CONTROLLING WEEDS MADE EASY

When to Treat:

- 1) SPRING. Weeds can accear and be treated anytime but it's best to treat lewn in spring when they are small and growing; this is when they are most vulnerable.
- 2) FALL. Many problem weeds germinate in the fall and a treatment then will eliminate many of next year's weeds. Treat Chickwood, Henbit, Wild Onion. 2 and Garlic in the fall or in the spring, as needed.
- 3) SEEDING. Real-Kill Broadlest Weed Killer can be sprayed immediately following seeding. This eliminates competition for the young grass resulting in a healthier, thicker lawn.
- 4) SPOT TREATMENT, For spot treatment of a controlled area use a small

4) SPOT THEATMENT, For spot treatment of a controlled area use a small pressure sprayer.

Weeds Controlled: Bedstram, Black Medic, Buckhorn, Burdock, 2006.

Chickweed, Chicory, Clover, Dandelion, Dock, Ground Ivy, Heel-All, Henbit, Chickweed, Chicory, Clover, Dendelion, Dock, Ground Ivy, Heel-All, Henbit. Knotweed, Lambequarters, Lespedeza, Mellow, Morringolory, Oxalis. Pepperorass, Pepperweed, Pigweed, Plantain, Poison Ivy, Poison Oak Pursiane, Regressi, Sheep Sorrel, Shepherd's Purse, Speedwell, Spurge, Wild Cerrot, Wild Garlic, Wild Lettuce, Wild Onion, Yarrow and other problem broadleaf weeds.

For Best Results:

- 1) Mow before treating weeds.
- 2) Do not water within 24 hours after treatment. Poor weed control may result if spray is applied during drought or just before rain.
- 3) Do not treat when air temperatures exceed 85°F, or damage to crass may OCCU.

Real-IGH Broadlesf Weed Killer controls more than 33 troublesome weeds including hard-to-kill woody weeds like poison by and poison oak in both Northern and Southern grasses. See specific directions for St. Augustine and other Southern grasses. This concentrated formula covers up to 16,000 square feet per quart.

Where to Use:

- 1) May be used on lewns, vacant lots, playgrounds and other similar areas where hard-to-kill weeds are present.
- 2) Especially effective on all types of hard-to-kill weeds such as Henbit. Chickwood, Knotwood, Spotted Spurge, Oxalis, Black Medic and Sheep Sorrel, in addition to these Broadleaf Weed Killer controls most other broadlesfed lawn weeds, including Dandelion and Plantzin; a partial list is
- 3) NOTE: Do not allow spray to get on vegetables or ornamental plants since injury may result. Clover present will be damaged if sprayed. Repeat if necessary for hard-to-kill weeds. Whether using a hose-end sprayer or pressure sprayer, evoid sprays which are too fine because they can drift and damage omemental or garden plants.

Directions for Use: It is a violation of Federal Law to use this project in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

How Much to Use: For the CHEMLAWN LIQUID APPLICATOR: Use 1 pint Broadleaf Wood Killer in 2-1/2 gallons of spray and cover 4/300 An. 1. Use at helf strength in Southern grasses, SPOT SPRAY: To soray small areas or individual week . do not use hose-end sprayers. Mix 1 oz. (2 thsp.) per 1. gallon of water i wassure sprayer and entray ne required being cortain to "wot" each wood. ENTIRE LAWN: HOSE-ETIO SPRAYER: Like & hose-end sprayer designed for lewns. Put recommended amount of weed killer (Column. 3-6)*k. bottle and add water to indicated livel (Column 1), and spray on nine indicated. For example: To spray 2500 sq. ft. measure 5, 6 1/3 or 10 ozs. (depending on type of lewn) in jer and add water to the 10 gallon level and mix. Turn on hose and spray as evenly as possible over 2500 sq. ft.



Treats Northern and Southern Grasses Bluegrass, Fescue, Zoysia, Bermuda, St. Augustine, Bentgrass, Centipede, Bahia, Rve

Kills 33+ Weeds

Dandelion, Chickweed, Wild Onion, Plantain, Poison Ivy and many others. See side panel,

ECONOMICAL CONCENTRATE • WATER-BASED 1 quart treats up to 15,000 square feet

Active Ingredients:

by AOAC Method 0104.

* Dimethylamine selt of 2.4-** Dimethylamine sall of 2-(2-methyl-4chlorophenoxy) propionic acid 3.68% *** Dimethylamine salt of Dicamba (3,6-Dichloro-o-anisic acid) 0.84% *0.543 lb. 2,4 Dichlorophenonyscetic acid equivalent per gallon or 8,30%. ** 0.28 lb. 2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 3.02%. 0.059 lb. 3,6-dichloro-o-eniaic acid equivalent per gallon or 0.69%, Isomer specific

Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION

See Back Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements

Net Contents: 32 fl.. oz. (1 Quart)_

PRESSURE SPRAYERS: Measure indicated amount of chemical into tank and dilute with water according to the following chart. Use a spray pattern which gives small sorray droplets without any fine mist and cover the area indicated.

Raise of LAWIN WEED KILLER for Various Lawin Grasses					
Gallons Water Spray		Area to	St. Augustine Behie	Bermuda	Bluegrass Feecus, Rys
Hose-End Sprayer	Pressure Screyer	Treet (sq. ft.)	Certipede (fl. cz.)	Berignass (fl. oz.)	Zoysia (fl. oz.)
1	1	250	1/2	2/3	1
4	, ,	1,000	2	2 2/3	4
10		2,500	5	6 1/3	10
20	1 1	5,000	10	13 1/3	20
32]]	8,000	16	21 1/3	32

1 ft. oz. = 2 tablescoons or 6 teascoons 8 ft az = 1 cup 2 ft. oz. = 4 teblespoors 16 ft. az. = 1 pint 4 ft oz = 1/2 ap 32 f. oz. = 1 quert

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in a cool, dry area away from heat or open fame. Do not reuse container. Plines thoroughly before discarding in trash. Securely wrap in several levers of newspaper and discard container in trash.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing value and some mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. When hance, u.e. a product, wear chemical resistant gloves, long parts, long-sleeved shirt and shoes. Wear goodles when applying this product. Wesh hands before eating or smoking and after each use. Do not reenter or permit others to rearter treated areas until sprays have dried or dusts have settled.

Statement of Practical Treatment

If Swellowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink 1 or 2 pleases of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If on Skin: Which contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. If in Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if intation persists. If Inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if indicated.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply under conditions involving possible spray contact or drift onto fond, forage, vegetables, ornemental plants or other desirable plantings that might be demaged or the crops rendered unit for sale, use or consumption. This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect fish, equatic invertebrates and nonterget plants. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swemps, bogs, marshes and potholes). Drift and runoff from treated sites may be hazardous to fish in adjacent waters. Do not contaminate water when discosing of equipment washwaters.

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

Manufactured in the U.S.A. for Region, Division of United Industries Corp. St. Louis, MO 63114-5642

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