

FOR SWIMMING POOLS

# VANCARE

## DRY CHLORINE CONCENTRATE

(Cyanurate Type)

CONTROLS GROWTH OF ALGAE AND MANY BACTERIA

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Sodium Dichloro-s-Triazinetrione . . 100%

E.P.A. Reg. No. 550-48-AA

**DANGER!**

Keep Out of Reach of Children.

**STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED.**

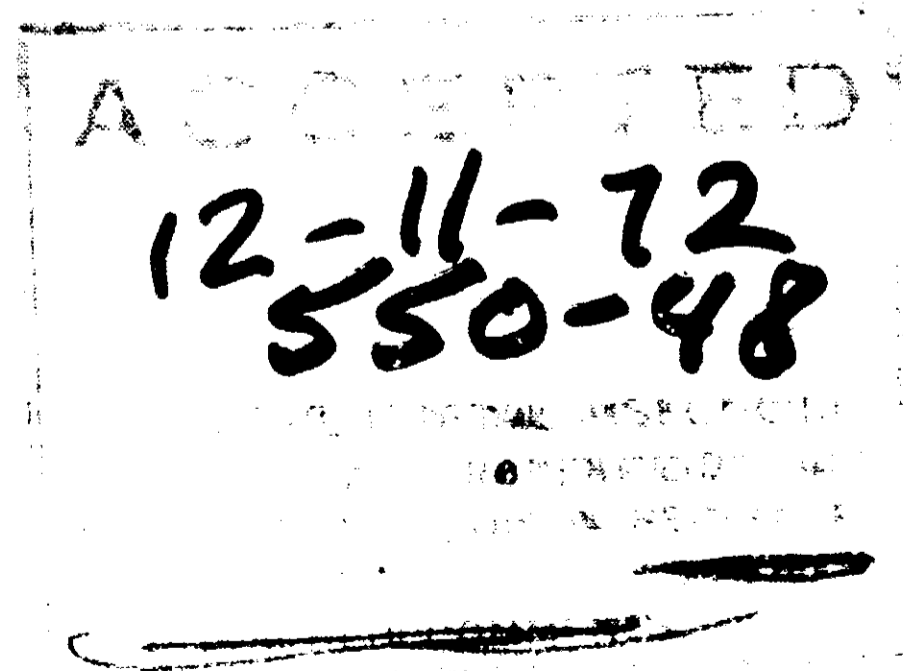
See adjacent panel for directions for use, antidote statement and other required precautionary statements.

**NET WEIGHT**

Packaged by:

**VAN WATERS & ROGERS  
SAN FRANCISCO, CA. 94119**

**VANCARE PRODUCTS — BEST FOR POOL USE!**



If Pool is Already Stabilized or Conditioned - add 8 oz. of VANCARE Dry Chlorine Concentrate per 20,000 gal. of pool water every fourth day, approximately. Test the chlorine residual every day. When it drops to 0.8 ppm, add eight more ounces. This may require more or less time than four days. This treatment should eliminate the need for supplemental shock treatment, but if required, add one gallon of bleach per 20,000 gallons of water, or two pounds of Calcium Hypochlorite tablets in the skimmer, every two weeks.

If Pool is Not Stabilized or Conditioned - add 5 lbs. of VANCARE Cyanuric Acid Stabilizer for each 20,000 gallons of pool water to bring the cyanurate level up to approximately 35 ppm. To avoid pH bounce and possible copper staining, add one pound mixed with warm or hot water directly to the water each day for five days. Circulate, then after each addition check pH. If pH drops below 7.2 after addition, add one pound of Soda Ash for each pound of VANCARE Cyanuric Acid Stabilizer added.

Begin Chlorination during Cyanuric Acid Stabilizer addition and continue in the same manner as for stabilized pools.

Maintain chlorine residual at 1.0 to 1.5 ppm. Daily additions of VANCARE Dry Chlorine Concentrate should be adjusted to maintain this chlorine residual as determined by a chlorine test kit. 1 ounce per 10,000 gallons will increase the chlorine residual by about 0.5 ppm.

Maintain pH at 7.4-7.8 and total alkalinity at a level commensurate with water hardness. Check pH with a Chlorine Buffered type indicator or save a water sample till the chlorine residual drops below 0.6 ppm, to avoid a false reading.

#### MEASURING DEVICES

2 lb. bottle - 1 measuring cupful weighs approximately 1 oz.

4 or 8 lb. bottles - 1 measuring cupful weighs approximately 2 oz.

Any size container - 1 household measuring CUPFUL weighs approximately 8 oz. or  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb.  
(1 fluid oz. weighs 1 oz.)

#### ALWAYS RELY ON YOUR TEST KIT TO CONTROL CHLORINE RESIDUAL!

**DANGER!** Contact with organic materials may cause fire. Will burn with evolution of chlorine or equally toxic gases. May cause eye injury. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe dust.

This concentrated product is poisonous if ingested and will cause burns on wet skin or tissue. Store in cool, dry place.

**ANTIDOTE** - Call a physician immediately.

Internally - Feed bread or cooked cereal followed by olive oil or cooking oil.

Externally or in Eyes - Flood with cold water immediately.

Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and discard it.

FOR SWIMMING POOLS

# VANCARE

## DRY CHLORINE CONCENTRATE

(Cyanurate Type)

CONTROLS GROWTH OF ALGAE AND MANY BACTERIA

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Sodium Dichloro-s-Triazinetrione ... 100%

E.P.A. Reg. No. 550-48-AA

**DANGER!**

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

Keep Out of Reach of Children.

**STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED.**

See adjacent panel for directions for use, antidote statement and other required precautionary statements.

