

E-Z FLO ZINB 75 W

CAUTION:

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Zinb (Zinc ethylene bisdithiocarbamate)
(Zinc expressed as metallic 17.7%)..... 75.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 25.0%

100.0%

U. S. Pat. No. Re. 23,742

DESTROY CONTAINER WHEN EMPTY. NEVER RE-USE.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Pour recommended amount of this material through screen on surface of water in nearly filled spray tank or premix in a bucket half filled with water and pour mixture into nearly filled spray tank. Add balance of water to fill tank. Do not allow mixture to stand. Keep agitator running during filling, mixing and spraying operations. Do not use in low volume gear-type spray equipment. This material is compatible with most of the commonly used insecticides, fungicides and nutritional sprays. Do not combine wettable powders with emulsifiable liquids in the same spray tank unless previous use of the materials being combined has proved them to be physically compatible.

Consult State Experiment Station for specific information consistent with labeling as the timing, number and rate of applications needed will vary with local conditions.

The Federal Food and Drug Administration has set official tolerances for certain pesticide residues. In order that residues on food and forage crops will not exceed established tolerances, use only at recommended rates and do not apply closer to harvest than specified.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The dosage rates on this label indicate pounds of Zinb 75 W per 100 gals. of water. Use 100 to 125 gals. spray per acre for low crops such as beans, carrots and onions. Use 150 to 200 gals. spray per acre for large, heavier crops such as cucurbit, potato and tomato vines. Make thorough, full coverage applications.

FRUITS AND NUTS

APPLE: Apple Blotch, Black Rot, Bitter Rot, Botrytis Fruit Rot, Brooks Spot, Cedar Rust, Fly Speck, Frog Eye, Quince Rust, Scab, Scaly Blotch — Use 1 to 2 lbs. per 100 gals. water. Begin applications in delayed dormant and continue through cover sprays. Use 1/2 to 1 lb. when combined with Captan. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

APPLE, PEAR: Fire Blight — Use 2 lbs. per 100 gals. water at 2 to 3 day intervals during periods of bloom-opening and wet weather. Maintain recommended sanitary pruning practices. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

APRICOT, PEACH: Cryoneum Blight (Shot Hole), Peach Leaf Curl — Use 2 lbs. per 100 gals. water in early dormant and in pre-bloom and in popcorn to jacket stages according to local spray program.

CAMPARUBY, MELONS, ORANGES: Rust Mite and associated Russeting and Greasy Spot — Use 1 lb. per 100 gals. water. Apply with thorough coverage. Make application from late June through early August, or earlier if rust mite begins to show.

SOME CISTARY: Leaf Spot or Shot Hole — Use 1 lb. per 100 gals. water. Apply at petal fall and 10 and 20 days after petal fall and immediately after harvest. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CUCURBIT: Leaf Spot — Use 2 lbs. Apply 2 to 3 weeks after bloom. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

ACCEPTED

Jan 1, 1971

143-24

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE FUNGICIDE AND MITICIDAL ACT FOR RECORDS

Comments

GRAPE: Black Rot, Downy Mildew, Ripe Rot — Use 1 1/2 lbs. just before bloom, just after bloom, 10 days after bloom, and 2 to 3 weeks later. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

STRAWBERRY: Leaf Spot — Use 1 1/2 to 2 lbs. Begin applications when new growth starts in early spring. Repeat 7 to 10 day intervals until fruit begins to form. Leaf Scorch — Use 1 1/2 to 2 lbs. in early summer. Make 2 to 3 applications at 7 day intervals. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CRANBERRIES: Fruit Rots: Use 2-3 lbs. per 100 gallons water. Apply when plants show 5% bloom and repeat two weeks later or at midbloom.

VEGETABLES AND FIELD CROPS

CUCURBITS: Use 1 1/2 to 2 lbs. per 100 gals. of water unless indicated otherwise. Begin applications at first signs of disease and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed to maintain control.

BEANS: Anthracnose — Begin when first blossoms appear. Downy Mildew, Rust — Begin when disease threatens. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

KALE, MUSTARD GREENS, SWISS CHARD, TURNIP: Cercospora Leaf Spot, Downy Mildew — Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CABBAGE, BROCCOLI, CAULIFLOWER: Downy Mildew — Use 2 lbs. per 100 gals. water plus suitable spreader. Apply at weekly intervals. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CARROT: Alternaria, Cercospora Leaf Spot — Do not apply within 7 days of harvest if tops are to be used as food or feed.

CELERY: Early Blight, Late Blight — Begin applications when plants emerge in the plant beds. Repeat at 5 to 5 days intervals until plants are set in field. Continue applications at 7 day intervals. Remove residues remaining at harvest by washing and stripping.

CORN: Helminthosporium leaf blight, Puccinia rust: Apply when disease appears and repeat at 3 to 7 day intervals. Do not feed treated forage to dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter.

CUCURBITS: (Cantaloupe, Cucurbit, Melons, Squash) — Alternaria (Macrosporium) Blight, Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Gummy Stem Blight — Direct spray to underside of leaves. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest on summer squash.

LETTUCE: Downy Mildew — Do not apply within 5 days of harvest on head lettuce or 7 days on leaf lettuce.

ONIONS: Botrytis Leaf Blight (Blast), Downy Mildew, Purple Blotch — Do not apply within 7 days of harvest on green or spring onions.

PEANUTS: Cercospora leaf spot: Use 1 1/2 to 2 lbs. per acre applying in sufficient water for adequate coverage. Begin treatment when disease is first noted and continue applications at 1 to 2 week intervals depending upon severity of the disease. Do not feed treated hay to livestock.

PEPPERS: Phytophthora, Anthracnose, Ripe Rot: Apply at 10-day intervals when disease is evident. Repeat as necessary throughout the season.

SPINACH: Downy Mildew (Blue Mold), White Rust — Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

TOMATO: Anthracnose, Cladosporium Gray Mold, Early Blight, Late Blight, Stemphylium Leaf Spot.

ORNAMENTALS

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Use 1 1/2 pounds per 100 gallons of water or 1 level tablespoonful per gallon. Spray plants thoroughly.

AZALEAS AND CAMELLIAS: Petal blight: Spray 2 to 3 times a week while flowers are opening. Direct spray into flowers. Spray ground under bushes thoroughly.

GLADIOLUS: Botrytis Blight, Curvularia, Stemphylium: Spray at weekly intervals, or oftener under severe disease conditions, from early stages until spikes begin to open.

SNAPDRAGONS, CHRYSANTHEMUMS, CARNATIONS, HOLLYHOCKS: Rust, Leaf spot and Anthracnose. Apply at weekly to 10 day intervals as soon as disease conditions threaten. For control of Botrytis petal spot and Ascochyta ray make application twice weekly during the blooming season.

ROSES: Black spot: Apply at weekly intervals.

CARNATION BENCHES: Fusarium Root Rot: Drench 3 times annually at 3 month intervals with 1/4 pound in 12 1/2 gallons of water per 100 square feet of bench space.

CAUTION

May cause irritation of eyes, nose throat and skin. May be harmful if inhaled or swallowed.

Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. In case of contact, flush with plenty of water; for eyes, get medical attention. Keep containers closed. Store in dry place. Keep away from fire and sparks.