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8436-B2 (2lb. WSP) 5/18/98



# FORE® WSP

## Turf and Ornamental Fungicide

In Water-Soluble Pouch

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENTS**

**MANCOZEB** 

A coordination product of zinc ion and manganese

ethylene bisdithiocarbamate.....80%

In which the ingredients are:

Manganese<sup>++</sup>......16.00%

Ethylene bisdithiocarbamate

INERT INGREDIENTS......20%

TOTAL 100%

EPA REG NO. 707-240

NOTICE: Before using this product, read the entire Precautionary Statements, Conditions of Sale and Warranty, Directions for Use, Use Restrictions and Storage and Disposal Instructions. If the Conditions of Sale and Warranty are not acceptable, return the product unopened within thirty days of purchase to the place of purchase.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN C A U T I O N

#### STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Dilute by giving 2 glasses of water to drink and call a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Move subject to fresh air.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

IF ON SKIN: Wash affected skin areas with soap and water.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)

CAUTION

May cause irritation of nose, throat, eyes and skin. Do not breathe dust or spray mist.

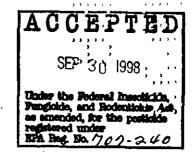
#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear:

- •Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- •Shoes plus socks

#### Mixers and Loaders must wear:

- •Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- ·Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- •Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing or loading



Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

During aerial application, human flaggers must be in enclosed cabs.

When handlers use enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meet the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standards(WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

•Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

•Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before WSP removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or disposing of wastes.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE)and restricted -entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:,

•Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants

Waterproof gloves

·Shoes plus socks

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection 3 and ard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Seed Treatments and professional applications to lawns, grasses, golf courses, industrial (office park), punicipal and residential lawns are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard.

•Keep unprotected persons out of treated area until sprays have dried.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area but not below 32°F.

Do not remove package from container except for immediate use.

Keep away from fire and sparks. Do not allow to become wet or overheated in storage: decomposition, impaired activity, or fire may result. Keep container closed when not in use.

Pallets of containers should not be stacked more than three high. Provide access aisle for each two rows. Decomposition produces a foul odor; if observed, check for hot containers and immediately remove to open areas for disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty liner into application equipment. Then dispose of liner and carton in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Sweep or shovel into containers for disposal or reworking. Keep dusting to a minimum. Flush contaminated area with a large amount of water to a chemical or sanitary sewer containing a settling pit. Refer to Precautionary Statements.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

Rohm and Haas warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and its reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label only when used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions of use. ROHM AND HAAS MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES EITHER OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE. Handling, storage and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of Rohm and Haas and Seller. Risks such as crop injury, ineffectiveness or other maintended consequences resulting from but not limited to, weather or soil conditions, presence of other materials, disease, pest, drift to other crops or property or failure to follow label directions will be assumed by the Buyer or User. IN NO CASE WILL ROHM AND HAAS OR SELLER BE HELD LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE HANDLING, STORAGE OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT.

#### **CHEMIGATION**

#### DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT THROUGH ANY TYPE OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM

#### GENERAL USE INFORMATION

FORE WSP Turf and Ornamental fungicide is a broad-spectrum protectant fungicide which, when used according to label directions, provides high levels of disease control.

Optimum disease control is achieved when the fungicide is applied in a regularly scheduled preventative spray program. The addition of an spreader-sticker will improve fungicide performance by providing a more uniform spray deposit, increased foliar redistribution, and improved fungicide retention during periods of wet weather.

#### USE RATE DETERMINATION

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Carefully read, understand, and follow label use rates and restrictions.

Under low disease conditions, minimum label rates per application can be used while maximum label rates and the minimum interval may be used for severe or threatening disease conditions.

