

Contents

U. S. Gallons

USDA Reg. No. 632-26

ACCEPTED
FEB 15 1967
 UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
 FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
 FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTER-
 ED UNDER NO. 632-26 SUBJECT
 TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

Worthmore[®]

MCP AMINE

WEED KILLER

MCP Acid Equivalent—4 Pounds Per Gallon

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Dimethylamine salts of 2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenoxyacetic acid..... 50%

INERT INGREDIENTS 50%

100%

(2-Methyl-4-Chlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent 41%)

Contains the Equivalent of 4 Pounds of [(4-chloro-m-Tolyl)oxy] acetic
Acid Per Gallon.

WARNING: Harmful or Fatal if swallowed.

Before using read carefully warning on side panel.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DISTRIBUTED BY MUTUAL DEALERS WHOLESALE, INC.
St. Paul, Minnesota 55114

NOTICE

Mutual Dealers Wholesale, Inc., St. Paul, Minn. 55114. GUARANTEES that the ingredients herein are the highest quality obtainable and full strength as shown. However, because the time and manner of use of this herbicide are beyond our control, and because misapplication involves a certain element of risk, we make no warranty of any kind as to the effectiveness of this material, and buyer assumes all risks for such use or handling, whether in accordance with directions or not.

CAUTION

Do not spray seedling grasses until two months old. Avoid contamination of water used for drinking or irrigation purposes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Cotton, sugar beets, most vegetables, fruits, flowers, ornamentals, and legumes are extremely sensitive and readily injured by 2,4-D. Clover and bent grass may be injured by the product. Avoid spray and drift on these plants. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift. Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. Do not spray when windy. Use special care to avoid drift from aerial applications. Cereal grains may be readily injured in seedling and late boot stages. Spray only after tillers are well formed and before jointing.

Avoid inhaling spray mist.

Thoroughly clean spray equipment with a suitable chemical cleaner such as a strong solution of soap, before using for other purposes.

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DIRECTIONS

Worthmore MCP Amine Weed Killer may be applied in the same manner as 2,4-D with low volume spray equipment.

For weed control in Flax:

Since data indicates that MCP is equally effective as corresponding formulations and rates of 2,4-D for controlling weeds in flax, and is somewhat less harmful to flax itself, formulations of MCP are recommended as alternatives to the accepted 2,4-D formulations for use in that crop.

For the control of mustard and other susceptible weeds, use 1/2 pint of **Worthmore MCP Amine Weed Killer** per acre in the necessary amount of water handled by your sprayer. Treat flax before buds begin to form. Where weed infestation is heavy, the use of 3/4 to 1 pint per acre may be required for control of wild buckwheat when in the two leaf stage and Russian thistle, but at these rates flax may be injured.

For weed control in Oats:

For control of Mustard, Frenchweed, Ragweed and Wild Buckwheat when in the two leaf stage. Oats are more tolerant of **Worthmore MCP Amine Weed Killer** than 2,4-D, permitting the use up to 1 pint per acre.

Pastures:

Buttercup can readily be controlled in pastures by spraying with 2 quarts of **Worthmore MCP Amine Weed Killer** per acre in the spring when the weed is flowering.

Small grains underseeded to small seed legumes:

Ladino clover, alsike clover, red clover, alfalfa, and lespedeza growing in small grain may be treated with **Worthmore MCP Amine Weed Killer** at rates up to 1/2 pint per acre without serious loss of stand. For control of lambquarter, pigweed, cocklebur and ragweed use 1/2 pint of **Worthmore MCP Amine Weed Killer**. Spray when grain is 8 to 10 inches in height, as this canopy will afford protection. Reduced sprayer pressure helps minimize damage.

Do not use on lawns of creeping grasses, such as bent, except for spot spraying, nor on freshly seeded lawns until grass has become well established.

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