

CONTAINER LABEL - FRONT PANEL
COLORS - RED ON WHITE

ACCEPTED
FEB - 8 1988
Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 707-156

DITHANE F-45[®]

FLOWABLE MANCOZEB
AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE

TYPE SIZE

1.2 PT. _____

2.0 PT. _____

1.0 PT. _____

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION
Before using this product, read the entire Precautionary Statements, Conditions of Sale and Warranty, Use Restrictions, and Storage and Disposal Instructions on side panel and attached use directions. If the Conditions of Sale and Warranty are not acceptable, return the product unopened within thirty days of purchase to the place of purchase.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

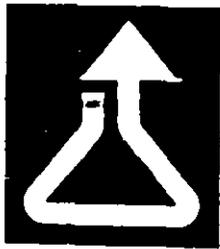
MANCOZEB
A coordination product of zinc ion and manganese ethylene bisdithiocarbamate 37%*
in which the ingredients are:
Manganese++ 7.4%
Zinc++ 0.9%
Ethylene bisdithiocarbamate ion (C₂H₆N₂S₄) 28.7%

INERT INGREDIENTS 63%

*Equivalent to 4 lbs. active ingredient per gallon 100%

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DITHANE F-45 is a registered trademark of the Rohm and Haas Company

EPA Reg No. 707-156
EPA Est No. 707-PA-1

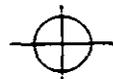


**ROHM
AND
HAAS**

PHILADELPHIA, PA. 19105

SHAKE WELL — Grasp container by handle and mix contents with a twisting motion followed by inverting. Product will usually become homogeneous by repeating this action 5 to 10 times.

NET CONTENTS
2.5 GALS:
(9.46 L).



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

CONTAINER LABEL - SIDE PANEL

12 PT. ———

18 PT. ———

10 PT. ———

9 PT. ———

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**CAUTION****PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS****HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

May cause irritation of nose, throat, eyes and skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. In case of contact immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Protective Clothing and Equipment consisting of long-sleeved shirt and long pants or a coverall that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands and feet; chemical-resistant gloves; shoes, socks and goggles or face shield. During mixing and loading, a chemical-resistant apron must also be worn.

STATEMENTS OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Dilute by giving 2 glasses of water to drink and call a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Move subject to fresh air.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

IF ON SKIN: Wash affected skin areas with soap and water.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes and potholes). Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. For Seed Treatment Products cover or incorporate spilled treated seed.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Keep away from fire and sparks.

Keep from freezing.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

Rohm and Haas warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label, only when used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions of use. ROHM AND HAAS MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES EITHER OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE. Handling, storage and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of Rohm and Haas and Seller. Risks such as crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences resulting from, but not limited to, weather or soil conditions, presence of other materials, disease, pests, drift to other crops or property or failure to follow label directions will be assumed by the Buyer or User. IN NO CASE WILL ROHM AND HAAS OR SELLER BE HELD LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE HANDLING, STORAGE OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT.

CONTAINER LABEL - SIDE PANEL

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

SEE ATTACHED PAMPHLET ON BACK PANEL FOR COMPLETE USE DIRECTIONS.

RE-ENTRY AND WORKER PROTECTION STATEMENTS

9 PT.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. After (sprays have dried/vapors have dispersed, as applicable) do not enter or allow entry into treated areas until the 24-hour re-entry interval has expired unless wearing the personal protective equipment listed on the label. Because certain states may require more restrictive re-entry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. SEE USE DIRECTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL RE-ENTRY STATEMENTS.

12 PT.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Keep away from fire and sparks. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area, but not below 32°F. Do not allow to become overheated in storage. This may bring on chemical changes which will impair the fungicidal effectiveness of DITHANE F-45 FLOWABLE fungicide. Keep container closed when not in use.

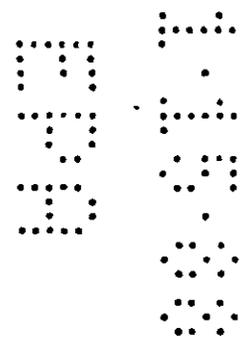
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent), puncture and then dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if permitted by State and local authorities by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Dike and contain the spill. Transfer liquid and solid diking material to separate containers for recovery or disposal. Flush contaminated area with a large amount of water to a chemical or sanitary sewer containing a settling pit. Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Wash clothing before re-use. Keep the solids out of the municipal sewers and open bodies of water. REFER TO PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

9646-R2

MADE IN U.S.A.



USE DIRECTION PAMPHLET

COLORS - RED ON WHITE WITH BLACK TEXT



ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

MANCOZEB
A coordination product of zinc ion and manganese ethylene bisdithiocarbamate 37%*

In which the ingredients are:
Manganese++ 7.4%
Zinc++ 0.9%

Ethylene bisdithiocarbamate ion (C₄H₈N₂S₂) 28.7%

INERT INGREDIENTS 63%

Total 100%



*Equivalent to 4 lbs. active ingredient per gallon

EPA Reg. No. 707-156

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NOTICE: Before using this product, read the entire Precautionary Statements, Conditions of Sale and Warranty, Directions for Use, Use Restrictions and Storage and Disposal Instructions. If the Conditions of Sale and Warranty are not acceptable, return the product unopened within thirty days of purchase to the place of purchase.

