

ACCEPTED

JUL 22 1974
 UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
 FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
 FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED
 UNDER NO. 551-182 SUBJECT
 TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

NET CONTENTS 5 GALLONS

Weed Killer

Low-Volatile Emulsifiable Concentrate

LV-6D

Contains 6.0 Pounds 2, 4-D Acid Equivalent Per Gallon

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Isooctyl Ester of 2, 4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid *.... 92.8%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 7.2%

TOTAL 100.0%

* Equivalent to 2, 4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid 61.5%

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
 HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED
 SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL CAUTIONS

EPA
 Reg. No. 551-182

Manufactured by
BAIRD & MCGUIRE, INC.
 HOLBROOK, MASSACHUSETTS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

TIME OF APPLICATION: For best results use WEED KILLER LV-6D when the weeds are young and in a rapid growing condition. For perennial weeds and under conditions where weeds are difficult to kill use the higher rates.

ROADSIDES, DRAINAGE DITCH BANKS, AND INDUSTRIAL SITES: Apply LV-6D at the rate of 3/4 quart to 1 quart per acre in 100 gallons of water as soon as weeds appear.

WOODY PLANT CONTROL: For certain 2, 4-D susceptible species such as Alder, Aspen, Cottonwood, Buckbrush, Elderberry, Hazel, Locust, Sumac, Wild Grape and Willow. **FOR THE CONTROL OF MORE RESISTANT SPECIES AND FOR GENERAL CONTROL OF MIXED BRUSH USE LV-6T.** Apply LV-6D at the rate of 2 quarts in 100 gallons of water as a foliage application, using a drenching spray soon after leaves are fully developed. Complete coverage is important and all parts of the plant, including foliage and stems, should be sprayed to the point of run-off. The best time for spraying is when soil moisture levels are favorable for growth. Do not treat during periods of severe drought or in early fall when leaves have lost their healthy green color.

LAWN PASTURES, AND GOLF COURSES: Apply 1 1/2 quarts of LV-6D per acre in sufficient water to provide uniform coverage. Do not apply on creeping grasses such as bent or to newly seeded turf areas until grasses have become well established. Against Wild Garlic and Wild Onion, apply 1 1/2 quarts to 2 quarts per acre in very early spring. Repeat treatments will be necessary annually for at least three years. Injury may result if applied to bent grass, St. Augustine, Carpet grass, dichondra and Clovers in lawns.

GENERAL INFORMATION

WEED KILLER LV-6D is recommended for control of Arrowhead, Dandelion, Dock, Field Henbit, Lambsquarter, Mallow, Mustard, Pennywort, Pigweed, Plantain, Ragweed, Shepherds-purse, Toadstool, Wild Carrot, Wild Morning glory, Wild Onion, Wild Onion, and many other broadleaved weeds on golf courses, in parks and other recreational areas, on highways, on airfields, on vacant lots and other areas where broadleaved weed control is desired.

PREPARATION OF THE SPRAY: Fill the spray tank with half the required quantity of water, then add the recommended amount of LV-6D with agitation and continue filling the spray tank with water. The amount of water required in low volume applications may vary from 5 to 25 gallons per acre. For high volume applications, 50 to 100 gallons of water, or more may be necessary for good coverage. In any case, use the recommended amount of 2, 4-D recommended per acre.

CAUTION

DO NOT take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

CAUTION: Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants such as cotton, tomatoes, flowers, grapes, fruit trees, and ornamentals. Spray drift may cause severe injury to both growing and dormant plants. Coarse sprays are most likely to drift. Although this ester is much less volatile than butyl or isopropyl esters of 2, 4-D, high temperatures may produce vapors after application which might injure 2, 4-D-sensitive plants growing nearby. DO NOT graze treated areas by dairy animals within seven days after treatment.

DO NOT contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for domestic purposes.

DO NOT use the same spray equipment for applying other materials to plants, as injury will result.

DO NOT store near fertilizers, seed, insecticides, or fungicides.

