

THIS CARTON CONTAINS 20 PRE-MEASURED DOUBLE-DUTY ROSE FEEDINGS IN TWIN-PACK TEAR-TOP BOXES

71 - 985

DOUBLE DUTY ROSE CARE

6-10-4 with SYSTEMIC

Feeds Roses and Kills Bugs Named Below with Same Treatment



U. S. D. A. REGISTRATION
NO. 539-202



NET WEIGHT
5 POUNDS

Supplies food for roses
for 4 to 6 weeks and protects the
roses from attack by aphids, thrips,
red spider, lace bugs, leafhoppers, and
white flies for 4 to 6 weeks.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE SIDE
FOR CARE OF ROSES

Active Ingredients:	*U. S. Pat. No. 2,759,010	
O, O-Diethyl S-[2-(ethylthio) ethyl] phosphorodithioate*	1%	
Inert Ingredients	99%	
Guaranteed Analysis		
Total Nitrogen	6%	
Ammonical Nitrogen	6%	
Available Phosphoric Acid P ₂ O ₅	10%	
Water soluble Potash K ₂ O	4%	
Total Primary Plant Foods	20%	
Total Chlorides, not more than	1.9%	
Primary Plant Foods derived from: Ammonium Sulfate, Diammonium Phosphate, and Muriate of Potash. Acid Forming		

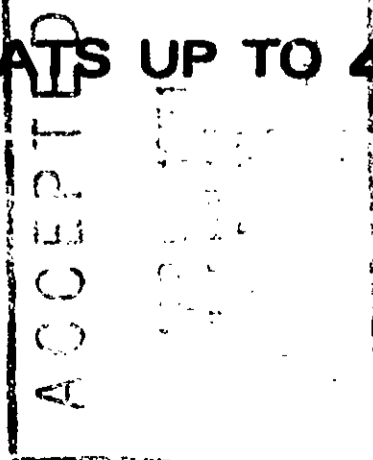
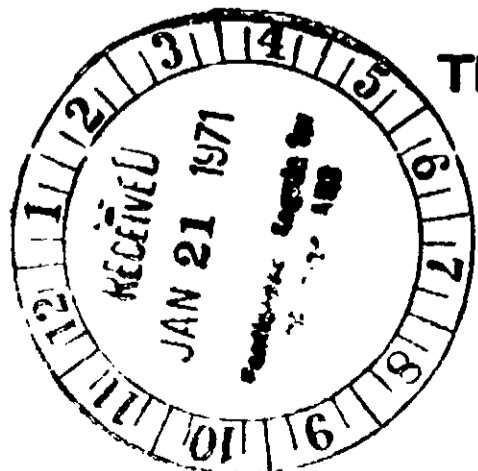
WARNING:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. SEE OTHER WARNINGS ON EACH PACKAGE INSIDE.

- Easy to apply — just sprinkle on soil under rose bush and water down to roots.
- Pre-measured for correct dosage.
- Will not affect beneficial insects.
- Insecticide cannot be washed away by watering or rain after it gets into plant.
- Acid forming for roses growing in neutral or alkaline soils.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO., Chicago, Illinois
Packaged at Wetmore & Bitters Road, San Antonio, Texas

THIS FIVE POUND CARTON TREATS UP TO 40 ROSE BUSHES



ROSE CARE WITH SYSTEMIC



TIPS ON ROSE CARE

For Strong, Vigorous Roses, and Large Beautiful Blooms

This is truly the determining factor in successful rose growing. Roses should be planted in a mixture of $\frac{1}{3}$ clay, $\frac{1}{3}$ sand or sandy loam, and $\frac{1}{3}$ organic matter (peat, leaf mold, compost, or well-rotted barnyard manure). This mixture should be twelve inches deep. If soil is predominately clay, the beds should be 6 to 12 inches above ground level for good drainage.

Roses do better in full sun, or at least a half-day of sun and good air circulation, but not exposed to high winds.

Plant bare-root roses in fall or spring. Plant canned roses any time of the year except winter.

