



ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

-	O-ethyl O-p-nitrophenyl phenylphosphonothioate Sulphur		
INERT			
U.S.D.A.	Reg. No. 769-382	TOTAL	100.00%







KEEP OUT OF REACH OF

DANGER! CHILDREN. Poisonous by skin contact, inhalation or swallowing. Rapidly absorbed through skin. Repeated exposure may, without symptoms, be increasingly hazardous. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Do not breathe vapor dust or spray mist. Wear clean, heavy rubber gloves, rubber boots, and clean waterproof or freshly laundered protective clothing (coveralis, cap), and goggles when applying or handling. Destroy and replace gloves frequently. Wear an effective mask or respirator of a type passed by U. S. Department of Agriculture for EPN protection. Do not contaminate feed or foodstuffs. Wash hands, arms, and face thoroughly with soap and warm water before eating or smoking. Bathe immediately after work and change all clothing. Wash clothing thoroughly with soap and hot water before re-use. In case of contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with soap and warm water; for eyes, flush with water for 15 minutes and get medical attention. Keep animals and unprotected persons away during treatment and while there is danger from drift or residues.

PROTECT WILDLIFE: This product is poisonous to fish and wildlife. Keep out of lakes, ponds and streams. Do not apply in any manner not specified on the label.

ANTIDOTE AND FIRST AID TREATMENT

Atropine is an antidote. Consult physician for emergency supply.

Call a physician at once in all cases of suspected poisoning. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **INTERNAL:** Give a tablespoonful of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. **EXTERNAL:** immediately remove all contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with soap and warm water. Do not resume operations with any organophosphorus insecticide, including EPN, until the physician has tested a sample of your blood for organophorphorus effect and tells you it is safe to do so

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Repeated therapeutic doses of Atropine may be effective. Do not use morphine. SYMPTOMS OF POISONING are digestive upsets, nausea, vomiting, cramps, feeling of pressure under breast bone, diarrhea, sweating, excessive salivation, restlessness, giddiness, headache, muscle tremors, twitching of the facial and eye muscles. TREATMENT: Remove person from area of poisoning. Give two 1 100 grain atropine tablets.

DIRECTIONS

READ LABEL THOROUGHLY BEFORE USING

CAUTION: Do not apply this material where there may be grazing of dairy or beef animals. Do not use this material for any other purpose than that which is recommended on the label.

PEACHES

This product gives longer residual control than parathion. It can be applied in the first 2 or 3 early season sprays for control of the over-wintered generation of Plum Curculio and for Tarnished Plant Bug one of the insects which cause Cat-facing. The schedule can then be completed with Parathion-Sulphur or EPN-Sulphur can be used for the complete schedule up to 21 days of harvest. EPN-Sulphur will also control Oriental Fruit Moth, Lecanium, and Cottony Peach Scale Crawlers, Brown rot and Scab. Application should not be made when temperature is excessively high because of the

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500 GALLON PACKAGE SIZE

danger of sulphur injury. Apply EPN-Sulphur at the rate of The pounds per 100 gallons of water. The following schedule is suggested as a guide; however, the number of applications and time of application may vary in different localities. Early ripening varieties will not require the full schedule of application. Consult your Agricultural Extension Service spray schedule for specific directions.

SPRAY SCHEDULE

- (1) When all petals are off
- (2) When 3 4 shucks have shed
- (3) 7 to 10 days after No. 2
- (4) 12 to 14 days after No. 3 (See Note Below)
- (5) 14 days after No. 4
- (6) 6 weeks before harvest of each variety
- (7) 4 weeks before harvest of each variety
- (8) 2 weeks before harvest
- (9) See Note Below

NOTE: If no curculios are present at the time of spray No. 4, use only NUTONEX SULPHUR for disease control. Spray No. 8 should be applied 1 week before harvest using fungicice only (Sulphur or Captan). For better Rhizopus rot control, add Botran to pre-harvest sprays 7, 8, and 9.

DO NOT APPLY THIS MATERIAL WITHIN 21 DAYS OF HARVEST.

DISPOSAL WARNING

Dispose of waste pesticide and container by burying in non-crop land away from water supplies. Never re-use container.

NOTICE

Disclaimer of Warranty, Merchantability and Lia**bility** — If for any reason this product is not used, applied. stored, transported or disposed of in accordance with the instructions set forth on this label, then and thereafter Woolfolk Chemical Works, Ltd. terminates, ends and excludes all warranties, expressed or inplied, including the warranty of merchantability and fitness.