TYPE SIZE

9 PT.

8 PT.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

May cause irritation of nose, throat, eyes and skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. In case of contact immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT consisting of a long-sleeved shirt and long pants or a coverall that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands and feet; chemical-resistant gloves; shoes, socks and goggles or a face shield. During mixing and loading, a chemical-resistant apron must also be worn.

STATEMENTS OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Dilute by giving 2 glasses of water to drink and call a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Move subject to fresh air.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

IF ON SKIN: Wash affected skin areas with soap and water.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes and potholes). Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. For Seed Treatment Products — cover or incorporate spilled treated seed.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Keep away from fire and sparks. Keep from freezing.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

RE-ENTRY AND WORKER PROTECTION STATEMENTS

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. After (sprays have dried/vapors have dispersed, as applicable) do not enter or allow entry into treated areas until the 24-hour re-entry interval has expired unless wearing the personal protective equipment listed on the label. Because certain states may require more restrictive re-entry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information:

CAUTION

(Insert area or field description) treated with DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide on (insert date of application). Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. After (sprays have dried/vapors have dispersed, as applicable) do not enter or allow entry into treated areas until the 24-hour re-entry interval has expired unless wearing the personal protective equipment listed on the label. In case of accidental exposure: Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to DITHANE F-45 and describe his condition. For further information see the "Statements of Practical Treatment."

Oral warnings must include the same information that is in the written warnings.

WORKER SAFETY RULES — Keep all unprotected persons, children, livestock and pets away from treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands (See "Statement of Practical Treatment").

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT — For Mixers, Loaders, Applicators and Early Re-entry Workers.

HANDLE THIS PRODUCT ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT: a long-sleeved shirt and long pants or a coverall that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands, and feet; chemical-resistant gloves; shoes, socks, and goggles or a face shield. During mixing and loading, a chemical-resistant apron must also be worn.

During application from a tractor with a completely enclosed cab with positive pressure filtration, or aurally with an enclosed cockpit, a long-sleeved shirt and long pants may be worn in place of the above protective clothing. Chemical-resistant gloves must be available in the cab or cockpit and worn while exiting.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face, and arms with soap and water before eating, smoking or drinking. Always wash hands and arms with soap and water before using the toilet.

After work take off all clothes and shoes. Shower using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes. Do not use contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Personal clothing worn during use must be laundered separately from household articles. Clothing and protective equipment heavily contaminated or drenched with mancozeb must be destroyed according to state and local regulations.

HEAVILY CONTAMINATED OR DRENCHED CLOTHING CANNOT BE ADEQUATELY DECONTAMINATED.

During aerial application, human flaggers are prohibited unless in totally enclosed vehicles.

GENERAL USE INFORMATION

DITHANE F-45 is a broad-spectrum protectant fungicide recommended for outdoor or greenhouse grown crops. Optimum disease control is achieved when the fungicide is applied in a regularly scheduled preventive spray program. The addition of an agricultural surfactant will improve fungicide performance by providing a more uniform spray deposit, increased foliar redistribution, and improved fungicide retention during periods of wet weather.

USE RATE DETERMINATION

Carefully read, understand, and follow label use rates and restrictions. Under low disease conditions, minimum label rates per application can be used while maximum label rates and shortened spray schedules are recommended for severe or threatening disease conditions. For proper application, determine the number of acres to be treated, the recommended label use rate, and the gallonage to be applied per acre. Prepare only the amount of spray solution required to treat the measured acreage. Careful calibration of spray equipment is recommended prior to use. If only a portion of the container's contents are to be used, thoroughly shake the container prior to measuring. When small quantities of spray solution are being prepared for use in hand or power sprayers, the following conversion table should be followed (rates are based on dilute thorough coverage sprays):

Recommended Label Use Rate Per Acre or 100 Gals.*	Fluid Ounces DITHANE F-45 Flowable Agricultural Fungicide Required for:			
	10 Gals.	5 Gals.	2 Gals.	1 Gal.
0.5 qt.	1.6	0.8	0.3	0.2
1.0 qt.	3.2	1.6	0.7	0.3
1.5 qts.	4.8	2.4	1.1	0.4
2.0 qts.	6.4	3.2	1.3	0.6
2.5 qts.	8.0	4.0	1.6	0.8
3.0 qts.	9.6	4.8	2.0	0.9
3.5 qts.	11.2	5.6	2.3	1.1
4.0 qts.	12.8	6.4	2.6	1.3

1 cup = 8 fluid ounces or 237 milliliters
 1 fluid ounce = 2 tablespoons or 30 milliliters
 1 tablespoon = 3 teaspoons or 15 milliliters
 *Dilute thorough coverage sprays.

