

Labeling Notice 3/7/91

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Because pronamide has produced tumors in laboratory animals, this product is for retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.



USE DIRECTIONS FOR:

- Artichoke (Globe) • Bermudagrass (Ornamental)
- Blackberry/Boysenberry/Raspberry • Blueberry
- CRP Established Grass Stands • CRP Fallowland
- Fallowland • Legumes • Lettuce/Endive/Escarole
- Rhubarb • Treefruit/Vine • Winter Peas
- Woody Ornamentals/Nursery Stock/Christmas Trees

NOTICE: Before using this product, read the entire Precautionary Statements, Conditions of Sale and Warranty, Directions for Use, Use Restrictions and Storage and Disposal Instructions. If the Conditions of Sale and Warranty are not acceptable, return the product unopened within thirty days of purchase to the place of purchase.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Harmful if swallowed. Take special care to avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not breathe the dust or spray mist. Wash clothing and gloves after use.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: When applying this product, wear midforearm waterproof gloves, long sleeved shirts and long pants, preferably one piece (coveralls). Hand spray or hand spreaders also require the use of waterproof boots or shoe coverings. Wash nondisposable gloves, boots and shoe coverings thoroughly with soap and water before removing.

Protective clothing/equipment is not needed during application if an enclosed tractor cab with filtered air supply or enclosed cockpit is used.

Any article of clothing worn while handling product must be cleaned before reusing. Clothing should be laundered separately from household articles. Clothing which has been drenched or heavily contaminated should be disposed of in accordance with state or local regulations.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Dilute by giving 2 glasses of water to drink and call a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Emesis is recommended.

IF INHALED: Move subject to fresh air.

IF ON SKIN: Wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Pronamide	
3,5-dichloro-N-(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)-benzamide	50.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS	50.0%
TOTAL	100.0%



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CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

Rohm and Haas warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label only when used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions of use. ROHM AND HAAS MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES EITHER OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE. Handling, storage and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of Rohm and Haas and Seller. Risks such as crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences resulting from, but not limited to, weather or soil conditions, presence of other materials, disease, pests, drift to other crops or property or failure to follow label directions will be assumed by the Buyer or User. IN NO CASE WILL ROHM AND HAAS OR SELLER BE HELD LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE HANDLING, STORAGE OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

RE-ENTRY AND WORKER PROTECTION STATEMENTS

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. Because certain states may require more restrictive re-entry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift, expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information:

CAUTION

(Insert area or field description) treated with KERB 50-W on (insert date of application). Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure: Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to KERB 50-W and describe his condition. For further information see the "Statement of Practical Treatment."

Oral warnings must include the same information that is in the written warnings.

USE RESTRICTIONS

HAND-SPRAY APPLICATIONS OF PRONAMIDE MAY BE MADE ONLY TO ORNAMENTALS AND NURSERY STOCK.

CHEMIGATION

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT THROUGH ANY TYPE OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM.

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W selective herbicide is formulated as a wettable powder containing 50% active ingredient. It is effective for the control of a wide range of grasses and certain broadleaf weeds. The product is a soil active herbicide with uptake by sensitive weeds occurring through the roots. Before using this herbicide for a specific crop use, study the following general use information which provides important instructions for the safe and effective application of the product.

WEED SPECTRUM

KERB 50-W herbicide is recommended for both preemergence and early post-emergence control of winter annual and perennial grasses and chickweed and for preemergence control only of certain other broadleaf weeds and certain other grasses listed.

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2 of 10

WEEDS CONTROLLED BOTH PREEMERGENCE AND EARLY POSTEMERGENCE

BARLEY, FOXTAIL	<i>Hordeum jubatum</i>	OAT, WILD	<i>Avena fatua</i>
BARLEY, VOLUNTEER	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	ORCHARDGRASS	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>
BENIGRASS	<i>Agrisotis species</i>	QUACKGRASS	<i>Agropyron rebersi</i>
BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL	<i>Poa annua</i>	RYE, VOLUNTEER	<i>Secale cereale</i>
BLUEGRASS, BULBOUS	<i>Poa bulbosa</i>	RYEGRASS, ITALIAN	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>
BLUEGRASS, KENTUCKY	<i>Poa pratensis</i>	RYEGRASS, PERENNIAL	<i>Lolium perenne</i>
BROME, DOWNY	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	VELVETGRASS	<i>Helictes lanatus</i>
(JOHNSGRASS)		WHEAT, VOLUNTEER	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>
CHICKWEED, COMMON	<i>Stellaria media</i>	WHEATGRASS, CRESTED	<i>Agropyron desertorum</i>
CHICKWEED, MOUSE EAR	<i>Cerastium vulgatum</i>	WHEATGRASS,	<i>Agropyron intermedium</i>
FESCUE, TALL	<i>Festuca arvensis</i>	INTERMEDIATE	
FOXTAIL, CREEPING	<i>Alopecurus arundinaceus</i>	WHEATGRASS, SLENDER	<i>Agropyron trachycalum</i>
GOATGRASS, JOINTED	<i>Aegilops cylindrica</i>	WHEATGRASS, TALL	<i>Agropyron elongatum</i>
OAT, VOLUNTEER	<i>Avena sativa</i>	WHEATGRASS, WESTERN	<i>Agropyron smithii</i>

WEEDS CONTROLLED ONLY PREEMERGENCE

BARNYARDGRASS	<i>Echinochloa crus galli</i>	MORNINGGLORY,	<i>Ipomoea purpurea</i>
CANARYGRASS	<i>Phalaris canariensis</i>	ANNUAL	
CARPETWEED	<i>Mollugo verticillata</i>	MUSTARD, WILD	<i>Brassica kaber</i>
CRABGRASS, LARGE	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	NETTLE, BURNING	<i>Urtica urens</i>
DODDER, FIELD	<i>Cuscuta campestris</i>	NIGHTSHADE, BLACK	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>
"TAIL, YELLOW	<i>Setaria lutescens</i>	NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY	<i>Solanum sarachodes</i>
JOSEFOOT, NETTLELEAF	<i>Chenopodium murale</i>	PANICUM, FALL	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>
GOOSEGRASS	<i>Elytrone indica</i>	PURSLANE, COMMON	<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>
HENBIT	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	RADISH, WILD	<i>Raphanus sativus</i>
KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE	<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>	ROCKET, LONDON	<i>Sisymbrium irio</i>
LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	SHEPHERDSPURSE	<i>Capsella bursa pastoris</i>
LOVEGRASS	<i>Eragrostis diffusa</i>	SMARTWEED, PALE	<i>Polygonum isopthalobum</i>
MALLOW, LITTLE	<i>Maha parviflora</i>	SORREL, RED	<i>Rumex acetosella</i>
(CHEESEWEED)		(from seed)	
		TOMATO, VOLUNTEER	<i>Solanum escurtium</i>

NOTE: The weed species controlled by KERB 50-W herbicide are dependent on the rate used, specific crop culture involved, and the associated conditions of temperature, soil type and moisture availability. Refer to specific crop use directions for weed species controlled.

