# ACCEPTED JAN 16 1992

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungi ide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide r gistered under EPA Reg. No. 655-421

01/16/1992

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

1255-421

May be tatal if swallowed. May cause eye injury. Causes skin entation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear protective goggles, faceshield, or safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT of this product contains aromatic periods when the contains aromatic periods motion of the property drink a large quantity of a mix, egg white, and getain solution, or if these are not available, water. Avoid alcohol. If a news, Flush with plenty of eage and water. Get medical attention. If an exist. Wash with plenty of soap and water. The medical attention if irritation persists.

Environmental control of the second and the second

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS Do not use or store near heat and open starre.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

SIOHAGE AND UISPOSAL Do not contaminate water, tool or feed by storage or disposal. STORAGE: Store only in ongrinal container, in a dry place inaccessible to children and pets. It container is damaged: Stop any leaks by repositioning the container or by patching or otherwise repairing the leaks. Take care to avoid contact with pesticide and wear protectine gest. On cleanup of a piblied liquids, wear protective ecupment as required to prevent contact with the product or its vepors. Cover the abilitied areas with generous amounts of absorbent material, such as clay, diatomacous serth, sand or sawous!. Sweep the containerinated absorbent on to a showel and put the sweepings into a salvage drum. Dispose of wastes as below. Place any leaking container into a similar drum or glass container. Mark the container with name of product, ingrisement, precautionary stalements, and signal word. Contain us for replacement labe! PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal tackity. Pesticide wastes are toxic, improper disposed of youse according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazartoous Waste disposal tackity. These toxes term recycling or reconditioning, or punc-ture and dispose of in a same to equivalent). Then offer to recycling or reconditioning, or punc-ture and dispose of in a same to require upone.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

#### USE RESTRICTIONS:

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Use against fish in lakes, ponds, and streams (immediately above lakes and ponds). Since such factors as pH, temperature, depth, and turbidity will change effectiveness, use this product only at locations, rates, and times authorized and approved by appropriate state and Federal fish and wildlife agencies. Rates must be within the range specified in the labeling.

Property dispose of dead fish and unused product. Do not use dead fish as food or feed. Do not use water treated with rotenone to irrigate crops or release within 1/2 mile upstream of a potable water or irrigation water intake in a standing body of water such as a lake, pond, or reservoir.

**APPLICATION DIRECTIONS:** 

Treatment of Lakes and Ponds

Application Rates and Concentrations of Rotenone The actual application rates and concentrations of rotenone needed to control fish will vary widely, depending on the type of use (e.g., selective treatment, normal pond treatment, etc.) and the factors listed above. The table below is a general guide for the proper rates and concentrations.

Total Amount of Product Needed for Treatment

To determine the total number of gallons needed tor treatment, divide the number of acre-feet covered by one gallon for a specific type of use (e.g., selective treatment, etc.), as indicated in the table below, into the number of acre-feet in the body of water.

General Guide to the Application Rates and Concentrations of Rotenone Needed to Control Fish in Lakes and Ponds<sup>1</sup> (2.5% Emulsifiable Concentrate Product)

	No. of Acre-Feet	Parts Per Million	
	Covered by One Gallon	Active Rotenone	2.5% Product
Type of Use			
Selective Treatment	15 to 12	0.005-0.007	0.2025
Normal Pond Use	3.0 to 1.5	0.025-0.050	1.0-2.0
Remove Bullheads or Carp	1.5 to .75	0.050-0.100	2.0-4.0
Remove Bullheads or Carp in Rich Organic Ponds	.75 to .38	0.100-0.200	4.0-8.0
Pre-impoundment Treatment above dam	.50 to .30	0.150-0.250	6.0-10.0

Adapted from Kinney, Edward, 1965. Rolenone in Fish Pond Management, USDI, Washington, D.C. Leaflet FL-576

**RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE** DUE TO AQUATIC TOXICITY For retail sale to, and use only by, Certified Applicators or persons under their

direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification



Liquid-Emulsifiable

### | ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Rotenone		2.5%
Other Associated R	esins	5.0%
Piperonyl Butoxide	, Technical	2.5%
INERT INGREDIENT	S**	<u>90.0%</u>
	TOTAL:	100.0%
*Equivalent to 2.0% (Buty ether and 0.5% related of	Icarbityl) (6-propylpiperony compounds.	1)

\*\*This product contains aromatic solvents.

PRENTOX<sup>4</sup>-Registered Trademark of Prentiss Incorporated

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING

See Left Panel for additional precautionary statements.

