERS
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	LEAFROLLERS
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	MEALY BUGS
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	PEAR SLUGS
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	LYGUS AND OTHER PLANT BUGS
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	RED SPIDER MITES
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	SCALE (Crawler Stage)
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	LECANIUM, SAN JOSE
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	SPITTLE BUGS
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	TENT CATERPILLARS
>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	THRIPS

*Equivalent to 14.696% 2,2-bis (p-Methoxyphenyl)-1,1,1-trichloroethane and 2.004% other isomers and reaction products.

**0,0-dimethyl dithiophosphate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate).

***Keltane.

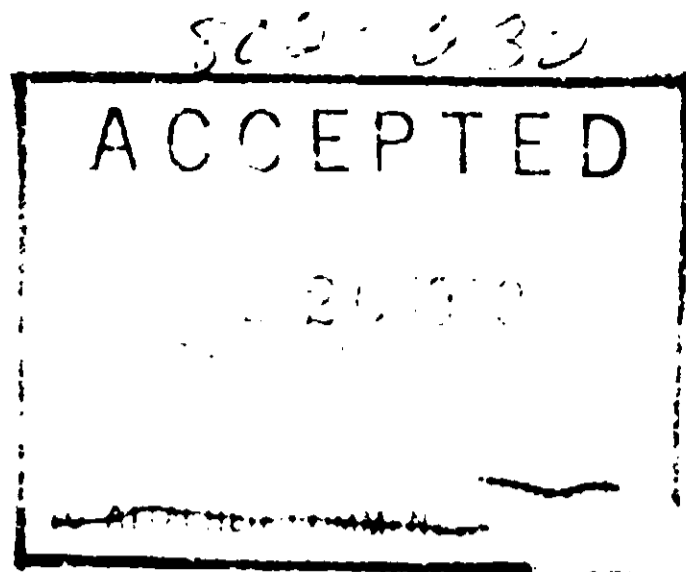
NOTICE: Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

MP-10H

CAUTION Keep out of the reach of children
 See left side panel for additional cautions

E.P.A. Reg. No. 802-232-AC

— MILLER PRODUCTS —
THE CHAS. H. LILLY CO.
 Portland, Ore. 97214



DIRECTIONS

AMOUNT TO USE

Use 2 tablespoons per gallon of water (1 pt. in 16 gal. water) on all crops listed EXCEPT use 4 tablespoons per gallon of water (1 pt. in 8 gal. water) for Aphids on Caneberrries or infestations of Red Spider Mites, Mealy Bugs and Woolly Aphids.

NOTE: In hot weather, or during extreme dry periods, apply spray to foliage in the early morning or in the evening when the air is cooler and still. Before spraying always be sure the roots of trees and plants are in a good soil moisture condition.

APPLE AND PEAR SPRAYS

1. First Spray—just before flower buds open.
2. 2nd Spray—when most of the petals have fallen.
3. Repeat applications every 3 or 4 weeks.
4. Do not use within 7 days of harvest.

PEACH, CHERRY, PLUM, PRUNE, APRICOT SPRAYS

1. First Spray—just before flower buds open.
2. 2nd Spray—as soon as shucks fall from fruit.
3. As insects appear, repeat applications. On Cherries, Plums and Prunes do not repeat applications within 30 days.
4. Do not use within 21 days of harvest on Apricots and Peaches; within 7 days of harvest on Cherries, Plums and Prunes. May injure foliage on some varieties of Cherries.

STRAWBERRIES, CANEBERRIES (Blackberries, Boysenberries, Raspberries)

1. Spray as insects appear. Do not use within 14 days of harvest.

ORNAMENTALS AND FLOWERS (Roses, Shrubs, Annuals, Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Camellias)

1. Spring and Summer—spray plants thoroughly as insects appear. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals until under control.

