self-feeders, p

Inse

and mit

, do not dis-

turb the environment any more than necessary. Prebaiting practices can be followed if desired. Corn and oat grains may be used (unpoisoned) for several days, after which the poisoned bait should be exposed. The alteration of different forms of poison bait at a given time, or at different times, may improve the control achieved over rats and mice.

Place rounded teaspoon piles of bait at 8 to 10 foot intervals. Baits must be placed in locations not accessible to children, pets or domestic animais or in tamperproof bait boxes. Collect and destroy uneaten baits after completion of the control program.

Place bait in teaspoon quantities where rats or mice are known to feed, especially beneath cover along walls, in corners, under floors or behind boards, boxes, etc., leaned against the walls to make a runway, or around known active burrows or runs. Bait entire premises at one time. It is important that dead rodents be collected and destroyed each day. Repeat baiting as necessary.

POISON

POISON

WINRU ZINC PHOSPHIDE RODENT BAIT

Active ingredients:

Zine Phosphide Incr Ingredients

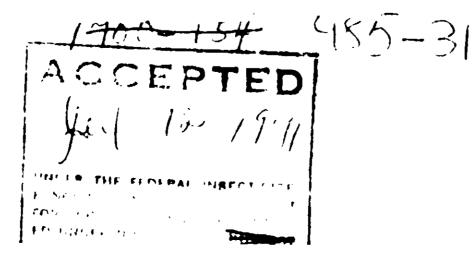
WARNING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHIL-DREN MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED.

- The bait should not be handled or touched by any part of the body of the operator. After distributing bait, wash hands and all utensils.
- Store poison in a safe place. Do not breathe dust or fumes. Do not contaminate feed and foodstuffs. AVOID CONTACT WITH BARE SKIN.

Zinc phosphide is highly toxic to all forms of animal life, and great care must be exercised in its use. This material should be used only in cases where children and irresponsible persons, pets and livestock are protected. See right panel for antidote.

> Manufactuled by WINRU CHEMICAL & SALES COMPANY 923 STATE LINE KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64101

> > NET CONTENTS 5 LBS.



******	2.0%
	98.0%
	100.0%

fould be placed DIN -m surface trails or at the in one teaspoon on mouth of holes leading to underground burrow systems. Cover bait by pulling overhanging grass back into place. Do not disturb the runway-system. Two to four bait spots should be made near the base of each infested tree. Baiting should be conducted at the rate of 2 to 3 pounds per acre.

mouse or

Zinc Phosphide rodent bait may also be broadcast by cyclone seeder or by hand. When applying by hand, throw tablespoon amounts into heavy cover along tree rows, rock outcrops, and fence lines. Apply at the rate cf 6 to 10 pounds per acre. Do not broadcast over growing crops. Do not allow bait to be exposed on bare ground.

Birds and other wildlife feeding in treated areas may be killed. Dispose of excess bait by burial. Use only as directed on this label. Containers should be disposed of by punching holes in them and burying with wastes. Not for use or storage in or around the home.

ANTIDOTE:

Call a physician at once. Cause vomiting by giving $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoonful of copper sulphate (bluestone or blue vitriol) in $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of miting does not occur in