For proper application to turf, determine the square footage to be treated, divide the footage by 1000 and multiply by the recommended fungicide use rate per 1000 sq. ft., (a 32 ounce water soluble pouch will treat 8,000 square feet at the 4 ounce rate, 5,333 square feet at the 6 ounce rate, and 4,000 square feet at the 8 ounce rate ) and then determine the amount of water required to provide adequate coverage. When treating ornamentals, determine the recommended fungicide use rate and the spray gallonage required to provide a thorough coverage.

#### HANDLING

The enclosed pouches of FORE WSP Turf and Ornamental fungicide are water-soluble. Do not allow pouches to become wet prior to adding to the spray tank. Do not handle the pouches with wet hands or wet glowes. Always reseal overwrap bag to protect the remaining unused pouches. Do not remove the water-soluble pouches from the overwrap except to add directly to the spray tank.

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#### MIXING PROCEDURES

Be sure sprayer is clean and not contaminated with other materials prior to use. When using an agitated spray tank fill tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water and start agitation. Be certain that the agitation system is working properly and creates a rolling rippling on the liquid surface. With the agitator running add the required amount of FORE WSP fungicide to the tank. Continue filling tank with the remainder of the water. Always add FORE WSP into solution prior to adding any additional materials to the tank.

Add the required number of unopened pouches as determined by the dosage recommendations into the spray tank with agitation. Depending on the water temperature and the degree of agitation, the pouches should dissolve completely within approximately five minutes from the time they are added to the water.

#### COMPATIBILITY

FORE WSP Turf and Ornamental fungicide is compatible with boron and spray oils; however, the water-soluble pouches must be completly dissolved before adding spray oils or products containing boron to spray mixtures.

FORE WSP Turf and Ornamental fungicide is compatible with most commonly used agricultural fungicides, insecticides and growth regulators. When preparing tank mixes, user should consult spray compatibility charts or State Cooperative Extension Service Specialists prior to actual use.

The physicial spray compatibility of specific tank mixes can be checked by preparing a sample suspension in a glass container and observing the suspension for any adverse effects which might interfere with proper spray application.

#### SPRAY ADJUVANTS

The addition of a surfactant to FORE WSP Turf and Ornamental fungicide sprays will improve initial spray deposits, fungicide redistribution and weatherability.

Place FORE WSP Turf and Ornamental fungicide into suspension prior to adding an adjuvant to the spray mixture. Read and carefully observe the precautionary statements and all other information appearing on both product labels prior to spray preparation.

#### APPLICATION

FORE WSP turf and ornamental fungicide is a protectant fungicide. Optimum disease control is achieved with thorough coverage sprays applied on a regular bases.

#### DISEASE SCOUTING

FORE WSP Turf and Ornamental fungicide is a broad-spectrum protectant fungicide. If not applied on a routine protectant spray schedule, turf and ornamental plants should be frequently observed for disease signs or symptoms. Fungicide application should be made at the recommended label use rate and spray schedule, when disease is first observed, reported in local area, or during environmental conditions favorable for disease development.

#### RESTRICTIONS

Users should carefully read, understand, and follow all use restrictions prior to using FORE WSP Turf and Ornamental fungicide.

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## TURF.

A 32 ounce water-soluble pouch will treat 8,000 square feet at the 4 ounce rate, 5,333 square feet at the 6 ounce rate, and 4,000 square feet at the 8 ounce rate.

For golf courses, sod farms, industrial or municipal turf areas and professional applications to residential lawns. Not for use by bomeowners.

Start application when grass greens-up in spring or when disease first appears and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals or until disease threat is past. When conditions are especially favorable for disease development, apply maximum fungicide use rate on a 7 day spray schedule. Apply in sufficient water to provide adequate coverage.

TURF TOLERANCE-Treated turfgrass should be maintained in a vigorous growing condition. Turfgrass under stress will not respond to fungicide treatments as well as well-maintained turfgrass. Turfgrass tolerance to this product has been found to be acceptable, however, this product and tank mixtures with other products have not been tested on all varieties of every turfgrass species or under all possible growing conditions. If user is unfamiliar with the performance of FORE or tank mixtures, under user growing conditions, a limited area of turfgrass should be treated prior to initiating large-scale applications. The user should always exercise reasonable judgment and caution when using this product.