CAUTION: Harmful if inhaled, swallowed, or absorbed through the skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Store away from children and domestic animals and foodstuffs. In case of contact, wash with soap and water; for eyes, get medical attention. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs. Do not use on feed or forage to be fed dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter. Malathion may cause cholinesterase inhibition. If poisoning occurs, get medical attention. Note to Physician: Atropine is antidotal.

Do not use on Boston, Maidenhair or Pteris Ferns, Petunias and some species of Crassula.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of any body of water.

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL, OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME. Do not smoke while spraying. When container is empty, wash with water three times and destroy. Do not re-use.

**NET CONTENTS
ONE QUART**

\$5.49



Miller's

**Fruit & Berry
insect spray**

Active ingredients
 *Methoxychlor, tech.16.70%
 **Malathion 9.40%
 ***1,1-bis (p-chlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroethanol) 5.00%
 Aromatic Petroleum Derivative solvents57.62%
 Inert ingredients11.28%
 *Equivalent to 14.696% 2,2-bis (p-Methoxyphenyl)-1,1,1-trichloroethane and 2.004% other isomers and reaction products.
 **O,O-dimethyl dithiophosphate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate.
 ***Kelthane.

CAUTION Keep out of the reach of children
 See left side panel for additional cautions

E.P.A. Reg. No. 802-232-AC

Pests Controlled on Certain Crops

ORNAMENTAL FLOWERS	CANEBERRIES	STRAWBERRIES	PLUMS-PRUNES	PEARS	PEACHES	CHERRIES	APRICOTS	APPLES	
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	APHIDS
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	CANKERWORMS
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	CODLING MOTH
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	FLEA BEETLES
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	LEAFHOPPERS
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	LEAFROLLERS
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	MEALY BUGS
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	PEAR SLUGS
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	LYGUS AND OTHER PLANT BUGS
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	RED SPIDER MITES
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	SCALE (Crawler Stage)
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	LECANIUM, SAN JOSE
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	SPITTLE BUGS
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	TENT CATERPILLARS
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	THRIPS

NOTICE: Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given here-with. MP-10H

THE CHAS. H. LILLY CO.
 FORTLAND, OREGON

DIRECTIONS

AMOUNT TO USE:

Use 2 tablespoons per gallon of water on all crops listed EXCEPT use 4 tablespoons per gallon of water for Aphids on Caneberries or infestations of Red Spider Mites, Mealy Bugs and Woolly Aphids.

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APPLE AND PEAR SPRAY

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3. Repeat applications every 3 or 4 weeks.
4. Do not use within 7 days of harvest.

PEACH, CHERRY, PLUM, APRICOT SPRAYS

1. First Spray—just before flower buds open.
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3. As insects appear, repeat applications. On Cherries, Plums and Prunes do not repeat applications within 30 days.
4. Do not use within 21 days of harvest on Apricots and Peaches; within 7 days of harvest on Cherries, Plums and Prunes. May injure foliage on some varieties of Cherries.

STRAWBERRIES, CANEBERRIES (Blackberries, Raspberries)

1. Spray as insects appear. Do not use within 14 days of harvest.

ORNAMENTALS AND FLOWERS (Roses, Shrubs, Annuals, Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Camellias). Spring and Summer—spray plants thoroughly as insects appear. Repeat at 7 to 10-day intervals until under control.

THE CHAS. H. LILLY CO.
PORTLAND, OREGON

NET CONTENTS
8 FL. OZ.

\$2.29



Fruit and Berry insect spray

CAUTION Keep out of the reach of children
See right side panel for additional cautions
E.P.A. Reg. No. 802-232-AC

Active ingredients	
*Methoxychlor, technical	16.70%
Malathion (O,O-dimethyl dithiophosphate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate)	9.40%
**1,1-bis (p-chlorophenyl) - 2,2,2-trichloro-ethanol)	5.00%
Aromatic Petroleum Derivative solvents	57.62%
Inert ingredients	11.28%
*Equivalent to 14.696% 2,2-bis (p-Methoxyphenyl) —1,1,1-trichloroethane and 2.004% other isomers and reaction products.	
**Keltane.	

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MP-10H