MIXING

Slowly place into spray tank as it is being filled or thoroughly premix in a nurse tank for concentrate or aircraft sprayers. Add other co-applied fungicides, insecticides, growth regulators, micronutrients, and spray adjuvants after DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide has been placed into suspension. When preparing spray solutions for use in a hand sprayer, premix as a slurry in a small container, and then add to sprayer containing 1/2 to 1/2 the desired final water volume.

COMPATIBILITY

DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide is compatible with most commonly used agricultural fungicides, insecticides, and growth regulators. When preparing tank mixes, user should consult spray compatibility charts or State Cooperative Extension Service Specialists prior to actual use.

SPRAY ADJUVANTS

The addition of agricultural surfactants to DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide sprays will improve initial spray deposits, fungicide redistribution, and weatherability. The following spray adjuvants have been especially formulated to optimize the performance of foliar-applied agricultural chemicals:

- TRITON AG-98® A low foam, nonionic, general purpose spray adjuvant. May be used in dilute or concentrate sprays applied by aircraft or ground equipment.
- TRITON® B-1956® A water-dispersible, resin-based nonionic surfactant which resists re-wetting and removal by rain. Effective with dilute sprays applied by ground equipment.
- TRITON CS-7® A spreader-binder designed specifically for use in concentrate and low volume sprays applied by aircraft or ground equipment.

Place DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide into suspension prior to adding an adjuvant to the spray mixture. Read and carefully observe the precautionary statements and all other information appearing on both product labels prior to spray preparation.

APPLICATION

Ground

Thorough coverage foliar sprays generally result in optimum disease control. To achieve good coverage use proper spray pressure, gallonage per acre, nozzles (generally hollow cone), discs (generally D-5 to D-7), nozzle spacing, and tractor speed. Consult spray nozzle and accessory catalogues for specific information on proper equipment calibration.

Hand sprayers

Thoroughly spray plant foliage until run-off.

Aerial

A uniform initial spray deposit over the crop canopy generally results in optimum disease control. Each aircraft should be prechecked for droplet size, uniformity of spray pattern, swath width, and spray volume.

Nozzle selection — Hollow cone brass nozzles with a D series orifice disc and core (whirlplate) are recommended. Nozzles should point straight down or slightly backward.

Swath width — For most field and vegetable crops, swaths just beyond the wingspan of 36 to 40 feet for light aircraft and up to 45 feet for heavier aircraft are suggested. Optimum swath for helicopters is usually 5 to 10 feet beyond normal boom length.

Spray volume — On vegetable and field crops, 2 to 3 gallons of spray per acre are generally optimum; orchards and vineyards can be handled with spray volumes of 5 gallons per acre. Some tall or dense foliage crops, requiring greater penetration to the lower leaf surface, will require higher spray volumes.

Altitude — For most crops, the spray boom should be positioned 5 to 10 feet above the crop canopy.

Flagging — Swaths should be marked at the end of the field with permanent flags or by a flagman. Swaths should be measured accurately with a chain or other device except when rows can be accurately counted.

CHEMIGATION USE DIRECTIONS

Sprinkler Irrigation:

DITHANE F-45 fungicide must be applied on a regular protectant fungicide schedule, not an irrigation schedule. If irrigation cycles are less frequent than recommended DITHANE F-45 fungicide application intervals, ground or aerial applications must supplement chemigation applications to achieve adequate disease control.

Apply DITHANE F-45 fungicide only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center-pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply product through any other type of irrigation system. Lack of fungicidal effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Before applying DITHANE F-45 fungicide through sprinkler irrigation equipment, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- Systems not connected to a public water supply must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located in the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. Center-pivot, Lateral Move, End Tow, and Traveler Irrigation Equipment: (Use only with electric or oil hydraulic drive systems which provide a uniform water distribution.)
- Determine size of area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply no more than 1/2 inch water (6,750 gallons water per acre) over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Run system at 80 to 95% of manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using only water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of DITHANE F-45 fungicide required to treat area.
- Add the required amount of DITHANE F-45 fungicide and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements of the solution tank.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until DITHANE F-45 fungicide solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid-set, Side (wheel) Roll, and Hand Move Irrigation Equipment:

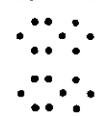
- Determine acreage covered by sprinkler.
- Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use contents over a 10 to 30 minute interval.
- Determine the amount of DITHANE F-45 fungicide required to treat area.
- Add the required amount of DITHANE F-45 fungicide into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection equipment.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Operate system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of the injection equipment and used for the time interval established during calibration.
- Inject DITHANE F-45 fungicide at the end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application to maximize foliar fungicide retention.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until DITHANE F-45 fungicide solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

DISEASE MONITORING

DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide is a broad-spectrum, protectant fungicide. If not applied on a routine protectant spray schedule, crops should be scouted on a regular basis. Fungicide application should be made, at the recommended label use rate and spray schedule, at the first sign of disease, report of disease in the area, or during growing conditions favorable for disease development.