E.P.A. REG. No. 655-421

E.P.A. EST. NO. £55-GA-1

GALLONS

LOT NO. \_

NET CONTENTS\_

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Manufactured by

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Plant: Kaolin Rd., Sandersville, GA 31082 Office: C.B. 2000, Floral Park, NY 11001

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE (con'd):

Computation of acre-teet for take or pond: An acre-toot is a unit of water volume having a surface area of one acre and a depth of one toot. Make a series of transects across the surface, taking depths with a measured pole or weighted line. Add the measurements and divide by the number made to determine the average depth. To compute total acre-teet, multiply this average depth by the number of surface acres, which can be determined from an aerial photograph or plat drawn to scale. Pre-Mixing Method of Application and Exposure Time Pre-mix with water at a rate of one gallon PRENTOX SYNPREN-FISH to 10 gallons of water. Uniformly apply over water surface or bubble through underwater lines. Removal of Taste and Odor PRENTOX SYNPREN-FISH treated waters do not retain a detectable taste or odor for more than a few days to a maximum of one month. Taste and odor can be removed immediately by treatment with activated charcoal at a rate of 30 ppm. for each 1 ppm. PRENTOX SYNPREN-FISH detoxifies, less charcoal is required). Computation of acre-feet for lake or pond: An acre-toot is a unit of water volume

less charcoal is required).

Restocking ÷5.

Waters treated with this product detoxity within 2 to 4 weeks after treatment, depending on pH, temperature, water handness, and depth. To determine if detoxification has occurred, place live boxes containing samples of fish to be stocked in the treated waters. More rapid detoxification can be accomplished by adding Potassium Permanganate or chlorine at a 1:1 ratio with the concentration of rotenone applied, plus sufficient additional compound to satisfy the chemical oxidation demand caused by organic matter that may be present in the treated water.

### Treatment of Streams Immediately Above Lakes and Ponds

The purpose of treating streams immediately above lakes and ponds is to improve the effectiveness of lake and pond treatments and not to control fish in streams per se. The term "immediately" means the first available site above the lake or pond where treatment is practical.

In order to treat a stream immediately above a lake or pond, you must select a concentra-tion of active rotenone, compute the flow rate of a stream, calculate the application rate, select an exposure time, estimate the amount of product needed, and follow the method of application.

Concentration of Active Rotenone Select the "Concentration of Active Rotenone" based on the type of use from those on the table. For example, if you select "Normal Pond Use" you could select a concentra-tion of "0.025 Parts per Million". Computation of Flow Rate for Stream:

2.

Computation of Flow Mate for Stream: Select a cross section of the stream where the banks and bottom are relatively smooth and free of obstacles. Divide the surface width into 3 equal sections and determine the water depth and surface velocity at the center of each section, in slowly moving streams, determine the velocity by dropping a float attached to 5 test of loose, monofilament fishing line. Measure the time required for the float to move 5 test. For fast-moving streams, use a longer distance. Take at least three readings at each point. To calculate the flow rate from the information obtained above, use the following formula:

$$F = \frac{Ws \times D \times L \times C}{T}$$

where F = flow rate (cu. ft./sec.),  $W_s = surface width (ft.)$ , D = mean depth (ft.), L = mean distance traveled by float (ft.), C = constant (0.8 for rough bottoms and 0.9 for smooth bottoms), and <math>T = mean time for float (sec.).

For example, after using the above formula, you might have computed the stream's flow rate to be "10 cult per sec". Calculation of Application Rate

In order to calculate the application rate (expressed as "gallon per sec"), you convert the rate in the table (expressed as "gallon per acre-teet"), to "gallon per cu feet" and multiple by the flow rate (expressed as cu ft per sec"). Depending on the size of the stream and the type of equipment, the rate could be expressed in other units, such as "ounces per hr".

The application rate for the stream above is calculated as follows:

### $R_s = R_p \times C \times F$

where  $R_s = Application$  Rate for Stream (gal/sec),  $R_p = Application$  Rate for Pond (gal/acre teet), C = 1 acre tool/43560 cu ti, and F = Flow Rate (cu ti/sec).

In the example, the Application Rate for Stream would be:

Rs = 1 gal/3 acre-tool x 1 acre-toot/43560 cu ft x 10 cu ft/sec

Rs = .000076 gal/sec or 35 oz/hr.

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4. Exposure Time

The "Exposure Time" would be the period of time (expressed in hours or seconds) during which target lish should not enter the lake or pond under treatment. In the example, this period of time could be 4 hours.

5. **Minunt of Product** 

Calculate the "Amount of Product" for a stream by multiplying the "Application Rate for Stream" by the "Expressive Time". In the example, the "Amount of Product would be 140 oz (35 oz/hr x 4 hr) or 1.09 gal.

### **RE-ENTRY STATEMENT**

Do not allow swimming in rotenone-treated water until the application has been completed End 31 pesticide has been thoroughly mixed into the water according to labeling instructions. . . . .

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