DOSAGE

The rate of KERB 50-W herbicide required will vary depending on the crop culture involved and weed species to be controlled. See specific crop use directions for all dosage recommendations. All dosage recommendations listed in this label are in terms of pounds KERB 50-W herbicide per broadcast acre. For banded application, the amount of KERB 50-W herbicide used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in)}}{\text{Row Width (in)}} \times \text{Rate per Acre Broadcast} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Band Application}$$

TIMING AND APPLICATION

Unless specific directions are given under the crop to be treated, KERB 50-W herbicide should be applied in the fall or early winter, when temperatures do not exceed 55°F, BUT PRIOR TO SOIL FREEZE-UP. Best weed control results when KERB 50-W herbicide is applied preemergence to the weeds and when application is followed by rainfall or irrigation to move the product into the root zone of the germinating weeds.

KERB 50-W herbicide should be thoroughly mixed in clean water at the recommended concentration and applied uniformly as a spray. For ground application, use a conventional low pressure herbicide sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles spaced and calibrated to uniformly deliver 20 to 50 gallons of spray per acre. For aerial applications apply in a coarse droplet spray at 5 to 10 gallons per acre. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use.

EFFECT OF SOIL TYPE, MOISTURE AND TEMPERATURE

KERB 50-W herbicide is most active in coarse to medium textured soils of low organic matter and is relatively inactive in peat or muck soils or mineral soils high in organic matter content at rates recommended in this label. Herbicidal activity is best in soils containing less than 4 percent organic matter. Use in soils with higher organic matter may result in inconsistent or incomplete weed control.

The herbicidal activity of KERB 50-W is mainly through root absorption in sensitive weed species. Rain, melting snow or irrigation is ESSENTIAL following treatment to move KERB 50-W herbicide into the root zone of germinating weeds.

Under field conditions, KERB 50-W herbicide will remain relatively stable with little loss of herbicidal activity when soil temperatures are less than 55°F. As soil temperatures increase, degradation of the active ingredient takes place. KERB 50-W herbicide may degrade rather quickly if left exposed on the soil surface in warm weather. If KERB 50-W herbicide is applied when air temperatures exceed 35°F, it should be soil incorporated to a shallow depth (top two to three inches) or watered into the soil as soon as possible.

CULTURAL CONSIDERATIONS

For best results apply KERB 50-W herbicide to a trash free soil surface. Clean cultivation before application is preferable, but not necessary. To obtain maximum weed control in areas not clean cultivated, the area to be treated should be free of surface litter (dead or decaying crop and weed debris, mowing clippings, etc.). Trash-free areas create ideal conditions for rapid movement of KERB 50-W into the weed root zone following rain or irrigation.

ROTATION CROP PLANTING INFORMATION

Follow the directions given below when rotation crops will be planted to areas previously treated with KERB 50-W herbicide:

- Whether KERB 50-W herbicide is bed-topped, banded or broadcast, the beds should be knocked down and the field cross-disked before rotation crops other than artichokes, lettuce, endive or escarole are planted.
- Where the KERB 50-W herbicide treatment is to be followed by a rotation crop within six months of application, bed-topped or banded applications are suggested.
- Where small grains or grasses will be planted within one year to areas where KERB 50-W herbicide is to be applied at a dosage rate greater than 1.0 pound of product per acre, KERB 50-W herbicide should not be broadcast. Treatments should be limited to band or bed-top applications only.
- Where rotation crops are to follow within one year of the KERB 50-W herbicide treatment, the following rotational plan applies:

Amount of KERB 50-W Applied/Planted Acre ²	Waiting Period in Months Before Planting the Crops Indicated ¹			
	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D
1.0 lb.	0	3	3	6
2.0 lb.	0	3	4	9
3.0 lb.	0	4	6	9
4.0 lb.	0	5	7	12

¹Crop Group A — Artichokes, lettuce, endive, escarole
 Crop Group B — Beans, corn, cotton, sorghum, carrots, celery
 Crop Group C — Broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower, cucurbits, spinach, sugarbeets, onion, tomatoes
 Crop Group D — Wheat, barley, oats, grasses

NOTE: "Crops not listed in Crop Groups A, B, C or D (above) should not be planted back sooner than 12 months after the last KERB 50-W herbicide application regardless of the rate of KERB 50-W used."

²Planted Acre refers to Acreage planted. KERB at 4.0 pounds of product per treated acre on two 5 inch treated bands (40 inch centers) is the equivalent of one pound KERB 50-W per planted acre. KERB at 4.0 pounds of product as a broadcast treatment (total acreage sprayed) is the equivalent of 4 pounds of KERB 50-W per planted acre.

ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)

(CALIFORNIA ONLY)

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide for the control of susceptible weeds in either established (ratoon) or transplanted globe artichokes.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

KERB 50-W herbicide is effective at 4.0 to 8.0 pounds of product (2.0 to 4.0 pounds active ingredient) per treated acre for the preemergence control of the following weeds:

BARLEY, VOLUNTEER	HENBIT	NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY
BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL	KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE	OAT, VOLUNTEER
CHICKWEED, COMMON	MALLOW, LITTLE	RYEGRASS, ITALIAN
CHICKWEED, MOUSE EAR	(CHEESEWEED)	WHEAT, VOLUNTEER
FOXTAIL, YELLOW	MUSTARD, WILD	
GOOSEFOOT, NETTLELEAF	NETTLE, BURNING	

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3 of 10

**KERB 50-W Rate
(Per Broadcast Acre)***

Crop	Weeds	Dependable Rainfall or Overhead Irrigation	Less	
			Dependable Rainfall or Furrow Irrigation	Comments
Globe Artichokes (established ratoon)	Susceptible annual grasses, volunteer grains and broad- leaf weeds	4.0 lbs.	Not recommended	Sandy soils and silt loams
		3.0 lbs.	Not recommended	Silt, silty clay loams, clay loams and clay soils
Globe Artichokes (newly transplanted crowns)	Susceptible annual grasses, volunteer grains and broad- leaf weeds	4.0 lbs.	Not recommended	All soil types except peat and muck soils

*Dosage recommendations listed on this label are in terms of pounds KERB 50-W per acre broadcast application. For banded treatments down artichoke rows or between rows, the amount of KERB 50-W used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in)}}{\text{Row Width (in)}} \times \text{Rate per Acre Broadcast} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Band Application}$$

DOSAGE AND TIMING RECOMMENDATIONS

Established Ratoon Artichokes
Apply KERB 50-W in a single postemergence application to the crop after tillage operations are completed and shoot regrowth of the artichokes has occurred. Application timing of KERB 50-W should be preemergence to the weeds and before new artichoke leaves are greater than 14 to 16 inches long. Apply KERB 50-W in a banded treatment over the crop row at the rate of 4.0 to 8.0 pounds of product per broadcast acre (see dosage rate for soil type in chart). A second application of KERB 50-W at the same rate may be applied in a banded treatment directed to the untreated soil surface between the artichoke rows after the ditching operation is completed later in the season.