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	RATE OF FORE WSP PER APPLICATION OZ./1000 SQ.FT.	REMARKS (Also refer to Directions For Use)	RESTRICTIONS
Assorted grasses	Helminthosporium melting-out Rust(leaf, stem, stripe)	4		Do not graze treated areas.
	Copper spot Fusarium blight Powdery mildew Red thread Slime mold	4 to 8		Do not use on grasses intended for grazing, such as range or pasture grasses.  Do not feed clippings to livestock.  Do not use on grasses grown for seed.
	Algae	6		
	Dollar spot	6 to 8		
	Rhizoctonia brown patch	4	Apply on a 7 day spray schedule.	
	Pythium blight	8	Apply at 5 day intervals, or more frequently, if conditions are especially favorable for disease development	
	Fasarium snow mold	6 to 8	Apply at 2 to 6 week intervals during winter.	1111

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<u>ORNAMENTALS</u>. Not intended for use on fruit trees by homeowners. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined the effects of using FORE WSP fungicide on ornamentals not specified on this label.

Prior to any large-scale applications on such plants, the user should determine the effects of FORE WSP fungicide by testing a small section of the type of plants treated. User assumes all risk arising out of application to unlabeled plants. The Conditions of Sale and Warranty apply to all uses.

Warranty apply to all uses.

For outdoor or greenhouse use, apply the equivalent of 1<sup>1/2</sup> lbs. FORE WSB rungicide per 100 gals. diote spray(1<sup>1/2</sup> lb. FORE per acre). The addition of LATRON B-1936 to spray solutions will improve performance.

Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out or at first sign of disease, in a full coverage spray at 7 to 10 day intervals throughout season or follow State Extension Service recommendations for disease control on the following ornamental plants.

