

**ACCEPTED**

JUL 27 1979

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,  
as amended, for the pesticide  
registered under  
EPA Reg. No. 802-12

802-12

**Please Read Entire Label. Use Only as Directed, Noting All Cautions and Warnings**

**CAUTION** — Harmful if swallowed! Avoid inhaling dust or spray mist. Keep out of reach of children.

Consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station or State Extension Service Authorities for additional information as the timing, number and rate of applications will vary with local conditions.

Destroy empty container. Do not reuse for any purpose.

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

**MIXING DIRECTIONS**

Mix the required amount of Lilly/Miller MICROCOP FUNGICIDE with a small amount of water to form a smooth creamy paste. Next add this paste to the required amount of water. Shake sprayer frequently while spraying to insure uniformity of solution.

**SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS**

**Not For Use in Greenhouses**

**AZALEA — Leaf Gall**

1. Use 2½ tablespoons to 1 gallon of water.
2. Apply to entire plant before buds break in the spring. Repeat 2 to 3 weeks later.
3. Should any galled leaves appear, remove and burn.

**LILAC — Bacterial Blight**

1. Use 2½ tablespoons to 1 gallon of water.
2. Apply thoroughly in September and again before fall rains.
3. Prune out and burn affected parts of the bush as they appear.

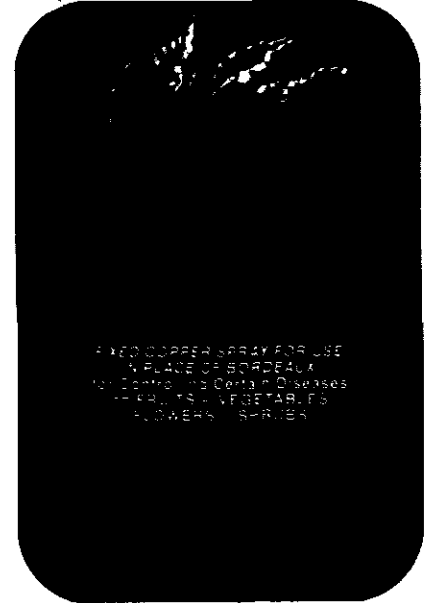
**LILIES, PEONIES — Botrytis Blight**

1. Use 2½ tablespoons to 1 gallon of water.
2. Apply as a thorough coverage spray when young plants emerge. Repeat every 7 to 10 days until blooming.
3. Remove and burn all debris and affected plant parts from growing beds.

**ARBOR VITAE — Berclosian's Blight**

1. Use 2 tablespoons to 1 gallon of water.
2. Spray twice in fall. First spray late September or early October and second spray in early November.

LILLY/MILLER  
**Microcop**  
FUNGICIDE  
(Micronized Tribasic Copper Sulphate)



**SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS — Continued**

**FLOWERING SHRUBS — certain Leaf Spots**

1. Use 2½ tablespoons to 1 gallon of water.
2. Spray at first appearance of small discolored areas on leaves.
3. Repeat sprays as necessary.

**PEACHES — Leaf Curl**

1. Use 4 tablespoons to 1 gallon of water.
2. Apply in late fall or early winter before winter rains or snow.
3. Repeat in late winter or early spring before buds break.

**PEACHES, APRICOTS — Coryneum Blight**

1. Use 2½ tablespoons to 1 gallon of water.
2. Apply after harvest before fall rains.

**SMALL FRUITS**

1. Use 1 lb. to 16 gals. of water (4 tablespoons to 1 gallon) for the following:
2. Blackberry Leaf and Cane Spot

Apply sprays about September 15th, March 15th and April 1st.

**Gooseberry and Currants — Anthracnose and Leafspot.**

Apply sprays at full bloom stage, repeat in two weeks and reapply after harvest.

**WALNUTS — Blight**

1. Use 2 tablespoons to 1 gallon of water.
2. Apply in early pre-bloom stage. Repeat in late pre-bloom and early post-bloom stages.

**CELERY, POTATOES, TOMATOES — Late Blight**

1. Use 1 lb. to 25 gals. of water (2½ tablespoons to 1 gal.)
2. Apply at first sight of blight. Repeat at 4 to 5-day intervals until under control.

**NOTICE:** Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

LC-140

**THE CHAS. H. LILLY CO.**  
PORTLAND, ORE. 97218

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