Transplanted Artichoke Crowns
Apply KERB 50-W in a single application after transplanting the crowns but before new shoots have developed 3 to 4 new leaves. KERB 50-W should be applied preemergence to the weeds and banded over the crop row at the rate of 4.0 pounds of product per broadcast acre. Do not use higher rates of KERB 50-W than 4.0 pounds per acre in one season. A second application of KERB 50-W at the same rate may be applied in a banded treatment directed to the untreated soil surface between the artichoke rows after the ditching operation is completed later in the season.

APPLICATION

KERB 50-W herbicide may be applied by aircraft or ground sprayer for preemergence control of susceptible grasses and broadleaf weeds in established ratoon artichokes or transplanted artichoke crowns.

Aerial — Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre for aerial application. Avoid drift to all other crops and non target areas.

Ground — Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly with a ground sprayer in 20 to 50 gallons of water per acre. Reduce dosage and volume accordingly for banded treatments. Use a standard low pressure herbicide sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles that give uniform spray distribution.

MOISTURE AND IRRIGATION REQUIREMENTS

Moisture is necessary to activate KERB 50-W in the soil and move it into the root zone of germinating weeds. In artichoke culture natural rainfall or supplementary overhead irrigation within 1 to 3 days after the application of KERB 50-W herbicide is essential for effective weed control. For best results use overhead sprinkler irrigation equipment to irrigate the field with 1 to 2 inches of water after application of KERB 50-W herbicide.

EFFECT OF SOIL TYPE

KERB 50-W is not recommended for use on highly organic or muck soils because herbicidal activity is lowered significantly in these soils. Follow dosage rates suggested in the dosage recommendations chart according to the soil type for established and transplanted artichokes.

ROTATION CROPS

Artichokes are generally long-term perennial crops. In the event that artichokes are discontinued and a rotational crop will be planted within one year where KERB 50-W was applied at the rate of 4.0 pounds of product per acre, follow the crop rotational plan outlined on this label for lettuce. If artichokes are discontinued where KERB 50-W was applied at a dosage rate greater than 4.0 pounds of product per acre, do not plant back to crops other than artichokes for a period of 18 months.

ARTICHOKE — SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 8.0 pounds of KERB 50-W herbicide to established artichokes or more than 4.0 pounds to newly transplanted artichokes per acre broadcast application.
- Do not make more than one application to the artichoke row in one season.
- Do not harvest artichokes within 60 days of the first application (over the plant rows) or within 1 day of the second application (to the untreated area between rows after ditching).

BERMUDAGRASS (ORNAMENTAL)

GROWN FOR TURF OR SEED

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide recommended for the preemergence and postemergence control of annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) in ornamental bermudagrass (*Cynodon dactylon*) turf or bermudagrass grown for seed.

WEED CONTROL

KERB 50-W herbicide will control annual bluegrass from pregermination and seedling stages through tillering, heading and seed formation. KERB 50-W herbicide acts slowly on seedling to mature annual bluegrass. Following application of KERB 50-W annual bluegrass may first become dark green and then gradually turn yellow and die over a 3 to 5 week period.

For effective control of annual bluegrass in bermudagrass turf or seed crops, moisture is necessary to move KERB 50-W herbicide in the weed root zone. Refer to the Moisture Requirement section of this label for details.

DOSAGE AND TIMING

KERB 50-W herbicide is recommended at the rate of 1.0 to 3.0 pounds of product (0.5 to 1.5 pounds active ingredient) per acre broadcast application. The dosage rate required is dependent on the growth stage of annual bluegrass at time of application. Follow the dosage rate and timing recommendations given below.

Annual Bluegrass Growth Stage	Pounds KERB 50-W Per Acre Broadcast Application
Preemergence or early postemergence	1.0 - 2.0*
Postemergence — early tillering to heading	1.5 - 2.0
Postemergence — seed-forming stages	2.0 - 3.0

*Use the higher rate when longer preemergence residual control is desired.

APPLICATION

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly with a low pressure ground sprayer in 20 to 50 gallons of water per acre. The sprayer should be equipped with flat fan nozzle, spaced to provide uniform distribution without skips or excessive overlapping of spray patterns.

NOTE: Avoid spraying on fairways or approaches that may drain onto bentgrass greens or to areas overseeded with sensitive cool season grasses.

MOISTURE REQUIREMENTS

KERB 50-W herbicide acts mainly through root absorption in sensitive weed species. If no rainfall occurs within a day or so of the application, a light overhead irrigation should be made to move the chemical into the weed root zone. Avoid heavy irrigations of more than 1 inch to reduce the possibility of excess washing or leaching of the chemical from the area of application.

**BERMUDAGRASS (ORNAMENTAL) TURF OR SEED CROP
— SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not apply KERB 50-W herbicide to areas that are to be overseeded with susceptible cool season grasses within 90 days of treatment.
- Do not apply KERB 50-W to dicentra, perennial bluegrass, annual and perennial ryegrasses, fescues and bentgrasses.
- KERB 50-W herbicide is not recommended for use on golf greens.
- Do not graze treated areas and do not feed clippings to livestock.

**BLACKBERRY/BOYSENBERRY/
RASPBERRY**

(OREGON AND WASHINGTON ONLY)

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide recommended for fall and winter applications to established blackberries, boysenberries and raspberries for both preemergence and postemergence control of certain winter annual and perennial grasses.

DOSAGE

KERB 50-W herbicide is recommended at the rate of 2.0 to 6.0 pounds of product (1.0 to 3.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre broadcast application. The rate will depend on the weed species present and the soil texture of the site being treated. Follow the weed control recommendations listed in the chart below:

Weeds Controlled	Pounds of KERB 50-W Per Acre ¹		Comments
	Dependable Rainfall or Overhead Irrigation ²		
BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL	2.0 - 4.0		Use low rates
QUACKGRASS	4.0 - 6.0		on light to medium
RYEGRASS, PERENNIAL	4.0 - 6.0		soils and high rates on heavy soils

¹Dosage rates recommended are in pounds of KERB 50-W per acre broadcast application. Reduce rates accordingly for banded applications.

²For effective weed control, rainfall or overhead irrigation is essential following the application of KERB 50-W.

CROP TOLERANCE

Established barefruit are tolerant to recommended rates of KERB 50-W herbicide. Newly transplanted blackberries, boysenberries and raspberries should be well rooted and transplanted for at least 3 months prior to the application of KERB 50-W herbicide.

TIMING AND APPLICATION

Apply KERB 50-W herbicide only during the fall or winter months. For optimum results, apply KERB 50-W during November or December. Do not make applications when the ground is frozen. Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W in clean water and apply uniformly with a low pressure ground sprayer in 20 to 50 gallons of water per acre.