RESTRICTIONS

Users should carefully read, understand, and follow all use restrictions printed on DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide.



VEGETABLES

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Rate of DITHANE F-45 Flowable Per Application (qt./A)	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
Asparagus	Cercospora leaf spot Rust	1.6	Start applications when rust first appears and repeat at 10 day intervals. Four applications are usually sufficient.	Apply only on asparagus ferns after spears have been harvested.
Cantaloupes	Refer to melons		Some varieties are sensitive to DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide. Consult State Cooperative Extension Service Specialist prior to use.	Refer to melons.
Carrots	Alternaria leaf spot Cercospora leaf spot	1.2 to 1.6	Apply in 75 to 125 gallons spray per acre. Start applications when disease first threatens and repeat every 7 to 10 days as needed. The addition of TRITON B-1956 or TRITON CS-7 to spray solutions will improve performance.	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not use treated tops for food or feed.
Celery	Early blight Late blight	1.6	Start applications in the plant bed when plants first come through the ground. Make further applications at 3 to 5 day intervals until plants are set in the field. Continue field applications on a 7 day schedule. Remove excess residue remaining at harvest by stripping, trimming, and washing. The addition of a TRITON surfactant to spray solutions will improve performance.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
Corn (sweet, popcorn)	Common corn rust Helminthosporium leaf blight	1.2	Use sufficient water for thorough coverage. Start applications when disease first appears and repeat at 4 to 7 day intervals. The addition of TRITON B-1956 or TRITON CS-7 to spray solutions will improve performance.	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not feed treated forage to livestock.
Cucumbers	Refer to melons			
Fennel	Refer to celery			Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
Melons	Alternaria leaf spot Anthracnose Cercospora leaf spot Downy mildew Gummy stem blight Scab	1.6 to 2.4	Start applications when plants are in the two-leaf stage and repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals. Use sufficient water and direct spray to provide thorough coverage of both upper and lower leaf surfaces.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.
Muskmelons	Refer to melons			
Onions (dry bulb)	Botrytis leaf blight Downy mildew Neck rot Purple blotch	2.4	Follow a protective spray schedule starting when diseases are first reported in the area and repeat at 7 day intervals throughout the season. The addition of a TRITON surfactant to spray solutions will improve performance. Do not allow spray or drift to contact bulbs after lifting from soil.	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
(farrow drench)	Smut		Apply 2.4 qts. per acre as a furrow drench at time of planting onion seeds. Use 75 to 125 gallons water per acre.	Do not use more than 2.4 qts. actual per acre (25,000 linear feet of furrow).
Potatoes	Early blight Late blight	0.8 to 1.6	Begin application when plants are 4 to 6 inches high by applying 0.8 qt. per acre. As the vines increase in size, apply 1.2 to 1.6 qts. per acre. The addition of a TRITON surfactant to spray solutions will improve performance.	
Seedpiece (treatment)	Fusarium decay Seedborne common scab		Dip whole or cut potato tubers in 1 qt. DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide per 50 gallons of water. Place treated tubers in a clean container following treatment and plant as soon as possible. Spread treated seedpieces in a cool place if held before planting.	Do not use treated seed potatoes for food or feed purposes.
Squash, summer	Refer to melons			Refer to melons.
Tomatoes	Anthracnose Early blight Gray leaf spot Late blight Leaf mold Septoria leaf spot	1.2 to 2.4	Start applications when seedlings emerge or transplants are set and repeat at 7 day intervals throughout the season. The addition of a TRITON surfactant to spray solutions will improve performance.	Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.
Watermelons	Refer to melons			Refer to melons.



