

Specimen Label

161 10
464-563

REC'D
Dec 9, 1988
464-563

Curtail*

Herbicide

Curtail*

For Selective Control of Broadleaf Weeds in Wheat and Barley Not Underseeded With a Legume, Fallow Cropland And Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) Acres

Active Ingredient(s):

Clopyralid (3,6-Dichloro-2-pyridinecarboxylic acid) as alkanolamine salts (of the ethanol and isopropanol series)	6.2%
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid as alkanolamine salts (of the ethanol and isopropanol series)	31.5%

Inert Ingredients

Acid Equivalents:

3,6-Dichloro-2-pyridinecarboxylic acid 3.9% - 0.38 lb/gal
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid 20.8% - 2.0 lb/gal

E.P.A. Registration No. 464-563
E.P.A. Est. 464-MI-1

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

**DANGER
PELIGRO:**

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO:

Si usted no lee inglés, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUSES EYE DAMAGE AND SKIN IRRITATION • HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED

Do Not Get In Eyes, On Skin Or On Clothing
• Wear Goggles Or Face Shield When Handling • Wash Thoroughly With Soap And Water After Handling • Remove Contaminated Clothing And Wash Before Reuse

STATEMENTS OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT: If in eyes, flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. If on skin, wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately by giving two glasses of water and sticking finger down throat. Call a physician. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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Environmental Hazards

Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. Do not apply directly to any body of water or wetlands. See additional precautionary statements elsewhere on this label.

NOTICE

Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read "WARRANTY LIMITATIONS AND DISCLAIMER" elsev here on this label. If terms are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to seller for full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under "WARRANTY LIMITATIONS AND DISCLAIMER."

IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY:

Endangering life or property involving this product, call collect 517-636-4400
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL
Do Not Ship or Store with Food, Feeds, Drugs, or Clothing

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

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CURTAL Herbicide is recommended for selective control of the following broadleaf weeds in wheat and barley not underseeded with a legume, fallow cropland and Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres.

Buckwheat, wild	Mustard, Jc Hill
Burdock (seedlings)	Nightshade
Charlock, scarlet (fall)	Pennycress, wild (fall rosettes and spring seedlings)
Clover, sweet	Plantain
Cornflower	Ranish, wild
Cocklebur	Ragweed
Dandelion	Shepherd's purse (fall rosettes and spring seedlings)
Flixweed (fall rosettes and spring seedlings)	Smartweed
Goat's beard (seedlings)	Sonchistle, annual
Groundsel, common	†Sowthistle, perennial
Hawk's beard, narrow-leaf	Sunflower, annual
†Kochia (2-4 leaf)	Thistle, Canada (rosette & pre-bud)
Lambquarters	Thistle, Russian (2-3 leaf)
Lettuce, prickly	Vetch, common
Mayweed (dog-onnel)	
Mustard, wild	
Mustard, tansy (fall rosettes and spring seedlings)	