**BLACKBERRY/BOYSENBERRY/RASPBERRY —
SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not make more than one application of KERB 50-W herbicide per year and do not apply KERB 50-W at rates higher than 6.0 pounds product (3.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre.

BLUEBERRY

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide recommended for fall and winter applications to established blueberries for both preemergence and postemergence control of winter annual and perennial grasses and chickweed and preemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds.

DOSAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

KERB 50-W herbicide is recommended at the rate of 2.0 to 4.0 pounds of product (1.0 to 2.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre broadcast application. The rate will depend on the weed species present. Follow the weed control recommendations listed in the chart below:

Weeds Controlled		Pounds KERB 50-W Per Acre ¹
		Dependable Rainfall or Overhead Irrigation ²
BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL	OAT, WILD	2.0
BROME, DOWNY (CHEATGRASS)	SORREL, RED (from seed)	
CHICKWEED		
BENTGRASS	QUACKGRASS	4.0
BLUEGRASS, KENTUCKY	RYEGRASS, PERENNIAL	
FESCUE, TALL	VELVETGRASS	
ORCHARDGRASS		

¹Dosage rates recommended are in pounds of KERB 50-W per acre broadcast application. Reduce rates accordingly for banded applications.

²For effective weed control, rainfall or overhead irrigation is essential following the application of KERB 50-W.

CROP TOLERANCE

Established blueberry plants are tolerant to recommended rates of KERB 50-W herbicide. Do not apply KERB 50-W to newly transplanted blueberries until roots are well established.

TIMING AND APPLICATION

Apply KERB 50-W herbicide in a single application during the fall or early winter months, but prior to soil freeze-up and snow cover. Optimum herbicidal activity occurs when applications are made under cool temperature conditions (55°F or less) and are followed by rainfall or overhead irrigation.

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W in clean water and apply uniformly with a low pressure ground sprayer in 20 to 50 gallons of water per acre.

BLUEBERRY — SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not make more than one application of KERB 50-W herbicide per year and do not apply KERB 50-W at rates higher than 4.0 pounds product (2.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre.

**CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM
ESTABLISHED GRASS STANDS**

**WINTER ANNUAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED
GRASS STANDS ENROLLED IN THE CONSERVATION
RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP) (IDAHO, OREGON AND
WASHINGTON ONLY)**

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide for the control or suppression of certain winter annual grasses in established grass stands on land that is currently enrolled in the USDA's Conservation Reserve Program (CRP). The use of KERB 50-W herbicide under this label, is restricted to those CRP acres that have an acceptable stand of grass (of species specified on this label) that has been established for a minimum of 1 year.

KERB 50-W is a soil active herbicide that is absorbed through the roots. To achieve good weed control, sufficient soil moisture from rain or melting snow is required following treatment to move KERB 50-W into the root zone of susceptible germinating weeds.

5-810

WEEDS CONTROLLED (SUPPRESSION)

KERB 50-W herbicide will provide preemergence and postemergence control (or suppression) of the following weeds when used according to labeled directions:

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| BLUEGRASS, BULBOUS | GOATGRASS, JOINTED |
| BROME, DOWNY | RYE, CEREAL |

DOSAGE

Apply KERB 50-W herbicide in a single application at a rate of 0.38 lb. (0.19 pound active ingredient) per acre.

TIMING

To achieve optimum herbicidal activity, apply KERB 50-W herbicide between mid-October and mid-December. Applications made outside these dates could result in poor weed control.

APPLICATION

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly in a broadcast application. For ground application KERB 50-W should be applied in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with a conventional low pressure herbicide sprayer. For aerial applications apply in a coarse droplet spray at 5 to 10 gallons per acre. Accurately calibrate spray equipment before each use.

GRASS SPECIES TOLERANCE

The following grass species have shown satisfactory* tolerance to KERB 50-W when used as recommended:

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| FESCUE, TALL | WHEATGRASS, INTERMEDIATE |
| FOXTAIL, CREEPING | WHEATGRASS, SLENDER |
| ORCHARDGRASS | WHEATGRASS, TALL |
| WHEATGRASS, CRESTED | WHEATGRASS, WESTERN |

*Slight growth suppression of these grass species may occur in the spring following the KERB 50-W application.

**CRP — ESTABLISHED GRASS STANDS —
SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

- In accordance with the provisions of the Conservation Reserve Program, any CRP acres (including those acres treated with KERB 50-W) cannot be grazed or the hay cut for feed.
- Refer to the ROTATION CROP PLANTING INFORMATION section of this label for any plantback restrictions not covered under the CRP agreement.

**CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM
FALLOW LAND**

**FALLOW LAND TO BE ROTATED TO GRASS COVER CROPS
FOR USE IN THE CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM
(CRP) (IDAHO, OREGON AND WASHINGTON ONLY)**

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide for use on fallow land to control certain winter annual grasses and volunteer grains.

Use of the product is restricted to summer fallow land that will be planted back the following year to grass cover crops for soil erosion or other conservation purposes.

Use rates and plant back restrictions for KERB 50-W should be strictly followed or severe injury to the following rotation crops may occur.

KERB 50-W is a soil active herbicide that is absorbed through weed roots. In order to achieve good weed control, sufficient soil moisture from rain, melting snow or irrigation is required following treatment to move KERB 50-W into the soil to the weed root zone.

Do not use any tillage in the fall prior to or after the application of KERB 50-W herbicide to fallow land since weed control will be reduced.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

KERB 50-W herbicide will provide preemergence and postemergence control of the following weeds when used according to labeled directions:

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| BARLEY, VOLUNTEER | GOATGRASS, JOINTED |
| BLUEGRASS, BULBOUS | RYE, VOLUNTEER |
| BROME, DOWNY (CHEATGRASS) | WHEAT, VOLUNTEER |

DOSAGE RATE AND TIMING

Apply KERB 50-W herbicide in a single application at a rate of 0.5 to 1.0 pound (0.25 to 0.50 pound active ingredient) per acre. For optimum weed control, apply KERB 50-W herbicide between mid-October and mid-December, prior to soil freeze-up. Applications made outside these dates could result in poor weed control.

APPLICATION

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly in a broadcast application. For ground application KERB 50-W herbicide should be applied in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with a conventional low pressure herbicide sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. For aerial applications apply in a coarse droplet spray at 5 to 10 gallons per acre. Spray equipment should be carefully calibrated before each use.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

All grass species recommended for use as a cover crop in the Conservation Reserve Program can be planted back to fallow land treated with KERB 50-W herbicide provided that the planting date occurs after August 15 of the year following the KERB 50-W application.

**CRP — FALLOW LAND —
SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

- Do not plant any grass species back to fallow land treated with KERB 50-W herbicide until after August 15 of the year following the KERB 50-W application.
- Do not use any tillage in the fall prior to or after the application of KERB 50-W herbicide.

FALLOW LAND

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W herbicide is a selective herbicide for use on fallow land to control certain winter annual grasses and volunteer grains.

