

Not For Retail Sale

PPG Chlorinating Tablets

N-200

PPG 3" Chlorinating Tablets

ACCEPTED
JUN 19 1995
 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 748-295

- Erodes slowly to deliver long lasting uniform chlorine protection.
- Controls bacteria and algae growth.
- Convenient, easy to use with The PPG N-200 Chlorinator.
- No build-up of stabilizer (cyanuric acid).
- Does not lower pH or destroy total alkalinity.
- Colored blue for safety.

Controls Bacteria and Algae! • Does Not Contain Stabilizer!
One Tablet Treats 10,000 Gallons of Water for Up to 7 Days!

ED
 RQ

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
DANGER!

DO NOT MIX WITH STABILIZED CHLORINE TABLETS OR OTHER POOL CHEMICALS. DO NOT USE WITH STABILIZED CHLORINE OR BROMINE TABLET CHEMICAL FEEDERS. MIXING COULD CAUSE A FIRE OR EXPLOSION. USE ONLY WITH OTHER (BLUE) PPG CHLORINATING TABLETS.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Calcium Hypochlorite 65%
 INERT INGREDIENTS: 35%
 65% Available Chlorine



NET WT. 100 LBS.

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PPG
 Do not mix
DIRECT
 - It is a very
 Inconcentrated
HOW TO USE TABLET
 THE PPG CHLORINATOR
 using this method
 To Decrease pH
 Add to reduce
 To Increase pH
 1. Fully open
 2. Use a test kit
 3. Increase pH
 4. Increase pH
 Do not let
 contact pH
REGULATING
 Maintain pH
 levels regular
 test kit to
 hardness.
 Parameter
 1. pH
 2. Free chlorine
 3. Total alkalinity
 4. Stabilizer
 5. Water temperature
INITIAL
 Begin on
 Balance pH
 pH, total
 alkalinity
 Follow instructions
 until water
 enters the
 Begin on
ROUTINE
 Maintain
 concentration
 1. Fill skimmer
 2. Add
 3. Run
 4. Re-test

PPG Chlorinating Tablets N-200

Do not mix with stabilized chlorine tablets which are typically white. Mixing the two could result in fire or explosion.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

HOW TO ADJUST THE PPG CHLORINATING TABLETS:

THE PPG CHLORINATING TABLETS are designed to be dispensed using the slimmer dispenser.

To Decrease Tablet Delivery Rate: Close the adjustable dispenser lid to reduce the flow of water to the tablet surface.

To Increase Tablet Delivery Rate:

1. Fully open or remove adjustable dispenser lid.
Use a second slimmer dispenser, if you have space.
2. Increase circulation time.
3. Increase water flow through the slimmer.

Do not throw the tablets directly into the pool or allow tablets to contact plastic or steel pool linings.

REGULAR TREATMENT FOR POOLS IN USE:

Maintain pool parameters in the ranges recommended below or at levels required by local regulations. Obtain and make use of pool test kit to measure pH, free chlorine residual, total alkalinity, water hardness, and cyanuric acid concentration.

Parameters	Test Frequency	Recommended Level
1. pH	Daily	7.2 to 7.6
2. Free chlorine residual	Daily	1-3 ppm
3. Total alkalinity as CaCO ₃	Weekly	80-100 ppm
4. Stabilizers (cyanuric acid)	Monthly	40-80 ppm
5. Water Hardness as CaCO ₃	Monthly	200 ppm minimum

INITIAL CHLORINATION:

Begin continuous operation of your recirculation equipment. Balance the water by making certain the pool water parameters for pH, total alkalinity and water hardness are at their proper levels. Check and adjust stabilizer to proper level. Shock treat the pool. Follow label directions of the product used. Repeat the treatment until minimum 1 ppm free chlorine has been established. Do not enter the water until the free chlorine residual is less than 3 ppm. Begin routine chlorination.

ROUTINE CHLORINATION:

Maintain total alkalinity, pH, water hardness and stabilizer concentration at their proper levels.

1. Fill slimmer dispenser with PPG CHLORINATING TABLETS, adjust dispenser lid to half open and place the dispenser in the slimmer basket.
2. Adjust tablet delivery, as needed, to maintain a 1-3 ppm free available chlorine residual
3. Run circulation system at least 12 hours each day
4. Re-fill slimmer dispenser with PPG CHLORINATING TABLETS each week.

Actual number of PPG CHLORINATING TABLETS, and dispenser lid adjustments required to maintain the desired free chlorine residual will vary with the amount of pool water, sunlight, water temperature, bather load, stabilizer concentration and other factors. Use 3-way test strips or a DPD test kit daily at first and then at least once each week to determine and maintain the proper free chlorine residual. Do not use an OTO test kit.