NET WEIGHT

Packaged by:  
**VAN WATERS & ROGERS**  
SAN FRANCISCO, CA. 94119

**VANCARE PRODUCTS — BEST FOR POOL USE!**

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If Pool is Already Stabilized or Conditioned — add 8 oz. of VANCARE per 20,000 gal. of pool water every fourth day, approximately, day. When it drops to 0.8 ppm, add eight more ounces. This may be done every four days. This treatment should eliminate the need for supplementary chlorine. If required, add one gallon of bleach per 20,000 gallons of water, or chlorine tablets in the skimmer, every two weeks.

If Pool is Not Stabilized or Conditioned — add 6 lbs. of VANCARE to each 20,000 gallons of pool water to bring the cyanurate level up to 1.0 ppm. Avoid pH bounce and possible copper staining, add one pound of Soda Ash directly to the spa or each day for five days. Circulate, then after five days, drop below 7.2 after addition, add one pound of Soda Ash for Cyanuric Acid Stabilizer added.

Begin Chlorination during Cyanuric Acid Stabilizer addition and continue for stabilized pools.

Maintain chlorine residual at 1.0 to 1.5 ppm. Daily additions of VANCARE should be adjusted to maintain this chlorine residual. In detail, 1 ounce per 10,000 gallons will increase the chlorine residual by 0.1 ppm.

Maintain pH at 7.4-7.8 and total alkalinity at a level commensurate with pH with a Chlorine-Buffered type indicator or save a water sample, bring to a pH of 7.4-7.8.

### MEASURING DEVICES

2 lb. bottle — 1 measuring capful weighs approximately 1.0 oz.  
4 or 8 lb. bottles — 1 measuring capful weighs approximately 4.0 oz.  
Any size container — 1 household measuring CUPFUL = 8.0 oz.

### ALWAYS RELY ON YOUR TEST KIT TO CONTROL CHLORINE

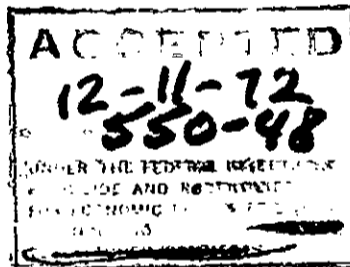
**DANGER!** Contact with organic materials may cause fire. Will burn equally toxic gases. May cause eye injury. Do not get in eyes, or breath dust.

This concentrated product is poisonous if ingested and will cause severe irritation. Store in cool, dry place.

**ANTIDOTE** — Call a physician immediately. If in eyes, flush with water. If on skin, wash with soap and water. If inhaled, move to fresh air. If in mouth, rinse with water. If in eyes, flush with cold water immediately.

Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and discard it.

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ING POOLS  
**VAN CARE**  
CONCENTRATE

Type)  
KILL AND MANY BACTERIA  
Trichloro-s-Triazinetrione... 100%  
550-48-AA

**DANGER!** BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

Children.  
**IT MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED.**  
Directions for use; antidote  
and precautionary statements.

**NET WEIGHT**

Made by:  
**WATKINS & ROGERS**  
OIL FIELD, CALIF. 94119  
**BEST FOR POOL USE!**

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If Pool is Already Stabilized or Conditioned - add 8 oz. of VAN CARE Dry Chlorine Concentrate per 20,000 gal. of pool water every fourth day, approximately. Test the chlorine residual every day. When it drops to 0.8 ppm. add eight more ounces. This may require more or less time than four days. This treatment should eliminate the need for supplemental shock treatment, but if required, add one gallon of bleach per 20,000 gallons of water or two pounds of Calcium Hypochlorite tablets in the skimmer, every two weeks.

If Pool is Not Stabilized or Conditioned - add 5 lbs. of VAN CARE Cyanuric Acid Stabilizer for each 20,000 gallons of pool water to bring the cyanurate level up to approximately 35 ppm. To avoid pH bounce and possible copper staining, add one pound mixed with warm or hot water directly to the water each day for five days. Circulate, then after each addition check pH. If pH drops below 7.2 after addition, add one pound of Soda Ash for each pound of VAN CARE Cyanuric Acid Stabilizer added.

Begin Chlorination during Cyanuric Acid Stabilizer addition and continue in the same manner as for stabilized pools.

Maintain chlorine residual at 1.0 to 1.5 ppm. Daily additions of VAN CARE Dry Chlorine Concentrate should be adjusted to maintain this chlorine residual as determined by a chlorine test kit. 1 ounce per 10,000 gallons will increase the chlorine residual by about 0.5 ppm.

Maintain pH at 7.2 - 7.8 and total alkalinity at a level commensurate with water hardness. Check pH with a Chlorine-Buffered type indicator or save a water sample till the chlorine residual drops below 0.6 ppm. Then use readings.

**MEASURING DEVICES**  
2 lb. bottle - 1 measuring cupful weighs approximately 1 oz.  
4 or 8 lb. bottles - 1 measuring cupful weighs approximately 2 oz.  
Any size container - 1 household measuring CUPFUL weighs approximately 8 oz. or 1/2 lb.

**BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE**

**ALWAYS RELY ON YOUR TEST KIT TO CONTROL CHLORINE RESIDUAL!**

**DANGER!** Contact with organic materials may cause fire. Will burn with evolution of chlorine or equally toxic gases. May cause eye injury. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe dust.

This concentrated product is poisonous if ingested and will cause burns on wet skin or tissue. Store in cool, dry place.

**ANTIDOTE** - Call a physician immediately.  
Internally - Feed gruel or cooked cereal followed by olive oil or mineral oil.  
Externally on Eyes - Flood with cold water immediately.

Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and discard it.

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