Use of the product is restricted to summer fallow land which will be planted back the following year to winter wheat, barley or oats.

Use rates and plant-back restrictions for KERB 50-W herbicide should be strictly followed or severe injury to the following small grain crop may occur.

KERB 50-W is a soil active herbicide that is absorbed through weed roots. In order to achieve good weed control, sufficient soil moisture from rain, melting snow or irrigation is required following treatment to move KERB 50-W herbicide into the soil to the weed root zone.

Do not use any fall tillage prior to or after the application of KERB 50-W herbicide to fallow land, since weed control will be reduced. To ensure best weed control results with KERB 50-W, use a straw spreader when combining to eliminate chaff rows.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

KERB 50-W herbicide will provide preemergence and postemergence control of the following weeds when used according to label directions.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| BARLEY, VOLUNTEER | GOATGRASS, JOINTED |
| BLUEGRASS, BULBOUS | RYE, VOLUNTEER |
| BROME, DOWNY (CHEATGRASS) | WHEAT, VOLUNTEER |

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DOSAGE AND TIMING

Apply KERB 50-W herbicide in a single application at a rate of 0.5 to 1.0 pound (0.25 to 0.50 pound active ingredient) per acre. For optimum weed control, apply KERB 50-W herbicide between mid-September and mid-December, prior to soil freeze-up. Applications made outside these dates could result in poor weed control.

APPLICATION

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly in a broadcast application. For ground application KERB 50-W herbicide should be applied in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with a conventional low pressure herbicide sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. For aerial applications apply in a coarse droplet spray at 5 to 10 gallons per acre. Spray equipment should be carefully calibrated before each use.

ROTATION CROPS

Winter wheat, barley and oats can be planted into fallow land treated with KERB 50-W herbicide 9 months (270 days) or more after application.

TANK MIXTURE WITH GLEAN® HERBICIDE FOR FALLOW LAND

For control or suppression of certain broadleaf weeds not controlled by KERB 50-W herbicide in fallow land areas, Glean herbicide may be tank mixed with KERB 50-W. See Glean label for list of weeds claimed.

DOSAGE

Use KERB 50-W herbicide at the rate of 0.5 to 0.75 pound (0.25 to 0.38 lb. active ingredient) per acre tank mixed with Glean herbicide at the dosage rate recommended on the Glean label for reduced tillage fallow weed control.

Important: Before applying a tank mixture of KERB 50-W and Glean herbicides on fallow land areas, read and observe all label directions for each product. Use caution and plant back restrictions should be strictly followed or severe injury to following small grain crops may occur. In interpreting product labels for tank mixtures, the most restrictive situations must apply.

For crop rotation flexibility, do not use Glean herbicide on all your fallow acreage.

FALLOW LAND — SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not plant winter wheat, barley or oats within 270 days of the application of KERB 50-W herbicide.
- Do not use any fall tillage prior to or after the application of KERB 50-W herbicide.

LEGUMES GROWN FOR FORAGE AND SEED

ALFALFA, CLOVER, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL, CROWN VETCH AND SAINFOIN

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide recommended for fall or winter applications to alfalfa, clover, birdsfoot trefoil, crown vetch and sainfoin for both preemergence and postemergence control of susceptible winter annual and perennial grasses and for preemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds.

DOSAGE

KERB 50-W herbicide is recommended at the rate of 1.0 to 4.0 pounds of product (0.5 to 2.0 pounds active ingredient) per broadcast acre application. The required rate will depend on the weed species present as well as the type of irrigation used or the dependability of rainfall following application. The effective rate will be higher in low rainfall areas or where furrow irrigation is used than in areas of dependable rainfall or where overhead irrigation is practiced. Follow the weed control recommendations given in the chart below for fall or winter applications of KERB 50-W herbicide:

Pounds KERB 50-W Per Acre Broadcast Application

Weeds Controlled		Dependable Rainfall or Overhead Irrigation	Low Rainfall or Furrow Irrigation
Apply Preemergence or Postemergence to These Weeds:			
BARLEY, FOXTAIL	GRAIN, VOLUNTEER	1.0-1.5	1.5-2.0
BLUEGRASS ANNUAL	OAT, WILD		
BROME, DOWNY (CHEATGRASS)	RYEGRASS, ITALIAN		
CHICKWEED			
BLUEGRASS, KENTUCKY		1.5-2.0	2.0-3.0
ORCHARDGRASS			
RYEGRASS, PERENNIAL			
QUACKGRASS		2.0-3.0	3.0-4.0
Apply Preemergence Only to These Weeds:			
SORREL, RED (Iron Seed)		1.5-2.0	2.0-3.0
MUSTARD, WILD	ROCKET, LONDON	3.0	4.0
RADISH, WILD	SHEPHERDSPURSE		

NOTE: For control of spring germinating cheatgrass and dodder refer to specific instructions under Spring Use Directions for Established Alfalfa.

TIMING AND APPLICATION

KERB 50-W herbicide should be applied during the fall or winter months. Optimum herbicidal activity occurs when applications are made under cool temperature conditions (55°-60°F) and are followed by rainfall or overhead irrigation. Applications should always be made BEFORE SOIL FREEZE-UP.

Applications are recommended postemergence to established, actively growing or dormant forage legumes or to new plantings after the legume has reached the trifoliate leaf stage. In established forage legume stands, applications should be made after the last cutting when the weather and soil temperatures are cool. In fall-seeded forage legumes, applications should be made after legumes have reached the trifoliate leaf stage. In spring-seeded forage legumes, applications of KERB 50-W herbicide should be made the following fall or early winter to control winter annual and perennial grasses. Do not use KERB 50-W herbicide as a preplant or preemergence treatment or before the trifoliate leaf stage of the legume has developed in new plantings as injury to the legume stand may result. Remove or disperse trash, crop residues and ashes before treatment.

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly with a ground sprayer at 20 to 50 gallons per acre. Use a conventional herbicide sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles at 40 to 60 psi.

ROTATION CROPS

Where rotation crops are to follow within one year of the KERB 50-W herbicide treatment to alfalfa, clover, birdsfoot trefoil, crown vetch or sainfoin, follow the directions given in the General Information section of this label under ROTATION CROPS PLANTING INFORMATION.

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS — ALFALFA, CLOVER, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL, CROWN VETCH AND SAINFOIN

- Do not use more than 4.0 pounds KERB 50-W herbicide per acre per season.
- Do not graze or harvest for forage or dehydration within the following intervals after application:

Alfalfa — below 3.0 pounds KERB 50-W/A (West of Mississippi River)	— 25 days
Alfalfa — 3.0 to 4.0 pounds KERB 50-W/A (West of Mississippi River)	— 45 days
Clover, birdsfoot trefoil, crown vetch, sainfoin (entire U.S.) and alfalfa (East of Mississippi River) up to 4.0 pounds KERB 50-W/A.	— 120 days

7 of 10

**SPRING USE DIRECTIONS FOR ESTABLISHED ALFALFA —
DODDER CONTROL IN ALFALFA SEED CROPS ONLY IN
CALIFORNIA, IDAHO, NEVADA, OREGON, UTAH AND
WASHINGTON**

GENERAL INFORMATION

For effective control KERB 50-W herbicide must be moved into the soil either by rainfall or irrigation before the germination of dodder. Preferably, irrigation should be made within 1 to 3 days following the KERB 50-W application, but can be delayed up to 2 weeks if necessary provided that irrigation precedes dodder germination. If irrigation of the field treated with KERB 50-W herbicide must be delayed, a light mechanical incorporation (maximum 1 inch depth) should follow the KERB 50-W application and the field irrigated within two weeks.