FRUITS AND NUTS

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Rate Of DITHANE F-45 Flowable Per Application		Remarks (Please Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
		Qts./A	Qts./100 Gals.		
Apples	Bitter rot Black rot Brown rot Fly speck Rusts Scab Sooty blotch	6.4 to 8	8 to 1.6	For apple scab apply every 7 to 14 days throughout the season starting with a green tip or delayed dormant spray and continue through cover sprays. For control of rust diseases, begin application during bloom period. For control of other diseases listed, begin application at first cover spray. When using low volume air blast sprays adjust the mixing rate accordingly. To avoid uneven, blotchy residues from high volume dilute sprays add 2 to 3 ounces TRITON 8-1956 per 100 gallons of spray in the last 1 or 2 applications before harvest. Concentrate applications usually leave a uniform, even deposit.	Do not apply within 21 days of harvest in Arkansas, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia, or within 30 days of harvest in other states not mentioned above. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
Bananas	Sigatoka	1.6 to 3.2		Apply when leaves first appear and repeat every 2 to 3 weeks or as required. Use sufficient water to provide adequate coverage. The addition of a TRITON surfactant to spray solutions will improve performance.	
Crabapples	Refer to apples	6.4 to 8	8 to 1.6		Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
Cranberries	Fruit rot	2.4 to 4.8		Start applications at mid-bloom and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals as required.	Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
Grapes (California only)	Bunch rot Deadarm Downy mildew	1.2 to 3.2		Apply in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage starting when new shoots are 1/2 to 1 1/2 inches long. Repeat when shoots are 3 to 5 inches long, when shoots are 8 to 10 inches long, and then at 10 to 14 day intervals until fruit is set or 66 days before harvest.	Do not apply after fruit is set.
(Other areas)	Black rot Deadarm Downy mildew			For late season control of black rot, deadarm and downy mildew the use of other approved and recommended fungicides is suggested.	Do not apply within 66 days of harvest.
Papaya	Anthraxnose Phytophthora fruit rot	1.6 to 2		Use 20 to 100 gallons water per acre. Start applications at flowering and continue at 14 day intervals and at 7 day intervals during periods of heavy disease. Direct spray to crown and blossom area. Use 6 to 8 ounces TRITON 8-1956 spreader-sticker per acre.	
Pears	Refer to apples				Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
	Pear psylla nymphs	6.4 to 8	1.2	Effective control of young nymphs can be obtained by using 2 to 3 consecutive sprays. Applications should start at petal fall and continue at 7 to 10 day intervals. As new growth occurs, it must be protected by spraying. Timing of sprays should coincide with the initial appearance of pear psylla nymphs. Specific timing of sprays should be obtained from State Agricultural Experiment Station workers or State Extension Service specialists.	
(postharvest sprays)			1.2 to 1.6	Use a full coverage spray of 800 to 1000 gallons spray per acre. Timing of spray should be under direction of State Agricultural or Extension Service workers.	Do not graze livestock in treated areas.
Quince	Refer to apples				Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

FIELD CROPS



Crop	Diseases Controlled	Rate Of DITHANE F-45 Flowable Per Application		Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
		Qtz./A			
Barley	Refer to wheat				
Corn (field, hybrid, seedcorn)	Common corn rust Helminthosporium leaf blight	1.2		Start application when disease symptoms first appear and, depending on severity of infection, continue on a 4 to 14 day schedule. The addition of TRITON B-1956 or TRITON CS-7 to spray solutions will improve performance.	Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.
Cotton (Southwest U.S. only)	Rust	1 to 1.6		Start applications when rust first appears and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals until disease threat is past.	Do not apply after bolls are open. Do not graze livestock in treated areas or feed gin trash to livestock.
Oats	Refer to wheat				
Peanuts	Cercospora leaf spot Rust	0.8 to 1.6		Start applications when disease first appears or is reported in area. Repeat sprays at 10 to 14 day intervals. Reduce sprays to a 7 day interval during humid weather.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not feed treated vines to livestock.
Rye	Refer to wheat				
Sugar Beets	Cercospora leaf spot	1.2 to 1.6		Start application when disease first threatens and repeat every 7 to 10 days as needed. The addition of a TRITON surfactant to spray solutions will improve performance.	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not feed treated tops to livestock.
Wheat	Helminthosporium leaf spot Leaf rust Septoria leaf spot Septoria glume blight Tan spot	1.6		Start application at onset of disease or when plants are in the tillering to jointing stage and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. The addition of TRITON CS-7 to spray solutions will improve performance.	Do not make more than three applications during the season. Do not apply within 26 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock in treated areas within 26 days after application.

SEED TREATMENT

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Rate of DITHANE F-45 Flowable Per Application		Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
		Fl. Oz./Bu.	Fl. Oz./100 Lb.		
GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS				Seeds to be treated should be cleaned and well cured prior to treatment. DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide may be applied to dry seed with conventional slurry or mist seed treating equipment or as a planter-box application. For best results, the seed must be completely and uniformly covered with fungicide. For seed treatment, a dye must be added to DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide that will impart an unnatural color to the seed.	Treated seed should be labeled. "Must not be used for food, feed, or oil purposes."
Barley	Covered smut Damping off False loose smut Seed rots Seedling blights	2 to 3.2	4.3 to 6.7		
Corn (field)	Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights	2.4 to 4.8	4.3 to 8.6		
Cotton (acid delinted) (reginned)	Damping-off Seedling blights		4.8		
	Damping-off Seedling blights		9.6		
Flax	Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights	3.2 to 6.4	5.7 to 11.3		

SEED TREATMENT (cont'd)

