

E-Z FLO 10% SEVIN* — 2% PARATHION DUST

WARNING:
KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

*Carbaryl (1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate) 10%
 Parathion (O,O-diethyl O-p-nitrophenyl
 thiophosphate) 2%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 88%
 100%

*Trademark of Union Carbide Corporation for carbaryl insecticide.
 U. S. Patent No. 2,903,478.

DESTROY CONTAINER WHEN EMPTY. NEVER RE-USE.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

NOT FOR USE OR STORAGE IN OR AROUND THE HOME.

Apply this product with power dusters only.

BEANS: Leafhopper, Bean Leaf Beetle, Corn Earworms — Use 13 to 15 lbs. per acre. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CABBAGE, BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, KALE, COLLARDS: Cabbage Loopers, Imported Cabbage Worm, Flea Beetle, Aphids — Apply 20 lbs. per acre. Do not apply to Broccoli or Brussels Sprouts within 7 days of harvest, nor to Cabbage within 10 days of harvest, nor to Collard or Kale within 14 days of harvest.

CORN: Corn Earworm — Apply 20 lbs. per acre. Make first application as soon as the silk appear. Make 4 applications at 2 day intervals then at 3 day intervals. Do not feed treated forage to dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter. Do not apply within 12 days of harvest or cutting for forage.

PEANUTS: Velvetbean Caterpillars, Corn Earworm, Armyworm, Green Clover Worms, Spotted Cucumber Beetle, Thrips, Leafhoppers — Apply 15 lbs. per acre. Do not feed treated plants or ensilage made from treated plants to poultry, dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest.

POTATOES: Blister Beetle, Colorado Potato Beetle, Flea Beetle, Leaf Hopper, Aphids — Apply 13 to 15 lbs. per acre. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. Do not feed potato culls to dairy animals.

SOYBEANS: Bean Leaf Beetle, Spotted Cucumber Beetle, Blister Beetle, Velvetbean Caterpillar, Green Cloverworm, Armyworm, Corn Earworm, Thrips — Apply 15 lbs. per acre. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not feed treated plants or ensilage made from treated plants to poultry, dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter.

WARNING

May Be Fatal if Swallowed, Inhaled, or Absorbed Through Skin! Rapidly Absorbed Through Skin! Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear natural rubber gloves, protective clothing and goggles. In case of contact wash immediately with soap and water. Wear a mask or respirator of a type passed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture for parathion protection.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Vacated areas should not be re entered until drifting insecticide and volatile residues have dissipated. Do not contaminate feed and foodstuffs. Wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water before eating or smoking. Wash all contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before re-use.

PHYSICIANS NOTE: Warning symptoms include weakness, headache, tightness in the chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pin-point pupils, salivation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and abdominal cramps.

TREATMENT: Give atropine, preferably by injection, grains 1-100 two or three tablets at once and parenterally, or orally every hour as required up to 30 tablets or until pupils dilate. 2-PAM is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. Never give morphine. Clear chest by postural drainage. Artificial respiration or oxygen administration may be necessary. Observe patient continuously 48 hours. Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors may, without warning, cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until time for cholinesterase regeneration has allowed as determined by blood tests.

ANTIDOTE: ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE. Keep a Physician for Emergency Supply. This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Keep out of lakes, ponds, and streams. Do not apply to any area not specified on the label. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift of dust from area treated. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

For more information contact your local government health and hygiene department or your nearest health department. For more information contact your local health department.

Net Contents and Manufacturer On Container

