

GOSSAMER[®]

FABRIC SOFTENER AND SANITIZER

Fabric treated as directed will develop residual bacteriostatic activity and residual self sanitizing activity against Gram positive (*S. aureus*) and Gram negative (*Klebsiella pneumoniae*) organisms under conditions of high relative humidity or wet contamination.

GOSSAMER inhibits the growth of ammonia producing bacteria (*B. ammoniagenes*) which act on urine in the diapers to produce ammonia.

GOSSAMER softens clothes, thus eliminating chafing, "Static Clings" out of nylons and other synthetics. Improves ironing time.

674

FABRIC SOFTENER CONCENTRATE, RESIDUAL BACTERIOSTAT AND RESIDUAL SELF-SANITIZER UNDER CONDITIONS OF HIGH RELATIVE HUMIDITY OR WET CONTAMINATION.

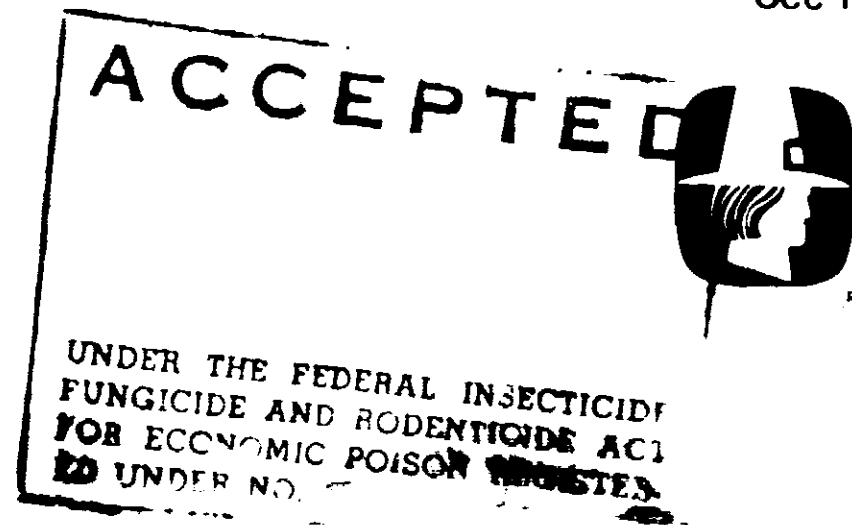
ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

n-Alkyl (60% C14, 30% C16, 5% C12, 5% C18) dimethyl benzyl ammonium chlorides	3.25%
n-Alkyl (68% C12, 32% C14) dimethyl ethylbenzyl ammonium chlorides	3.25%

INERT INGREDIENTS	93.5%
	100.0%

EPA Reg. No. 541 - 247

WARNING: Keep out of Reach of Children
See right side panel for first aid and precautionary statements.



QUALITY CONTROL NUMBER

NET CONTENTS

Manufactured by **PURITAN CHEMICAL CO.**—Atlanta, Ga. 30318
Baltimore - Cincinnati - Houston - Newark - St. Louis

USE DIRECTIONS

FOR COMMERCIAL LAUNDRIES: Use 5 ounces GOSSAMER per 100 pounds of laundry in RINSE CYCLE.

FOR HOME AND COIN OPERATED MACHINES: For home laundry or coin operated machine applications, including front loading, top loading automatic washers, and wringer type washers, use 1/2 ounce (one standard tablespoon) GOSSAMER per 10 pounds of dry laundry. Add GOSSAMER during the final rinse cycle.

WARNING: Keep out of Reach of Children. Causes eye and skin irritation. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contamination of food.

FIRST AID: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. For eyes, call a physician. Remove and wash all contaminated clothing before reuse. If swallowed, drink milk, egg whites, gelatin solution, or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Call a physician.

Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and discard it.