When using flood type or overhead sprinkler irrigation systems the amount of irrigation following the KERB 50-W application should not exceed one inch of water. Excess irrigation following the KERB 50-W application and prior to germination of dodder may decrease the effectiveness of KERB 50-W herbicide.

DOSAGE AND TIMING

For effective control, KERB 50-W herbicide must be applied before dodder germinates. Follow directions given below depending on method of irrigation used:

Furrow Irrigation — Apply KERB 50-W at the rate of 3.0 to 4.0 pounds of product (1.5 to 2.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre. Incorporate lightly at time of application and irrigate within seven days.

Flood Irrigation — Apply KERB 50-W at the rate of 3.0 pounds of product (1.5 pounds active ingredient) per acre. Flood field with 0.5 to 1.0 inch of water within 1 to 3 days after application.

Overhead Sprinkler Irrigation — Use same directions as given above for flood irrigation.

Excessive amounts of irrigation water following KERB 50-W herbicide application may adversely affect the herbicidal activity.

NOTE: If the legume crop treated with KERB 50-W herbicide should be winter killed or otherwise destroyed, do not plant the field in the spring to small grain or grass crops since these crops may be injured from residual KERB 50-W in the soil. For additional information see Rotation Crop Planting Chart in the General Information section of this label.

**CHEATGRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA
(SPRING APPLICATIONS)
DOSAGE AND TIMING**

Spring application of KERB 50-W herbicide will control cheatgrass if application is made when cheatgrass has recently germinated or expected to germinate. KERB 50-W herbicide should be applied as a broadcast application at the rate of 1.5 to 2.0 pounds of product (0.75 to 1.0 pound active ingredient) per acre.

LETTUCE/ENDIVE/ESCAROLE

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W herbicide is a selective herbicide for the control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in direct seeded or transplanted lettuce, endive and escarole.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

KERB 50-W herbicide is effective at 2.0 to 4.0 pounds of product (1.0 to 2.0 pounds active ingredient) per treated acre for the preemergence control of the following weeds:

GRASSES

- | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| BARLEY, FOXTAIL | CANARYGRASS | OATS, VOLUNTEER |
| BARLEY, VOLUNTEER | CRABGRASS | PANICUM, FALL |
| BARNYARDGRASS | FOXTAIL, YELLOW | RYEGRASS, ITALIAN |
| BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL | GOOSEGRASS | RYE, VOLUNTEER |
| BROME, DOWNY (CHEATGRASS) | LOVEGRASS | WHEAT, VOLUNTEER |

BROADLEAF WEEDS

- | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| CARPETWEED | LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| CHICKWEED, COMMON | MORNINGGLORY, ANNUAL | ROCKET, LONDON |
| GOOSEFOOT, NETTLELEAF | MUSTARD, WILD | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| HENBIT | NETTLE, BURNING | SMARTWEED, PALE |
| KNOXWEED | NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | TOMATO, VOLUNTEER |
| | NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY | |

DOSAGE

KERB 50-W herbicide is recommended at the rate of 2.0 to 4.0 pounds of product (1.0 to 2.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre broadcast application. The dosage rate required is dependent on soil texture and method of irrigation. At rates recommended on this label, KERB 50-W is not recommended for weed control on highly organic (peat and muck) soils. For lettuce, endive and escarole follow the dosage recommendations listed in chart below.

Weed:	Pounds KERB 50-W Per Acre Broadcast Application ¹		Soil Texture Group ²
	Dependable Rainfall or Overhead Irrigation	Less Dependable Rainfall or Furrow Irrigation	
Susceptible annual grasses	2.0 - 3.0 (Surface application)	3.0 - 4.0 (Soil incorporation)	Coarse and medium tex- tured soils
Broadleaf weeds	3.0 - 4.0 (Surface application)	4.0 (Soil incorporation)	Fine textured soils

¹Reduce dosage rate accordingly for banded applications.

²Soil Texture Group

- Coarse: sand, loamy sand, sandy loam
- Medium: loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay loam
- Fine: silty clay loam, clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, clay

CROP TOLERANCE

Most varieties of lettuce are highly tolerant of the recommended rates of KERB 50-W herbicide. Do not use more than 3 pounds KERB 50-W on Val Temp, Grande Verde and Prima Verde varieties of crisp lettuce, or on endive and escarole.

TIMING AND APPLICATION

KERB 50-W herbicide can be applied either pre-plant, post-plant or postemergence to lettuce in banded, bed-topped or broadcast applications. Most applications will be made preemergence to the lettuce just before or after planting and preemergence to the weeds. Applications can be made before or after thinning of head lettuce but should be made prior to weed emergence. Do not apply KERB 50-W herbicide as a postemergence application in leaf lettuce. Do not apply KERB 50-W herbicide to lettuce within 55 days of harvest and do not make more than one application to each crop of lettuce.

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly with a ground sprayer in 20 to 50 gallons of water per treated acre. Reduce dosage and volume accordingly for banded treatments. Use a standard low pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles that provide uniform spray distribution.

APPLICATION-MOISTURE REQUIREMENTS

KERB 50-W herbicide acts mainly through root absorption, therefore it is necessary to move KERB 50-W herbicide into the root zone of germinating weeds to provide effective control. This can be accomplished by overhead sprinkler irrigation, by rainfall or by shallow mechanical incorporation.

Sprinkler Irrigation

KERB 50-W herbicide can be applied to the soil surface without mechanical incorporation after planting or transplanting if overhead irrigation is used. An initial irrigation of 1 to 2 inches should promptly follow the application of KERB 50-W herbicide, especially in hot weather.

Applications Dependent on Natural Rainfall

In areas of dependable natural rainfall, KERB 50-W herbicide can be applied as a surface treatment preemergence to the weeds. Applications to direct seeded or transplanted lettuce are most successful when followed by 1/2 to 1 inch of rainfall within two to three days after application.

Furrow Irrigation — Mechanical Incorporation

Where rainfall is not dependable or supplementary overhead irrigation is not used, shallow pre-plant incorporation is recommended. Plow or incorporate or rolling cultivators that thoroughly mix KERB 50-W herbicide into the top 2 inches of soil are suggested.

Incorporation should be simultaneous or immediately after application of KERB 50-W herbicide, especially in hot weather. Irrigation should be started as soon as possible.

