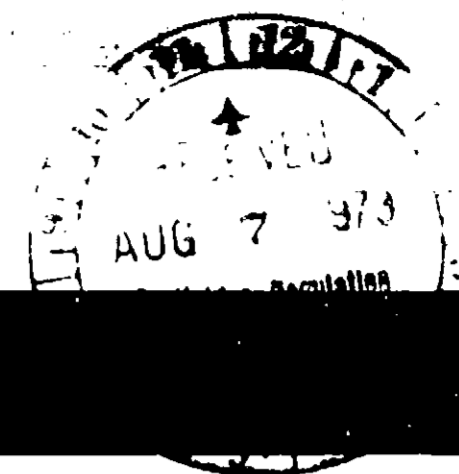


UNION
FUNGICIDE AND ROSS
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED
TRADE MARK

SECURITY



ENDRIPHOS

COTTON SPRAY

CONTAINS 1 LB. AZINPHOS-METHYL AND 1.6 LBS. ENDRIN PER GALLON

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Endrin (Hexachloroepoxyoctahydro-endo, endo-dimethanonaphthalene)	11.88%
3,3-Dimethyl 5-(4-oxo-1,2,3-benzotriazin-3-4-yl)methyl phosphorodithioate	11.88%
Aromatic Petroleum Distillate	64.72%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	5.74%
E. P. No. Reg. No. 769-438	TOTAL 100.00%

**NOT FOR HOME USE
DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL, OR STORE
NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME**



POISON

DANGER! KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED, INHALED, OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. Do not get in eyes or on skin. Wear natural rubber gloves, protective clothing and goggles. In case of contact, immediately remove all contaminated clothing and flush skin or eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes; for eyes, get medical attention. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear a mask or respirator of the type passed by the U. S. Bureau of Mines for Endrin and Azinphos-methyl protection. Wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with plenty of water before eating and smoking. Wash all contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before re-use. Do not apply in areas occupied by unprotected humans or beneficial animals. Keep unprotected persons out of operating areas. Vacated areas where there may be danger of drift. Vacated areas should not be re-entered until drifting insecticide and volatile residues have dissipated. Do not contaminate feed and foodstuffs. Use this product only for recommended purposes and at recommended dosages.

PROTECT WILDLIFE: This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. Keep

out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label. **PROTECT BEES:** This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

ANTIDOTES: IF SWALLOWED - Give a tablespoonful of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. Call a physician immediately!

IF ON SKIN - In case of contact, remove contaminated clothing and immediately wash skin with soap and water.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Azinphos-methyl is a cholinesterase inhibitor and treatment of poisoning should include the use of atropine in large doses to produce full atropinization. 2-PAM chloride is also not fatal and may be used in conjunction with atropine. If there are signs of parasympathetic stimulation, atropine sulfate should be injected at 10-minute intervals in doses of 1 to 2 milligrams until complete atropinization has occurred. Administer artificial respiration and oxygen if necessary. Clear chest by postural drainage. Symptoms of Azinphos-methyl poisoning include weakness, headache, tightness in chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pin-point pupils, salivation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and abdominal cramps. Endrin produces central nervous system excitation which responds rather well to almost any of the barbituric acid derivatives. Morphine and its derivatives are contraindicated where poisoning is caused by Azinphos-methyl and Endrin. The critical dose period for Endrin is 24-48 hours after exposure. Insecticides that inhibit cholinesterase inhibitors may, with at warm temperatures, speed recovery. In every state, doses of atropine cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow further exposure until time for cholinesterase regeneration has been allowed as determined by blood tests. The acute effects of Endrin poisoning might well last several days to a week or more. Additional information on treatment of patients suffering from Azinphos-methyl or Endrin poisoning is contained in the booklet entitled "Clinical Memoranda - Economic Poisons", a publication of the U. S. Department of

Health, Education, and Welfare, Public Health Service, Communicable Disease Center, Atlanta, Georgia.

DIRECTIONS

CAUTION: Do not apply within 5 days of hand picking. Workers entering fields within 5 days of an application should wear protective clothing. Do not graze dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter on treated fields.

COTTON: For early season control of Thrips, Lygus Bugs and Cutworms, apply at the rate of 1 pint per acre beginning when the cotton reaches the 4-leaf stage or earlier if thrips begin to cause injury. Make 2 to 4 applications at 7- to 10-day intervals. To control Boll Weevil, Bollworm, Cotton Leafworm, apply at the rate of 2 pints per acre in sufficient water for coverage. Mid and late season applications should be at the rate of 2 pints per acre. Control should begin when insect injury is seen or when punctured squares approach 10%. Repeat applications at 5-day intervals until 4 have been made. Repeat a series of 4 applications if punctured squares again reach 10%. Any time bollworm eggs and 4 to 5 small worms are found per 100 terminals examined, apply this product on a 5-day schedule until control is obtained. Apply at 4- to 5-day intervals for late season protection of bolls.

Wash sprayer and containers with soap and water. Rinse equipment and containers and dispose of water and spillage by pouring in non-crop land away from water supplies. Containers should be cleaned, dried, or crushed and mixed with wastes.

NOTICE DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY, MERCHANTABILITY AND LIABILITY

For any reason this product is not used, stored, applied, transported or disposed of in accordance with the instructions set forth on this label, then and thereafter Woolfolk Chemical Works, Inc. terminates and excludes all warranties, expressed or implied, including the warranty of merchantability and fitness.

WOOLFOLK CHEMICAL WORKS, INC.

MANUFACTURERS

FORT VALLEY, GEORGIA