6 to 8 feet for climbers

2½ to 3 feet for bush roses

1½ to 2 feet for polyantha or baby rambles

In the south, plant roses so that the crown is just above ground level. In the north, plant so that crown is about 2 inches below ground level. Use Sears Root Stimulator and Starter Solution to start roses growing.

After bare-rooted roses are planted, cut all canes back to 8 to 10 inches from ground level. In spring, as soon as all danger of frost is over, cut old rose canes back ten to 12 inches above ground level. Prune climbers in June only. Cut out all dead and weak canes on climbers, leaving 4 or 5 good canes.

Peat, cane pulp, pine needles, pine bark, or leaf mold four inches deep over the rose bed will keep out weeds, and grass, conserve moisture, protect roots from cold damage, and keep soil cooler in summer.

A special rose food such as Sears Rose Care with Systemic helps produce vigorous, strong flowering roses and protects the roses from insects also. Follow directions on the package.

The roots of roses must have a constant supply of water. Roses planted in the right kind of soil cannot be overwatered. The lack of water during summer months helps kill more roses than any other one thing. Unless there is an ample supply of rainfall, water the roses at least once a week and maybe twice a week during the hot, dry summer months. Soak the soil around roses 8 to 10 inches deep; and not the rose leaves.

Use Sears Rose Spray as directed for control of black-spot on leaves; mildew on leaves, twigs and buds; and for rust disease on leaves.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Each ½-pound box is divided into 2 parts and contains ¼ lb. Rose Care with Systemic in each compartment. There are 3 general classes of roses: bush roses, climbers, and small polyantha roses. Use ¼ lb. Rose Care for bush roses, ½ lb. for climbers, and 2 ozs. for small polyantha roses.

Treat in spring when new foliage appears and repeat at 4- to 6-week intervals during growing season.

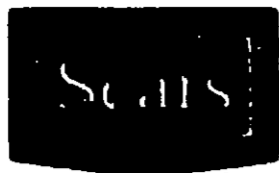
Water soil to a depth of 3 to 4 inches before applying Rose Care. Tear perforated tab open at top and side of box. Sprinkle this amount on soil under bush rose. Open other side of box to treat next bush rose. Use less for small polyantha roses, and more for climbing roses, as suggested above. After applying Rose Care with Systemic insecticide, water treated area thoroughly to get plant food with systemic down to rose roots. Do not apply this Rose Care with systemic insecticide to soil over root feeding areas of fruit trees or vegetables or any other food crops. Never feed roses just before frost. If Rose Care gets on leaves, wash it off to prevent burning.

WARNING: Poisoning may occur as a result of excessive exposure. May be fatal if swallowed. May be absorbed through skin. Do not breathe dust. Do not get on skin, in eyes, or on clothing.

Do not contaminate feed or foodstuffs. Keep out of reach of children. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep children and pets off treated areas until product is worked into the soil and treated areas have dried completely.

Antidote: atropine sulfate.

Conditions of use are beyond seller's control. Seller's liability is limited to product's replacement or purchase price refund. Seller makes no warranty, express or implied, concerning product's use beyond claims on carton.