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Rate of DITHANE F-45 Flowable Per Application		Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
		Fl. Oz./Bu.	Fl. Oz./100 Lb.		
Oats	Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights Smuts	2 to 3.2	6.4 to 10		
Peanuts (shelled)	Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights	3.2 to 6.4	12.8 to 25.6		
Rice	Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights		3.2 to 6.4	Apply before, during or after soaking in water.	
Rye	Bunt Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights	2 to 3.2	3.6 to 5.7		
Safflower	Seedborne rust (Puccinia carthami)		3.2		
Sorghum	Covered bernal smut Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights	2.4 to 4.0	4.3 to 7.2		
Tomatoes	Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights		12.8		
Wheat	Bunt Damping-off Seed rots Seedling blights	2 to 3.2	3.5 to 5.2		



MISCELLANEOUS

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Rate of DITHANE F-45 Flowable Per Application	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)
Asparagus crowns	Crown rot	0.8 qts. per 100 gals.	Place loosely packed crowns into a burlap bag and soak, with gentle agitation, in the fungicide solution for 5 minutes. Remove bag, drain well, and plant crowns as soon as possible. A tank large enough to hold a single burlap bag will treat 2 bags of crowns. Clean dipping suspension should then be prepared in a clean tank. Dirty crowns should be pre-washed to remove excess soil.
Caprifig	Endosepsis (Fusarium) Assorted molds	0.8 qts. per 25 gals.	Prepare mamme figs by making a shallow cut through the eye and then hand dividing to avoid wasp injury. Submerge mamme figs in the fungicide suspension for a minimum of 15 minutes. The fungicide suspension should be stirred frequently to prevent settling out. Fresh dipping solutions should be used after treating 4 or 5 batches of figs. After treatment, figs should be drained prior to placement in trees.
Conifers	Lophodermium needle cast	3.2 qts. per 100 gals.	For use in nursery and newly transplanted plantings. Apply at 21 day intervals during periods of sprinkler irrigations and at monthly intervals during the rest of the year when beds are not covered with snow. The addition of TRITON B-1956 to spray solutions is recommended.
Pineapples	Phytophthora heart rot	2.6 qts. per 10 gals.	Dip planting material in fungicide solution prior to planting. Stir solution frequently to prevent settling out. A new solution should be prepared when at least two-thirds of the volume has been used or sooner if soil from plant material has noticeably discolored the solution. Depending on the cleanliness and size of planting stock, up to 100 gallons of fungicide solution should be used to treat the propagative materials used to plant one acre.

TURF



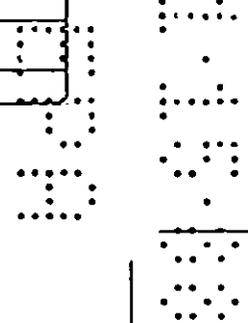
Crop	Diseases Controlled	Rate of DITHANE F-45 Flowable Per Application Oz./1000 Sq. Ft.	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions	
GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS			Start application when grass greens-up in spring or when disease first appears and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals or until disease threat is past. When conditions are especially favorable for disease development, apply maximum fungicide use rate on a 7 day spray schedule. Apply in sufficient water to provide adequate coverage.	Do not graze treated areas. Do not feed clippings to livestock.	
Assorted Grasses	Helminthosporium melting-out Rust (leaf, stem, stripe)	6.4			
	Copper spot Fusarium blight Red thread Slime mold	6.4 to 12.8			
	Algae	9.6			
	Dollar spot	9.6 to 12.8			
	Rhizoctonia brown patch	6.4			Apply on a 7 day spray schedule.
	Pythium blight	12.8			Apply at 5 day intervals, or more frequently, if conditions are especially favorable for disease development.
	Fusarium snow mold	9.6 to 12.8			Apply at 2 to 6 week intervals during winter.

ORNAMENTALS

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined the effects of using DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide on ornamentals not specified on this label. Prior to any large-scale application on such plants, the user should determine the effects of DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide by testing a small section of the type of plants to be treated. User assumes all risks arising out of application to unlabeled plants. The Conditions of Sale and Warranty apply to all uses. For outdoor or greenhouse use apply the equivalent of 1.2 qts. DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide per 100 gals. The addition of TRITON B-1956 to spray solutions will improve performance. Begin spraying when plants are well leafed out or at first sign of disease, in a full coverage spray at 7 to 10 day intervals throughout season or follow State Extension Service recommendations for disease control on the following ornamental plants:			
African violet	Botrytis blight		
Anthurium	Anthracoese, spadia rot		
Arboretum	Cercospora blight		
Ash, mountain	Entomosporium leaf spot Guignardia leaf blotch		
Ash, white	Anthracoese Cylindrosporium leaf spot		
Aster, perennial	Puccinia rusts		
Aucuba, japonica	Sternana leaf spot Anthracoese		
Azalea	Cylindrocladium rot Petal blight Phytophthora twig and bud blight	Apply in a full coverage spray, 2 to 3 times a week, while flowers are opening. Direct spray into flowers and thoroughly spray ground under bushes.	
Begonia	Botrytis blight		
Buffaloberry	Cylindrosporium leaf spot		Definitely fruit for food for feed purposes
Camellias	Petal blight	Refer to azalea.	