ISEASES CONTROLLED	REMARKS(Also refer to Directions for Use)	RESTRICTIONS
otrytis blight		Do not use for food or feed purposes. (applies to all Ornamental uses.)
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		Do not use on food or feeting
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uste de la companya		27
uignardia leaf blotch	 	
ylindrosporium leaf spot		The state of the s
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nthracnose		
ylindrocladium rot etal blight hytopthora twìg and bud blight	Apply in a full coverage spray, 2 to 3 times a week, while flowers are opening. Direct spray into flowers and thoroughly spray ground under busines.	
eaf spot	CAMPAGE PROPERTY CARREST	
otrytis blight		4,1
eaf spot	为理解。——"为来"的 <del>是</del> 名为2000 2A	
ylindrosporium leaf spot		
etal blight	Refer to Azalea.	-
ust eptoria leaf spot		
ercospora blight		
homopsis blight		
scochyta blight otrytis petal spot	Apply twice weekly during blowning period.	
llemaria les spot : Ex		
ophodermium needle cast	Begin application in spring or early	and the second s
		, , ,
ine gall rust	summer before infection occurs.	
	Repeat after heavy rains and at two week intervals as long as needed.	73
ine gall rust	Repeat after beavy rains and at two	3
ine gall rust cirrhia brown spot	Repeat after beavy rains and at two	
ine gall rust cirrhia brown spot ercospora leaf spot edar-apple rust cab	Repeat after beavy rains and at two	
ine gall rust cirrhia brown spot crcospora leaf spot cdar-apple rust	Repeat after beavy rains and at two	
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CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	REMARKS (Also Refer to	RESTRICTIONS
	<u></u>	Directions For Use)	<u> </u>
Dahlia	Botrytis blight		
Delphinium: Appli		かっているようなとなるようできるとなると	and the second
Dieffenbachia	Leptosphaeria brown spot		j
Dogwood, flowering	Anthracnose	Apply when buds begin to open, when	
	Elsinoe leaf spot	bracts have fallen, 4 weeks later and again	į
	Septoria leaf spot	in late summer after flower buds for next	}
		season have formed.	
Dracaena	Fusarium leaf spot		1
<u>Elm</u>	Black leaf spot		<u>}</u>
Euonymus	Anthracnose	*	4
Fatsia	Anthracnose		_
Fern .	Rhizoctonia blight		1
Ficus	Cercospora leaf spot		Unit to the new years on antique which was a second
PIB-ION-SEEN-JU-RA		<b>のできる。                                    </b>	
Firethorn	Fusicladium scab		· ·
(pyracantha)			4
Fir, Douglas	Swiss needle cast		10.404 HO40344444444444
Pfr. Prasers Tripk lift			
Fuchsia	Botrytis blight	••	
	Rust	<u> </u>	4
Geranium	Rust		- <del>-</del>
Gladiolus	Botrytis blossom blight	Make regular weekly applications starting	
	Curvularia leaf spot	before diseases appear and increase to 2 or 3 applications per week during periods of	
	Ì	heavy disease and during rainy weather.	1
		On flower spikes, reduce spray	
		concentration to 3/4 lb. per 100 gals.	
Gloxinia - 3	Botrytis blight	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	
	Boirytis blight	できる 大学 はない かんかい かんかい かんかん かんかん かんかん かんかん かんかん かん	
	Bottyds blights		
Glypsophila ************************************		できる 大学 はない かんかい かんかい かんかん かんかん かんかん かんかん かんかん かん	
Glypsophila ************************************	Botryus blights  Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot	できる 大学 はない かんかい かんかい かんかん かんかん かんかん かんかん かんかん かん	
Glypsophila ************************************	Botryus blights  Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust	できる 大学 はない かんかい かんかい かんかん かんかん かんかん かんかん かんかん かん	
Glypsophila : ***********************************	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab		
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Glypsophila Hawthorn  Hickory Hickory Holly	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Gnomonia leaf spot Purple spot		
Glypsophila Hawthorn  Hickory	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Gnomonia leaf spot Anthracnose		
Glypsophila Hawthorn  Hickory Hickory Holly	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Griomonia leaf spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot		
Glypsophila Hawthorn  Hickory Holly Hollyhock	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Griomonia leaf spot Purple spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rust		
Glypsophila Hawthorn  Hickory Holly Hollyhock  Honeysuckle	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Gnomonia leaf spot Purple spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rust Herpobasidium blight		
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Glypsophila: Hawthorn  Hickory Holly Hollyhock  Honeysuckle Horsechestnut, Buckeye	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Gnomonia leaf spot Purple spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rust Herpobasidium blight Alternaria leaf spot Guignardia leaf blotch		
Hickory Holly Honeysuckle Horsechestnut,	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Gnomonia leaf spot Purple spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rust Herpobasidium blight Alternaria leaf spot Guignardia leaf blotch Botrytis blight		
Glypsophila Hawthorn  Hickory Hickory Holly Hollyhock  Honeysuckle Horsechestnut, Buckeye Hydrangea	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Griomonia leaf spot Purple spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rust Herpobasidium blight Alternaria leaf spot Guignardia leaf blotch Botrytis blight Cercospora leaf spot		
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Hawthorn  Hickory  Holly  Holly  Hollyhock  Honeysuckle  Horsechestnut,  Buckeye  Hydrangea	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Gnomonia leaf spot Purple spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rust Herpobasidium blight Alternaria leaf spot Guignardia leaf spot Guignardia leaf spot Botrytis blight Didymellina leaf spot Mycophaerella leaf spot		
Hickory  Hickory  Hickory  Holly  Holly  Hollyhock  Honeysuckle  Horsechestnut,  Buckeye  Hydrangea	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Griomonia leaf spot Purple spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rust Herpobasidium blight Alternaria leaf spot Guignardia leaf blotch Botrytis blight Cercospora leaf spot Botrytis blight Didymellina leaf spot		
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Hickory Hawthorn  Hickory Holly Hollyhock  Honeysuckle Horsechestnut, Buckeye Hydrangea  Impatients	Cedar-apple rust Fabraea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab Griomonia leaf spot Purple spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rust Herpobasidium blight Alternaria leaf spot Guignardia leaf spot Guignardia leaf spot Botrytis blight Cercospora leaf spot Botrytis blight Didymellina leaf spot Mycophaerella leaf spot Mystrosporium ink spot	(formally Didymellina)	