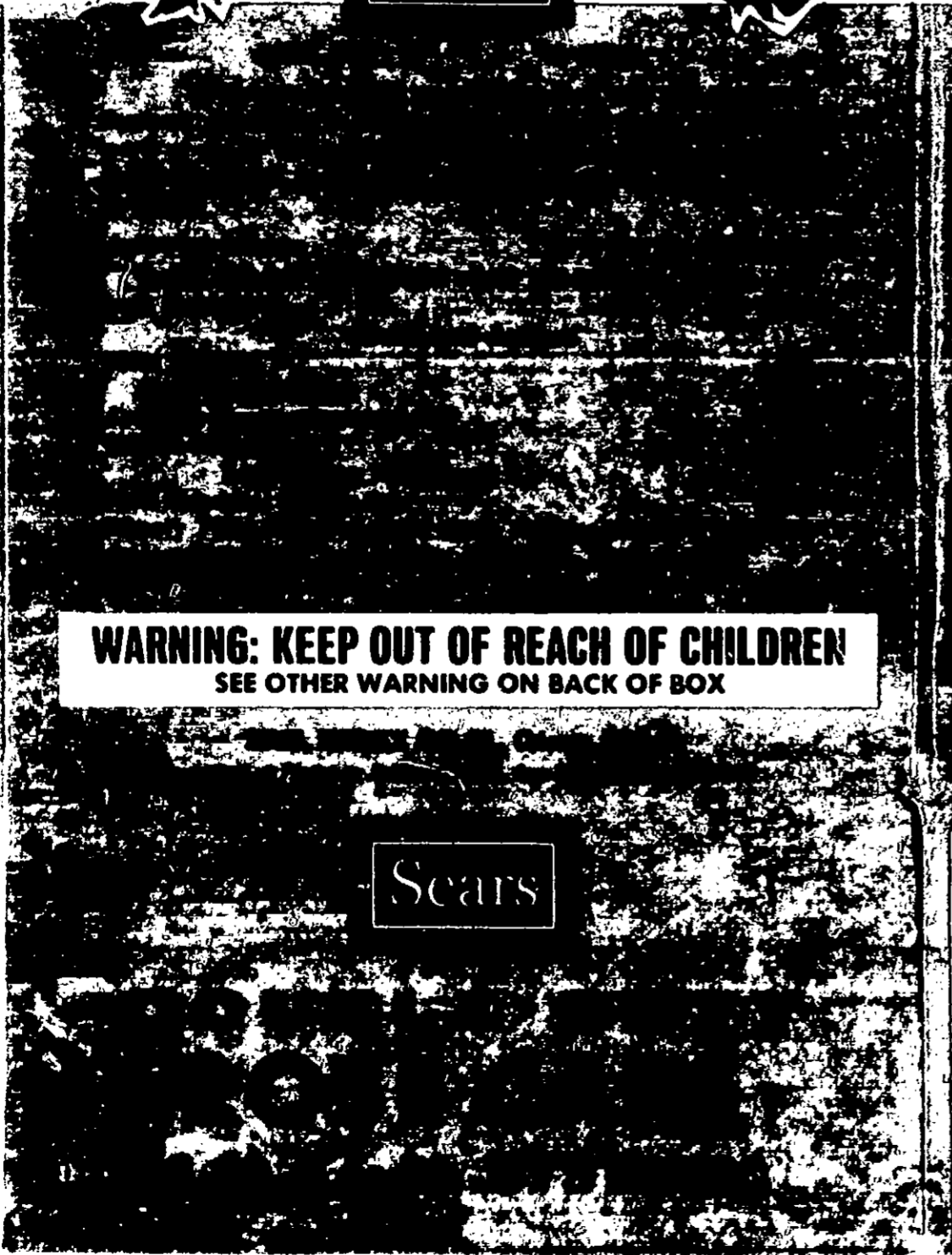


DOUBLE DUTY ROSE CARE

DOUBLE DUTY ROSE CARE

6-10-4 with SYSTEMIC

Feeds Roses and Kills Bugs Named Below with Same Treatment



WARNING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
SEE OTHER WARNING ON BACK OF BOX



NOV 10 1970

TO OPEN
PRESS
HERE

IMPORTANT
BE SURE TO
WATER ROSES
BEFORE AND
AFTER TREATMENT

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

1. Water roses thoroughly before and after treatment.
2. Apply to the leaves and stems of the roses.
3. Do not spray on roses that are in bloom.
4. Do not spray on roses that are stressed or have diseases.
5. Do not spray on roses that are in contact with other plants.
6. Do not spray on roses that are in contact with water.
7. Do not spray on roses that are in contact with children or pets.
8. Do not spray on roses that are in contact with food or drink.