ORNAMENTALS (cont'd)

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
Carnation	Rust Septoria leaf spot		
Cedar, red (Juniper)	Cercospora blight Phomopsis blight		
Chrysanthemum	Ascochyta blight Botrytis petal spot Rust	Apply twice weekly during blooming period.	
Conifers	Lophodermium needle cast Pine gall rust Scythia brown spot	Begin application in spring or early summer before infection occurs. Repeat after heavy rains and at two week intervals as long as needed.	
Cordylone	Cercospora leaf spot		
Crabapple (Ornamental)	Cedar-apple rust Scab Sphaeropsis leaf spot		
Cypress Arizona (Cupressus sp.)	Cercospora blight Monochaeba canker		
Dahlia	Botrytis blight		
Dieffenbachia	Leptosphaeria brown spot		
Dogwood, flowering	Anthracoese Elsinoe leaf spot Septoria leaf spot	Apply when buds begin to open, when bracts have fallen, 4 weeks later and again in late summer after flower buds for next season have formed.	
Dracaena	Fusarium leaf spot		
Elm	Black leaf spot		
Euonymus	Anthracoese		
Fatsia	Anthracoese		
Fern	Rhizoctonia blight		
Ficus	Cercospora leaf spot		
Firethorn (Pyracantha)	Fusicladium scab		
Fir, Douglas	Swiss needle cast		
Fuchsia	Botrytis blight Rust		
Geranium	Rust		
Gladiolus	Botrytis blossom blight Curvularia leaf spot	Make regular weekly applications starting before diseases appear and increase to 2 or 3 applications per week during periods of heavy disease and during rainy weather. On flower spikes, reduce spray concentration to 0.6 qts. per 100 gals.	
Hawthorn	Cedar-apple rust Fabrea leaf spot Frogeye leaf spot Hawthorn rust Scab		
Holly	Purple spot		
Hollyhock	Anthracoese Cercospora leaf spot Puccinia rusts		
Honeysuckle	Herpobasidium blight		
Horsechestnut, Buckeye	Alternaria leaf spot Guignardia leaf blotch		
Hydrangea	Botrytis blight Cercospora leaf spot		
Iris	Didymella leaf spot Myriostroma ink spot		
Juniper	Phomopsis blight		



ORNAMENTALS (cont'd)

Crop	Diseases Controlled	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)	Restrictions
Laurel mountain	Cercospora leaf spot Petal blight	Refer to azalea.	
Ligustrum	Cercospora leaf spot		
Lily	Botrytis blight		
Magnolia	Gloeosporium leaf spot		
Maple	Alternaria leaf spot Phylosticta leaf spot		Do not use on Sugar maples intended for the production of maple syrup.
Margold	Botrytis blossom blight		
Narcissus	Botrytis blight (fire) Smoulder		
Oak	Acinopella leaf spot Taphrina leaf blister		
Orchid (Dendrobium)	Botrytis blossom blight		
Pachysandra	Volutella blight	Use a drenching spray of 1 1/2 qts. per 50 gallons of water per 5,000 sq. ft. of bed. Start application at first sign of disease and apply at least 5 applications at 10 to 14 day intervals.	
Pansy	Anthraxnose		
Peony	Botrytis blossom blight Phytophthora blight	Apply in early spring and early fall, drenching soil around plants as well as the foliage. Promptly destroy all infected plant parts.	
Peperomia	Cercospora leaf spot		
Philodendron	Dactylophora leaf spot Phytophthora leaf spot		
Photinia	Entomosporium leaf spot		
Pleomele	Fusarium leaf spot		
Poinsettia	Sphaeloma scab		
Rhododendron	Cercospora leaf spot Discosia leaf spot Petal blight	Refer to azalea.	
Rose	Black spot Cercospora leaf spot Rust		
Scheffera	Alternaria blight		
Skunkbush, sumac	Cylindrosporium leaf spot		
Snapdragon	Rust		
Statice	Cercospora frog-eye		
Syngonium	Cephalosporium leaf spot		
Tulip	Botrytis blight (fire)		
Venus flytrap	Anthraxnose		
Viburnum	Downy mildew Ramularia leaf spot		
Walnut	Anthraxnose		Do not use treated walnuts for food or feed purposes.
Zinnia	Alternaria leaf blight		

FUNGICIDE TANK MIXES:

The following tank mix recommendations are made for the improved control of specific diseases. Before mixing DITHANE F-45 flowable with any other fungicide, read and carefully observe the precautionary and all other information appearing on both product labels. User must abide by the most restrictive limitations appearing on the product labels.

Crop	Co-Applied Fungicide	For Improved Control Of:	Use Rate Per Application	DITHANE F-45 Flowable Use Rate Per Application	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions for Use)
Apples	BENLATE 50 WP [®]	Powdery mildew	2 to 4 ozs./100 gals.	0.6 to 0.8 qts./100 gals.	.
	TOPSIN-M70 WP [®]				
	BAYLETON 50 WP		1/2 to 2 ozs./100 gals.	0.8 to 1.6 qts./100 gals.	
	KARATHANE WD	N ^{ts} suppression Powdery mildew	1/2 to 3/4 lb./100 gals.		
KARATHANE LC	4 to 6 fl. ozs./100 gals.				

