

SPA-56

CHLORINATING GRANULES

Active Ingredient:

Sodium Dichloro-s-triazinetri-
dihydrate 99%

Inert Ingredients: 1%

Available Chlorine 55%

Keep Out of Reach of Children

DANGER!

See First Aid Statement and Additional Precautions
on Side Panel.

Net Wt. 4 lbs (1.8 Kg)

EPA Registration No. 524-334

EPA Est. 524-1A1

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazard To Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: Highly corrosive. Causes skin and eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield, rubber gloves and use clean, dry utensils when handling. Irritating to nose and throat. Avoid breathing dust or fumes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID (PRACTICAL TREATMENT)

If swallowed: Feed large amounts of milk and/or water and induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

If on skin: Brush off excess chemical and flush skin with cold water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

If in eyes: Flush with cold water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air. Get immediate medical attention.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT Use only clean, dry utensils. Mix only with water. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Contamination with moisture, dirt, organic matter, or other chemicals (including pool chemicals) may start a chemical reaction with generation of heat, liberation of hazardous gases, and possible generation of fire and explosion. Avoid any contact with flammable or burning material, such as a lighted cigarette.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters unless in accordance with an NPDES Permit. For guidance contact the regional office of EPA.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Keep product dry in tightly closed container when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from heat or flame. Do not reuse empty container. Rinse empty container thoroughly with water to dissolve all material before discarding. Place in a trash collection or dispose in approved landfill area, or bury in a safe place. **IN CASE OF CONTAMINATION OR DECOMPOSITION**, do not reuse container. If possible isolate container in open air or well ventilated area. Flood with large volume of water, avoid breathing fumes. Dispose of contaminated material in an approved landfill or bury in a safe place.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA AND ALGAE (OUTDOORS) IN SPAS

1. Before bathing, test water pH, chlorine residual and alkalinity using a suitable test kit. Adjust residual to 3 ppm. After bathing superchlorinate to 6 ppm (1 level tablespoon per 500 gallons of water). Use a chlorine stabilizer, especially outdoors, to prolong chlorine residual. Maintain pH of water between 7.2 and 7.6 and total alkalinity between 125 and 175 ppm with the addition of sodium bicarbonate or diluted muriatic acid.
2. This product does not affect pH or alkalinity of water. One tenth oz. (1/2 tsp.) per 500 gal. of water gives 1 ppm and 1 level tbsp gives 6 ppm of chlorine. To use, broadcast granules into water with jets running. Bathing can start at once.
3. With 4 bathers in a 500 gal. spa, a 2 ppm chlorine residual can drop below the minimum 1 ppm in 15 to 20 minutes. Less water or more bathers will accelerate loss. Test often and keep chlorine residue above 1 ppm.
4. Weekly, superchlorinate water to 5 or 6 ppm (see 2 above). Do not bathe until chlorine drops to 3 ppm. Draining and cleaning of spa is recommended whenever the water becomes difficult to manage or chlorine stabilizer goes over 100 ppm, as measured with a suitable cyanuric acid test kit. Avoid use of products such as body lotions that consume chlorine.

In case of emergency involving this product, call collect day or night, (314) 694-1000.

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MONSANTO COMPANY, ST. LOUIS, MO 63166