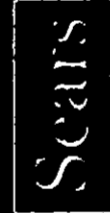
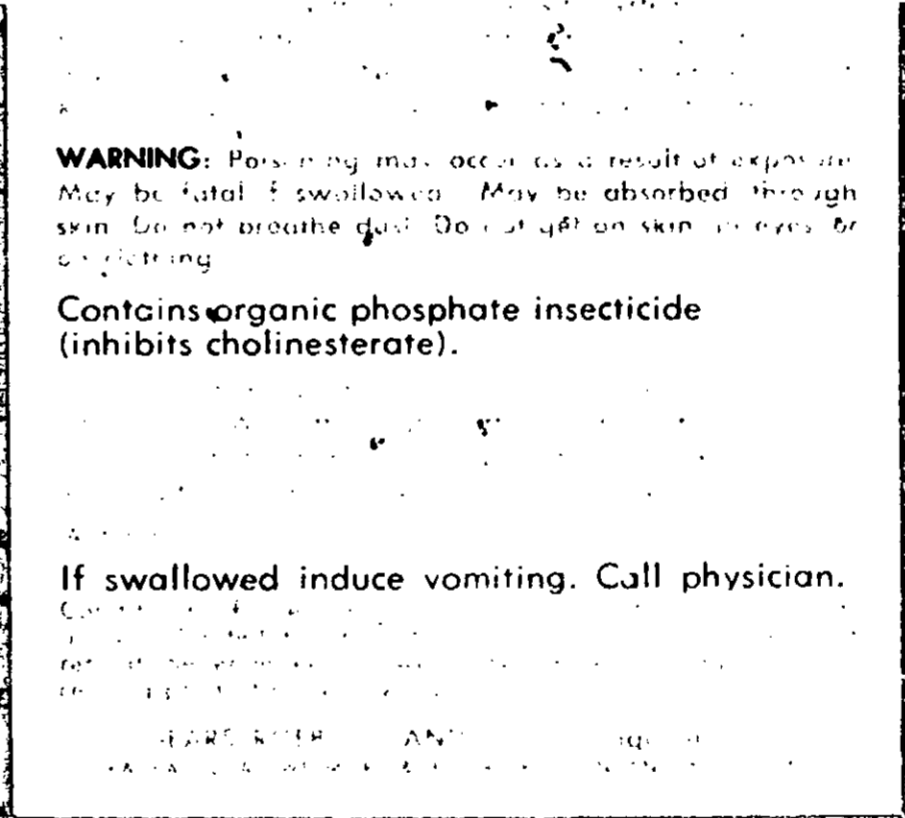
WARNING: Poisoning may occur as a result of exposure. May be fatal if swallowed. May be absorbed through skin. Do not breathe dust. Do not get on skin, in eyes, or in clothing.

Contains organic phosphate insecticide (inhibits cholinesterase).

If swallowed induce vomiting. Call physician.

TO OPEN
PRESS
HERE

IMPORTANT
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NOV 10 1970
534-202



DOUBLE DUTY

ROSE CARE

DOUBLE DUTY



DIRECTIONS FOR USE



Feeds Roses and Kills Bugs Named Below with Same Treatment



NET WT. 8 OZS.

Contains a systemic insecticide mixed with the rose food. Systemic insecticide is absorbed by roots and translocated to all parts of plant. This systemic insecticide kills aphids, and gallers, thrips, leaf hoppers, leaf miners, and white flies after it is absorbed by plant.

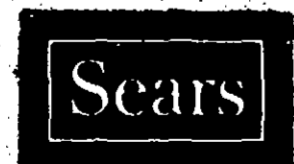
Active Ingredients: O, O-Diethyl S-[2-(alkylthio) ethyl] phosphorothioate* 1% Inert ingredients 99% *U. S. Pat. No. 2,739,010

Guaranteed Analysis	
Total Nitrogen	6%
Ammonical Nitrogen	6%
Available Phosphoric Acid P ₂ O ₅	10%
Soluble Potash K ₂ O	4%
Total Primary Plant Foods	20%
Total Chlorides, not less than	4.9%

Primary Plant Foods derived from: Ammonium Sulfate, Diammonium Phosphate, and Murates of Potash. Acid Forming

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SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO., Chicago, Illinois
Packaged at Webster & Bitters Seed, San Antonio, Texas 78204



DOUBLE DUTY
ROSE CARE
6-10-4 with SYSTEMIC

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WARNING

Contains a systemic insecticide which can be absorbed by the plant and translocated to all parts of the plant.

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ROSE CARE
6-10-4 with SYSTEMIC