Where furrow irrigation is used, spray application and mechanical incorporation should be made after beds have been formed. KERB 50-W herbicide will not be as effective if disced in prior to bed shaping.

Hoeing, thinning or shallow cultivation of soil treated with KERB 50-W herbicide will not destroy its herbicidal activity.

TEMPERATURE

KERB 50-W herbicide is not highly volatile, but it may degrade rather quickly if left exposed on the soil surface in warm weather. If applied when air temperatures exceed 85°F it should be shallow incorporated or watered into the soil as soon as possible, preferably within 1 or 2 days.

ROTATION CROPS

Where rotation crops are to follow within one year of the KERB 50-W herbicide treatment to lettuce, endive or escarole, follow the directions given in the General Information section of this label under ROTATION CROP PLANTING INFORMATION.

LETTUCE/ENDIVE/ESCAROLE — SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply KERB 50-W herbicide to lettuce varieties that will be harvested less than 55 days after treatment.
- Do not apply more than one application of KERB 50-W herbicide to each crop of lettuce.
- Do not apply KERB 50-W herbicide postemergence to leaf lettuce.

RHUBARB

(OREGON AND WASHINGTON ONLY)

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide recommended for fall and winter applications to established rhubarb for both preemergence and postemergence control of winter annual and perennial grasses and chickweed and preemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds.

DOSAGE

KERB 50-W herbicide is recommended at the rate of 2.0 to 4.0 pounds of product (1.0 to 2.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre broadcast application. The rate will depend on the weed species present. Follow the weed control recommendations listed in the chart below:

Weeds Controlled	Pounds KERB 50-W Per Acre ¹	
	Dependable Rainfall or Overhead Irrigation ²	
BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL BROME, DOWNY (CHEATGRASS) CHICKWEED	OAT, WILD SORREL, RED (from seed)	2.0
BENTGRASS ³ BLUEGRASS, KENTUCKY FESCUE, TALL ³ ORCHARDGRASS ³	QUACKGRASS RYEGRASS, PERENNIAL VELVEI GRASS ¹	4.0

¹Dosage rates recommended are in pounds of KERB 50-W per acre broadcast application. Reduce rates accordingly for banded applications.

²For effective weed control, rainfall or overhead irrigation is essential following the application of KERB 50-W.

³KERB 50-W at the rate of 4.0 pounds product per acre may only provide partial control to these weeds.

CROP TOLERANCE

Established rhubarb plants, in a dormant growth condition, are tolerant to recommended rates of KERB 50-W herbicide. Do not apply KERB 50-W to newly transplanted rhubarb or to rhubarb during the active growing stage.

TIMING AND APPLICATION

Apply KERB 50-W herbicide in a single application during the fall or winter months as a broadcast surface application to dormant rhubarb. Optimum herbicidal activity occurs when applications are made after soil temperatures drop to 55°F or less and are followed by rainfall or overhead irrigation. Applications must be made prior to soil freeze up and snow cover.

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W in clean water and apply uniformly with a low-pressure ground sprayer in 20 to 50 gallons of water per acre.

RHUBARB — SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply KERB 50-W herbicide to rhubarb within 38 days of harvest.
- Use of KERB 50-W in rhubarb is restricted to Oregon and Washington only.
- Do not make more than one application of KERB 50-W herbicide per year to rhubarb and do not apply KERB 50-W at rates higher than 4.0 pounds product (2.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre.

TREEFRUIT/VINE

APPLE, CHERRY, NECTARINE, PEACH, PEAR, PLUM, PRUNE AND GRAPE PLANTINGS

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide for use in directed spray applications for the control of winter annual and perennial grasses and certain broadleaf weeds in non-bearing and bearing apples, cherries, nectarines, peaches, pears, plums, prunes and grape plantings.

WEED CONTROL

KERB 50-W herbicide is effective at 2.0 to 8.0 pounds of product (1.0 to 4.0 pounds active ingredient) per treated acre for the preemergence and postemergence control of susceptible winter annual and perennial grasses and chickweed and for preemergence control only of other broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Refer to chart in dosage rate section below for specific weeds controlled.

DOSAGE AND TIMING

KERB 50-W herbicide is recommended in a single, directed application to labeled fruit trees and grape plantings at dosage rates of 2.0 to 8.0 pounds of product (1.0 to 4.0 pounds active ingredient) per treated acre. Application of KERB 50-W should be in the fall, after the fruit is harvested, but prior to leaf fall and soil freeze-up.

The dosage rate required for effective weed control will depend on the weed species present and the soil texture of the area being treated. Follow the specific rate recommendations given in the chart below for the use of KERB 50-W herbicide in labeled fruit trees and grapes:

Weeds Controlled	Pounds KERB 50-W Per Acre				
		Dependable Rainfall or Overhead Irrigation			
		Coarse	Medium	Fine	
BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL BROME, DOWNY (CHEATGRASS) CHICKWEED GRAIN, VOLUNTEER	OAT, WILD RYEGRASS, ITALIAN SORREL, RED (from seed)	2.0	3.0	4.0	
BLUEGRASS, KENTUCKY FESCUE, TALL ORCHARDGRASS	QUACKGRASS RYEGRASS, PERENNIAL	3.0-4.0	4.0-6.0	5.0-8.0	

*Soil Texture Group — Coarse: sand, loamy sand, sandy loam — Medium: loam, silt loam, silty sandy clay loam — Fine: silty clay loam, clay loam, silty clay, clay.

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APPLICATION

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly in 40 to 50 gallons of water per acre. Use of a low pressure ground sprayer equipped with a breakaway boom and flat fan or off-center (OC) nozzles is recommended. KERB 50-W should be directed to the soil and the base of trees and vines.

NOTE: Dosage recommendations listed on this label are for surface broadcast application. For banded treatments, the amount of KERB 50-W used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in.)}}{\text{Row Width (in.)}} \times \text{Rate per Acre Broadcast} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Band Application}$$

KERB 50-W herbicide should not be soil incorporated.

CROP TOLERANCE

When used as recommended, established non-bearing or bearing fruit trees and grapes listed on this label are very tolerant to KERB 50-W herbicide. KERB 50-W herbicide should not be applied to seedling trees or vines less than 1 year old or to fall transplanted stock transplanted less than 1 year or to spring transplanted stock transplanted less than 6 months.

CULTURAL CONSIDERATIONS

KERB 50-W herbicide acts mainly through root absorption in sensitive weed species. Dependable rainfall or overhead irrigation is essential following the application for effective weed control. Trash-free areas create ideal conditions for rapid movement of KERB 50-W herbicide into the weed root zone following rain or irrigation. Clean cultivation before application is preferable but not necessary.

To obtain optimum weed control in areas not clean cultivated, the area to be treated should be free of surface litter (dead or decaying weeds, leaves, mowing clippings, etc). If area to be treated is under a mixed grass or weed sod, it should be mowed and the clippings removed.

