

prentox[®]

PROPOXUR TECHNICAL

An Insecticide for Formulating Purposes
Only

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
2-(1-Methylethoxy) phenyl methylcarbamate . . . 95.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS 5.0%
TOTAL: 100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED — Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching finger to back of throat. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.
IF INHALED — Remove victim to fresh air.
IF ON SKIN — Wash thoroughly with soap and warm water.
IF IN EYES — Wash with water for at least 15 minutes.

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS

E.P.A. REG. NO. 666-763 E.P.A. EST. NO. _____

NET CONTENTS _____

LOT # _____

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

NOTE TO FORMULATORS

Labeling for products formulated from this product must conform to that which is currently registered with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide, spray mixture or rinse water that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to applicable Federal, state or local procedures.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved state and local procedures.

NOV 28 1982

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans (and Domestic Animals)

WARNING

May be fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear natural rubber gloves, protective clothing and goggles. In case of contact, wash immediately with soap and warm water. Wash hands, arms, and face thoroughly with soap and water before eating or smoking. Wash all contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before reuse.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

ANTIDOTE

Administer atropine sulfate in large therapeutic doses. Repeat as necessary to the point of tolerance.

Compound inhibits cholinesterase resulting in stimulation of the central nervous system, the parasympathetic nervous system, and the somatic motor nerves. Do not give morphine. Watch for pulmonary edema, which may develop in serious cases of poisoning, even after 12 hours. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be placed in an oxygen tent and treated symptomatically.

SYMPTOMS OF POISONING

A sense of "tightness" in the chest. Sweating. Contracted pupils. Stomach pains. Vomiting and diarrhea.

TREATMENT

IN CASE OF POISONING call a physician immediately. Have patient lie down and keep quiet. IF SWALLOWED, administer milk or water freely and induce vomiting by giving one dose (1/2 oz. or 15ml) of syrup of ipecac. If vomiting does not occur within 10 to 20 minutes, administer second dose. If syrup of ipecac is not available, induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Professional medical assistance should be secured immediately. IF ON SKIN, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin immediately with soap and warm water. IF EYES ARE CONTAMINATED, wash with flowing water for at least 15 minutes.

Do not contaminate food or feed.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish, birds and other wildlife. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public water except in accordance with NPDES permit. For further guidance, contact the nearest EPA Regional Office.



Manufactured by

prentiss

Drug & Chemical Co., Inc.

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

Plant: Kault Road
Sandersville, GA. 31082

Office: C.B. 200
Floral Park, N.Y. 11001

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

STORAGE- If container is damaged: Stop any leaks by repositioning the container or by patching or otherwise repairing the leaks. Take care to avoid contact with pesticide and wear protective gear. On cleanup of spills, wear protective equipment as required to prevent contact with the product or its vapors. Sweep the spill on to a shovel and put the sweepings into a salvage drum. Dispose of wastes as below.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL- Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of in the same manner.

