

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

**Hazards to Humans
(and Domestic Animals)**

DANGER: Poisonous if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin or eyes. Do not get in eyes or on skin. Do not breathe fumes. Rapidly absorbed through skin, wear natural rubber gloves, waterproof protective clothing and goggles when handling. Wear a pesticide respirator jointly approved by the Mining Enforcement and Safety Administration (formerly the U.S. Bureau of Mines) and by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under the provisions of 30 CFR Part II

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish, birds and other wildlife. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds, or public waters unless in accordance with an NPDES permit. For guidance, contact your Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

Instructions for Formulation

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This pesticide may be used only for the formulation of an insecticide. Formulators using this product are responsible for obtaining EPA registration for their formulated products. Refer to Technical Bulletin for instructions for formulating and other information.

Note to Physician

Symptoms: Symptoms include weakness, headache, tightness in chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pin-point pupils, salivation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and abdominal cramps.

Treatment: Atropine is the specific therapeutic antagonist of choice against parasympathetic nervous stimulation. If there are signs of parasympathetic stimulation, atropine should be injected at ten-minute intervals, in doses of 1 to 2 milligrams, until complete atropinization has occurred. Morphine is contraindicated. Clear chest by postural drainage. Oxygen administration may be necessary. 2-PAM is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. Observe patient continuously for 48 hours. Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors may without warning, cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until cholinesterase regeneration has been attained as determined by blood test.

prentox

DDVP 4 LB. EMULSIFIABLE CONCENTRATE

An Insecticide For Formulating Use Only.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl phosphate 41.76%
Xylene Range Aromatic Petroleum
Distillates 50.10%
Related Compounds 3.14%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 5.00%
Total 100.00%

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed — Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If possible, vomiting should be induced under medical supervision. Drink one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching the back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled — Move victim to fresh air. Apply respiration if indicated. Call a physician immediately.

If on skin — Remove contaminated clothing and wash immediately with soap and water. Call a physician immediately.

If in eyes — Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN



**POISON
DANGER**



E.P.A. REG. NO. 655-229

E.P.A. EST. NO. 655-GA-1

LOT # _____

NET CONTENTS _____

Manufactured by

prentiss

Drug & Chemical Co., Inc.

Plant: Kaolin Road
Sandersville, GA. 31082

Office: 363 7th Avenue
New York, N.Y. 10001

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide, spray mixture or rinse water, that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to Federal or approved state procedures under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other approved state and local procedures.

NOTE TO FORMULATORS

Certain organo-phosphate insecticides have been shown to cause staining and color changes of carpets dyed with certain sensitive carpet dyes. Products made from this concentrate should carry warnings to prevent contact with carpeting by spray, spray mist or drift.