TREE FRUIT (APPLE, CHERRY, NECTARINE, PEACH, PEAR, PLUM, PRUNE) AND GRAPE PLANTINGS — SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not feed or allow livestock to graze areas treated with KERB 50-W herbicide.
- Do not apply KERB 50-W herbicide to labeled fruit trees or grapes at rates higher than 3.0 pounds product (4.0 pounds active ingredient) per acre and make only one application per season.

WINTER PEAS

WINTER ANNUAL WEED CONTROL IN WINTER PEAS (IDAHO, OREGON AND WASHINGTON ONLY)

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W herbicide is a selective herbicide for the control of certain winter annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in winter peas (*Pisum sativum* var. *arvense*).

WEEDS CONTROLLED

KERB 50-W herbicide is effective at 1.5 to 3.0 pounds of product (0.75 to 1.5 lb. active) per treated acre for the control of the following weeds:

GRASSES

BARLEY, VOLUNTEER
BROME, DOWNY
OAT, VOLUNTEER

OAT, WILD
RYEGRASS, ITALIAN
WHEAT, VOLUNTEER

BROADLEAF WEEDS

CHICKWEED, COMMON
CHICKWEED, MOUSE-EAR

*HENBIT

*Preemergence control only

DOSAGE

Apply KERB 50-W herbicide in a single, broadcast application at the rate of 1.5 to 3.0 pounds product (0.75 to 1.5 lb. active) per treated acre. For grass weeds greater than three inches in height use the higher rate.

TIMING

Apply KERB 50-W from mid-fall to early winter (November to January) early postemergence to the peas. Peas should be in the second node stage of growth (two to three inches in size) at time of application.

APPLICATION

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly with a ground sprayer in 20 to 50 gallons of water per treated acre. Use a conventional herbicide sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles that provide uniform spray distribution. Do not feed treated vines to livestock or allow animals to graze on treated areas.

WOODY ORNAMENTALS/NURSERY STOCK/CHRISTMAS TREES

GENERAL INFORMATION

KERB 50-W is a selective herbicide recommended for fall applications to established woody ornamentals, nursery stock and Christmas trees for the control of winter annual and perennial grasses and certain broadleaf weeds.

CROP TOLERANCE

At recommended rates of KERB 50-W herbicide the following trees and shrubs are tolerant to topical applications made in the fall:

ARBORVITAE	FIRETHORN	MOUNTAIN ASH
ASH	FLOWERING CHERRY	MOUNTAIN LAUREL
AZALEA	FLOWERING CRABAPPLE	OAK
BARBERRY	FLOWERING QUINCE	OHIO BUCKEYE
BASSWOOD	FORSYTHIA	PINE
BEECH	GINKGO	POPLAR
BIRCH	HAWTHORN	PRIVET
BOXWOOD	HEMLOCK	RHODODENDRON
BRADFORD PEAR	HOLLY	SPIREA
CEDAR	HONEY LOCUST	SPRUCE
COTONEASTER	JUNIPER	SWEETGUM
DOGWOOD	LILAC	SYCAMORE
DOUGLAS FIR	LINDEN	TULIPTREE
EASTERN REDBUD	LONDON PLANE	VIBURNUM
ELM	MAGNOLIA	WALNUT
EUONYMUS	MAPLE	WILLOW
FIR	MOCK ORANGE	YEW

KERB 50-W herbicide should only be used on established trees and woody ornamentals. KERB 50-W herbicide is not recommended for use on seedling trees or shrubs less than one year old or to fall transplanted stock transplanted less than one year or to spring transplanted stock transplanted less than six months.

WEED CONTROL

KERB 50-W herbicide is effective in fall applications at the rate of 2.0 to 4.0 pounds of product (1.0 to 2.0 pounds active ingredient) per treated acre for the preemergence and postemergence control of susceptible winter annual and perennial grasses and chickweed and for preemergence control only of other broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Refer to chart in dosage rate section below for specific weeds controlled.

DOSAGE AND TIMING

KERB 50-W herbicide is recommended in a single, fall application, either directed or topically applied, to woody ornamentals, nursery stock or Christmas trees at the rate of 2.0 to 4.0 pounds of product (1.0 to 2.0 pounds active ingredient) per treated acre. Application of KERB 50-W herbicide should be made in the fall prior to leaf drop and soil freeze-up. For control of winter annual or perennial grasses or chickweed, applications can be made either preemergence or postemergence to the weeds. For control of other labeled broadleaf weeds, preemergence applications must be used to achieve control.

The dosage rate required will depend on the weed species present in the area to be treated. Follow the weed control recommendations given in the chart below.

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Weeds Controlled		Pounds KERB 50-W Per Acre Broadcast Application
BARLEY, FOXTAIL BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL BROME, DOWNY (CHEATGRASS) CHICKWEED	GRAIN, VOLUNTEER RYEGRASS, ITALIAN SORREL, RED (from seed)	2.0
MUSTARD, WILD ROCKET, LONDON	SHEPHERDSPURSE	3.0
BLUEGRASS, KENTUCKY ORCHARDGRASS QUACKGRASS	RYEGRASS, PERENNIAL	4.0

APPLICATION

Mix the recommended amount of KERB 50-W herbicide in clean water and apply uniformly in 20 to 50 gallons per acre. Use a low pressure ground sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles spaced to provide uniform distribution.

Dosage recommendations listed on this label are for surface broadcast application. For banded treatments down the row, the amount of KERB 50-W used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in.)}}{\text{Row Width (in.)}} \times \text{Rate per Acre Broadcast} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Band Application}$$

KERB 50-W herbicide should not be soil incorporated.

NOTE: Most ornamental turf grass species and ground covers are sensitive to KERB 50-W. Care should be exercised to avoid contact of KERB 50-W herbicide with these plants from either direct application, spray drift or from applications to areas that may drain onto established ornamental turf and ground cover.

SOIL AND MOISTURE REQUIREMENTS

KERB 50-W herbicide is most active in coarse to medium textured soils of low organic matter and is relatively inactive in peat or muck soils or mineral soils high in organic matter content at rates recommended in this label. Herbicidal activity is best in soils containing less than 4 percent organic matter. Use in soils of higher organic matter content may result in inconsistent or incomplete weed control.

KERB 50-W herbicide acts mainly through root absorption in sensitive weed species. Dependable rainfall or overhead irrigation is essential following application for effective weed control.

**WOODY ORNAMENTALS/NURSERY STOCK/
CHRISTMAS TREES — SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

- Apply KERB 50-W herbicide in the fall prior to soil freeze-up.
- Do not soil incorporate KERB 50-W herbicide.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place but not below 32°F (0°C). Do not remove package from container except for immediate use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Sweep up and place in containers for recovery or disposal. Keep dusting to a minimum. Wear MSHA/NIOSH respirator for dusts encountered. Flush area with water. Keep spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water. Protective Clothing — See Precautionary Statements.

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