FUNGICIDE TANK MIXES (cont'd)

Crop	Co-Applied Fungicide	For Improved Control Of:	Use Rate Per Application	DITHANE F-45 Flowable Use Rate Per Application	Remarks (Also Refer To Directions For Use)
Barley	BAYLETON 50 WP	Powdery mildew Rust (leaf, stem, stripe)	2 to 4 ozs./A	1.6 qts./A	
Celery	BENLATE 50 WP*	Early blight Late blight	4 ozs./A	1.2 to 1.6 qts./A	
	TOPSIN-M70 WP*				
	FIXED COPPERS	Bacterial leaf spot	Manufacturer's label use rate	1.6 qts./A	
Cucumbers	Refer to melons				
Grapes	BAYLETON 50 WP	Powdery mildew	2 to 6 ozs./A	1.2 to 3.2 qts./A	Do not use in California.
	KARATHANE WD		1 to 2 1/2 lbs./A		
	KARATHANE LC		4 to 8 fl. ozs./100 gals.		
	BENLATE 50 WP*		3/4 to 1 lb./A		
Melons	BENLATE 50 WP*	Anthraxnose Gummy stem blight Powdery mildew Target spot	4 to 8 ozs./A	1.6 to 2.4 qts./A	Do not use in California.
	KARATHANE WD	Powdery mildew	8 to 12 ozs./A		
	KARATHANE LC		3 to 4 fl. ozs./100 gals.		
	DIFOLATAN 80 SPRILLS	Gummy stem blight	1 1/2 to 2 lbs./A		
Peanuts	BENLATE 50 WP*	Ascochyta web blight Early leaf spot Late leaf spot	4 ozs./A	0.8 to 1.6 qts./A	
	TOPSIN-M70 WP*	Early leaf spot			
Pears	BAYLETON 50 WP	Powdery mildew	1/2 to 2 ozs./100 gals.	0.8 to 1.6 qts./100 gals.	Do not use in California.
	KARATHANE WD	Mite suppression Powdery mildew	1/2 to 3/4 lbs./100 gals.		
	KARATHANE LC		4 to 6 fl. ozs./100 gals.		
Potatoes	Triphenyl Tin Hydroxide (TPTH)	Early blight	1/2 to full label use rate	1.2 to 1.6 qts./A	
Pumpkins	Refer to melons				DIFOLATAN may not be used on pumpkins or squash.
Squash, summer					
Sugar Beets	BENLATE 50 WP*	Cercospora leaf spot	4 ozs./A	1.2 to 1.6 qts./A	
	TOPSIN-M70 WP*				
	MERTECT 340-F*		6 fl. ozs./A		
	Triphenyl Tin Hydroxide (TPTH)		1/2 to full label rate		
Tomatoes	Fixed Coppers	Bacterial leaf spot	Manufacturer's label use rate	1.2 to 2.4 qts./A	
	DYRENE 50 WP	Gray leaf spot	1/2 to 1 lb./A		
	BENLATE 50 WP*	Botrytis gray mold Sclerotinia white mold			
Wheat	BAYLETON 50 WP	Powdery mildew Rust (leaf, stem, stripe)	2 to 4 ozs./A	1.6 qts./A	

*Do not use if fungal resistance to this fungicide is present in field to be treated or has been reported in the area.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
STORAGE: Keep away from fire and sparks. Store in a cool, well ventilated area, but not below 32°F. Do not allow to become overheated in storage. This may bring on chemical changes which will impair the fungicidal effectiveness of DITHANE F-45 flowable fungicide. Keep container closed when not in use.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL
Plastic Containers — Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. **Fiber Drum (with liner)** — Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. If drum cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.
Metal Containers — Triple rinse (or equivalent) then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.
Bulk Containers — Drain thoroughly and return to specified destination for cleaning and re-use.
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Dike and contain the spill. Transfer liquid and solid diking material to separate containers for recovery or disposal. Flush contaminated area with a large amount of water to a chemical or sanitary sewer containing a settling pit. Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Wash clothing before re-use. Keep the solids out of the municipal sewers and open bodies of water. Refer to Precautionary Statements.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY
 Rohm and Haas warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label only when used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions of use. **ROHM AND HAAS MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES EITHER OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE.** Handling, storage and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of Rohm and Haas and Seller. Risks such as crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences resulting from, but not limited to, weather or soil conditions, presence of other materials, disease, pests, drift to other crops or property or failure to follow label directions will be assumed by the Buyer or User. **IN NO CASE WILL ROHM AND HAAS OR SELLER BE HELD LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE HANDLING, STORAGE OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT.**

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