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## ORNAMENTALS -cont'd-

CROP	DISEASES CONTROLLED	REMARKS(Also refer to Directions For Use)	RESTRICTIONS
Ligustrum	Cercospora leaf spot		
Lily	Botrytis blight		1
Magnolia	Gloeosporium leaf spot		1
Maple	Alternaria leaf spot Phyllosticta leaf spot		Do not use on Sugar maples intended for the production of maple syrup.
Marigold	Botrytis blossom blight	Do not use on French dwarf double or Signet type marigold seedlings.	
Narcissus	Botrytis blight (fire) Smoulder		}
Oak	Actinopelte leaf spot Taphrina leaf blister		
Orchid (Dendrobium)	Botrytis blossom blight		
		ALTONOMIC CO. SECURITY CO. SECURITY CO.	ALCOHOL MANAGEMENT
Pachysandra	Volutella blight	Use a drenching spray of 2 lbs. per 50 gallons of waser per 5,000 sq. ft. of bed. Start applications at first sign of disease and apply at least 5 applications at 10 to 14 day intervals.	
Pansy	Anthracnose		
Peony	Botrytis blossom blight Phytophthora blight	Apply in early spring and early fall, drenching soil around plants as well as the foliage.  Promptly destroy all infected plant parts.	
Peperomia	Cercospora leaf spot		<u>]</u>
Petunia 💮 💮 🐴		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Philodendron	Dactylaria leaf spot Phytophthora leaf spot		
Phlox	Leaf spots 1950 1950	PART OF STREET	
Photinia	Entomosporium leaf spot		_
Pine; Australia			
Pine Scotch seine	Cyclaneusina needle cast		
Pittosporium************************************		"神"。 1975年,一年,一年,中国大学的	
Pleomele	Fusarium leaf spot	<u> </u>	
Poinsettia	Sphaceloma scab		Bellevin Carlo Maria de April de la maria de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión de la compansión
Poplar : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		and the second s	
Primrosc Protes	Botrytis blight		
Quince (Ornamental)	Fabrea leaf spot		
Rhododendron	Cercospora leaf spot Discosia leaf spot Petal blight	Refer to azalea.	3
Rose	Black spot Cercospora leaf spot Rust	<b>\</b>	)))
Rosemary	Rhizoctonia Aerial blight		

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Schefflera	Alternaria blight		
Scotts Pine	Needle casts	Commence of the second	
Skunkbush, sumac	Cylindrosporium leaf spot		, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,
Snapdragon	Rust		
Spathiphyllum	Myrothecium leaf spot	からして とうとうないないないないとうないというからいいないない	
Statice	Cercospora frogeye		
Strawflower (**)	Rust	はすることできるながれてできることがなって	
Syngonium	Cephalosporium leaf spot		
Thorn Apple	Rust	できた。 は、 は、 は、 は、 は、 は、 は、 は、 は、 は、	
Tulip	Botrytis blight (fire)	**** ***	
Venus, flytrap	Anthracnose		
Viburnum	Downy mildew Ramularia leaf spot		
Walnut	Anthracnose		Do not use treated walnuts for food or feed purposes.
Zinnia	Alternaria leaf blight		

ATTENTION: This product contains mamcozeb and ETU, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. ETU is also known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

FORE WSP is a registered trademark of the Rohm and Haas Company.

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