HELPFUL AIDS IN SWIMMING POOL CARE

Need for control of pH, total alkalinity, water hardness, and use of stabilizer.

Maintaining the proper pH, total alkalinity and water hardness is necessary to obtain proper water balance and help avoid problems such as cloudy water, scaling, corrosion and swimmer discomfort. Stabilizers such as cyanuric acid slow down the rate at which chlorine is destroyed by sunlight. Follow carefully the directions given with the product when using a stabilizer. Kits for testing free chlorine, pH, total alkalinity, water hardness, and cyanuric acid concentration are an integral part of a proper program for controlling the quality of your pool water.

HOW TO DETERMINE THE CAPACITY OF YOUR POOL:

First: Approximate the average depth in feet by adding the depth at the deep end to the depth at the shallow end and divide the total by two.

Then: For rectangular or square pools: Multiply length (ft.) x width (ft.) x average depth (ft.) x 7.5 = capacity of pool in gallons. For circular pools: Multiply diameter (ft.) x diameter (ft.) x average depth (ft.) x 5.9 = capacity of pool in gallons. For oval pools: Multiply long axis (ft.) x short axis (ft.) x average depth (ft.) x 5.9 = capacity of pool in gallons.

NOTE: If pool has sloping sides, multiply total gallons calculated by 0.85 to arrive at the capacity of your pool.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Read before using.

- Keep in original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place.
- Keep container closed when not in use.
- Keep away from heat sources, sparks, open flames and lighted tobacco products.
- CONTAINER DISPOSAL - Do not reuse container. Residual material remaining in empty container can react to cause fire. Thoroughly flush empty container with water, then destroy by placing in trash collection.
- PESTICIDE DISPOSAL - Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.
- IN CASE OF FIRE - Drench with water. The PPG CHLORINATING TABLETS supply oxygen, therefore, attempts to smother fire with a wet blanket, carbon dioxide, or a dry chemical extinguisher are ineffective.
- IN CASE OF SPILL OR LEAK - Use extreme caution. Contamination may cause fire or violent reaction. If fire or reaction occurs in area of spill, douse with plenty of water. Otherwise, pick up uncontaminated tablets and return them to a clean container, then use according to label directions as soon as practical. Any damaged or contaminated product should be

disposed of according to "Pesticide Disposal" guidelines (see above).

PRACTICAL TREATMENT (First Aid)

- EYESKIN CONTACT: Flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. For eye contact, get immediate medical attention. If skin irritation occurs, get medical attention.
- INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If signs of irritation or discomfort occur, take immediately to a hospital or physician.
- SWALLOWING: If conscious, drink large quantities of water and any common cooking (vegetable) oil, if available. Do not induce vomiting. Take immediately to a hospital or physician. If vomiting occurs, administer additional water. If unconscious, or in convulsions, take immediately to a hospital. Do not attempt to induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS--

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Highly Corrosive - Causes Skin and Eye Damage - May Be Fatal if Swallowed - Irritating to Nose and Throat

Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Avoid breathing dust. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters unless in accordance with NPDES Permit. For guidance, contact the regional office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT! MIX ONLY WITH WATER. USE ONLY A CLEAN DRY UTENSIL MADE OF METAL OR PLASTIC EACH TIME THE PPG CHLORINATING TABLETS ARE TAKEN FROM THE CONTAINER. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause violent reaction leading to fire or explosion. CONTAMINATION WITH MOISTURE, ACIDS, ORGANIC MATTER, OTHER CHEMICALS OR EASILY COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS SUCH AS PETROLEUM OR PAINT PRODUCTS MAY START A CHEMICAL REACTION WITH GENERATION OF HEAT, LIBERATION OF HAZARDOUS GASES AND POSSIBLE GENERATION OF A FIRE OR EXPLOSION. In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reuse container. If possible isolate container in open air or well-ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water, if necessary.

PPG's POOL CARE HOTLINE
Toll-Free 1-800-421-2025

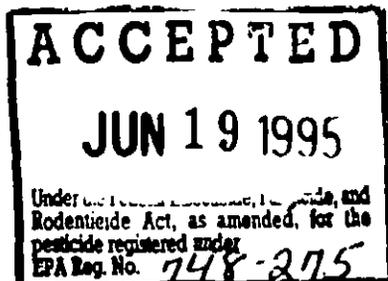
L407F-792A

EPA Reg. No. 748-275
EPA Est. No. 2312-PA-1

ANOTHER QUALITY: POOL PRODUCT FROM



PPG Industries, Inc.
One PPG Place
Pittsburgh, PA 15272



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CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED
UN2880 **RQ**

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
NATRIUM, WV, U.S.A. (304) 843-1300



KEEP
D
DO NOT
TAN
NOT
BPC
MIX
USE
PVC

See