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UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
SECTION 241.101 (a) (1) (A) REGISTERED
BY EPA REG. NO. 591-182 SUBJECT
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

NET CONTENTS 5 GALLONS

Weed Killer

Low-Volatile Emulsifiable Concentrate

LV-6D

Contains 6.0 Pounds 2, 4-D Acid Equivalent Per Gallon

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Isooctyl Ester of 2, 4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid *.... 92.8%

INERT INGREDIENTS:..... 7.2%

TOTAL..... 100.0%

* Equivalent to 2, 4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid 61.5%

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED
SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL CAUTIONS

EPA
Reg. No. 591-182

EPA REG. NO. 591-182

Manufactured by
BAIRD & MCGUIRE, INC.
HOLBROOK, MASSACHUSETTS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

FOR THE APPLICATION OF THIS WEED KILLER LV-6D when the weeds are in a young and a healthy growing condition. For persistent weeds and under conditions where weeds are difficult to kill use the higher rates.

ROADS, DIRT ROADS, DRIVEWAYS, AND INDUSTRIAL SITES. Apply LV-6D at the rate of 3.4 quarts to 1 quart per acre in 100 gallons of water as soon as weeds appear.

WIDE-LEAF PLANT CONTROL. For certain 2, 4-D susceptible species such as Alder, Cottonwood, Buckhorn, Elderberry, Hairy Locust, Sumac, Wild Rose and Willow. **FOR THE CONTROL OF MORE RESISTANT SPECIES AND FOR GENERAL CONTROL OF MIXED BRUSH USE LV-6D.** Apply LV-6D at the rate of 2 quarts in 100 gallons of water as a foliage application, using a drenching spray soon after leaves are fully developed. Complete coverage is important and all parts of the plant, including foliage and stems, should be sprayed to the point of run-off. The best time for spraying is when soil moisture levels are favorable for growth. Do not treat during periods of severe drought or in early fall when leaves have lost their healthy green color.

TEA, PASTURES, AND GOLF COURSES. Apply 1/2 pint of LV-6D per acre in sufficient water to provide uniform coverage. Do not apply on creeping grasses such as bent or to newly seeded turf areas until grasses have become well established. Against Vase-Garlic and Wild Onion, apply 1 1/2 quarts to 2 quarts per acre in very early spring. Repeat treatments will be necessary annually for at least three years. Injury may result if applied to bent grass. St. Augustine grass, and other and clovers in lawns.

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ACCEPTED

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UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE,
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR FERTILIZER, FERTILIZER, FERTILIZER
LD UNDER 25/100 SUBJECT
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

NET CONTENTS 5 GALLONS

Weed Killer

Low-Volatile Emulsifiable Concentrate

LV-60

Contains 6.0 Pounds 2, 4-D Acid Equivalent Per Gallon

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Isooctyl Ester of 2, 4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid *.... 92.8%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 7.2%

TOTAL 100.0%

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CAUTION

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EPA
Reg No 551 182

EPA E-100-111-1

Manufactured by
BAIRD & MCGUIRE, INC.
HOLBROOK, MASSACHUSETTS

GENERAL INFORMATION

WEED KILLER LV-60 is recommended for the control of ~~Annual Weeds, Biennial Weeds, Perennial Weeds, Broadleaf Weeds, and Grass Weeds~~ in ~~corn, soybeans, cotton, sorghum, sugarcane, and other crops~~. It is also effective on ~~many other broadleaf weeds and grasses~~ in ~~pastures, lawns, and other areas~~ where broadleaf weed control is desired.

PREPARATION OF THE SPRAY: Fill the spray tank with half the required quantity of water, then add the recommended amount of LV-60 with agitation, and continue filling the spray tank with water. The amount of water required in low volume applications may vary from 5 to 25 gallons per acre. For high volume applications, 50 to 100 gallons of water or more may be necessary for good coverage. In any case, use the same amount of 2, 4-D recommended per acre.

CAUTION

DO NOT take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

CAUTION: Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants such as cotton, tomatoes, flowers, grapes, fruit trees, and ornamentals. Spray drift may cause severe injury to both growing and dormant plants. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift. Although this ester is much less volatile than butyl or isopropyl esters of 2, 4-D, high temperatures may produce vapors after application which might injure 2, 4-D sensitive plants growing nearby. DO NOT graze treated areas by dairy animals within seven days after treatment.

DO NOT contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for domestic purposes.

DO NOT use the same spray equipment for applying other materials to plants, as injury will result.

DO NOT store near fertilizers, seed, insecticides, or fungicides.

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