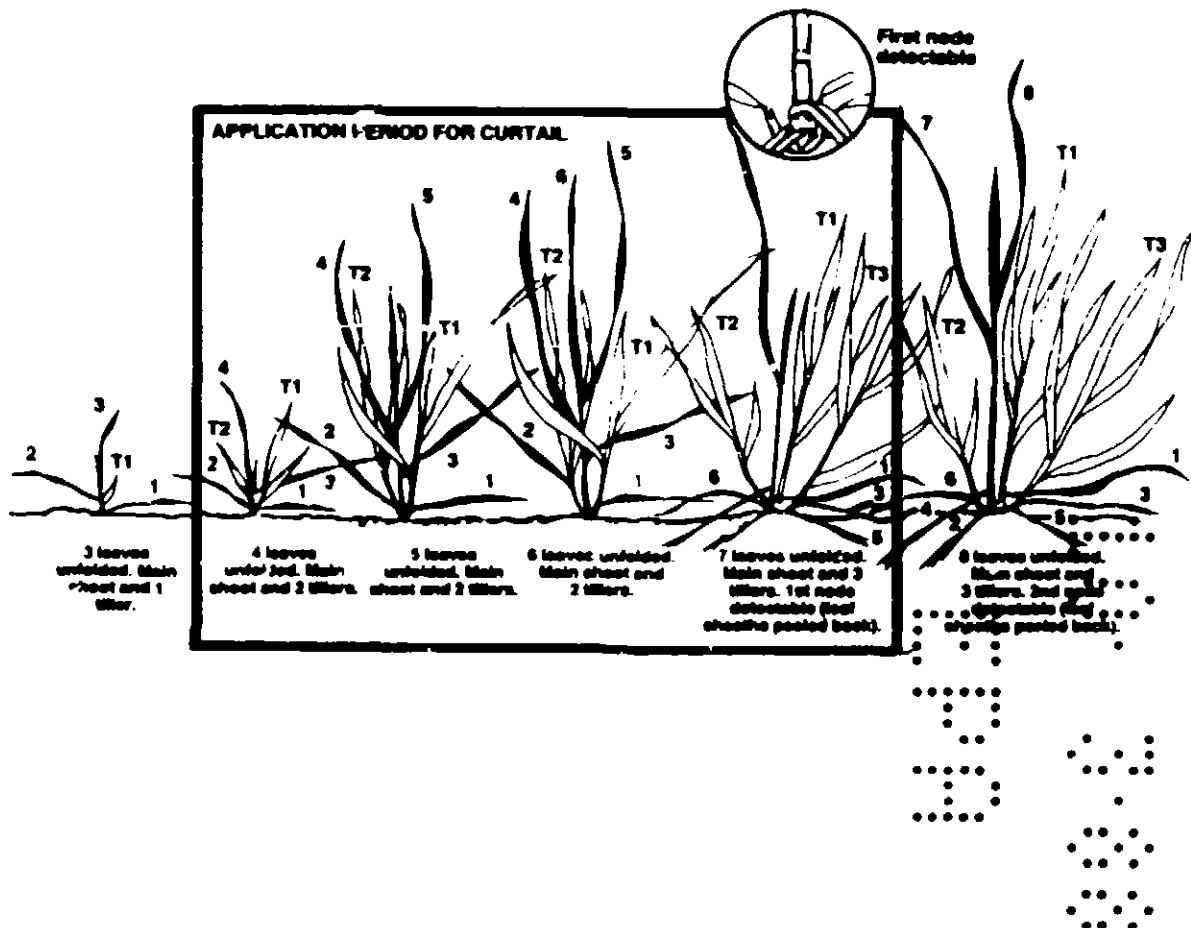
†Suppression only

For aerial or ground treatment, use enough total spray volume to provide adequate spray coverage. Apply 2 or more gallons per acre by air and 5 or more gallons per acre by ground. Spray pressure should not exceed 30 psi. Use a coarse spray to minimize spray drift. Do not apply where spray drift may be a problem due to proximity of susceptible crops or other desirable plants.

Apply during calm weather when weeds are young and growing actively. Application should be delayed until maximum emergence of the target weeds but before the weeds exceed 6 inches in height. Best results should be obtained when soil moisture is adequate for plant growth. **NOTE:** Do not permit dairy animals or meat animals being finished for slaughter to forage or graze treated grain fields within 1 week after treatment. Do not harvest hay from treated grain fields.

Fallow Cropland: Apply 2 to 4 pints of CURTAL Herbicide per acre when weeds are up to 3 inches tall. To improve the control of certain broadleaf weeds, such as Russian thistle and Kochia, when weeds are 3 to 6 inches tall or under dry conditions, up to 1.5 lb ae additional 2,4-D may be added.

Wheat and Barley: Apply 2 pints of CURTAL Herbicide per acre after the crop begins tillering and before the boot stage (usually 7 to 8 inches tall and up to early jointing stage, 1st node detectable). Do not apply from boot stage if tough the milk stage. For larger weeds or under dry conditions, add up to 0.5 lb ae 2,4-D. Do not use higher rates of 2,4-D unless possible crop injury will be acceptable.



Tank Mixtures for Wheat and Barley

This product may be tank mixed with the following herbicides for control of additional weeds in wheat and barley. Read and follow the label of each tank-mix product used for precautionary statements, directions for use, weeds controlled and geographic and other restrictions. When tank mixing, use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosages should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

Active Ingredient Product Name	Amount of Product per Acre
bromoxynil BROMNAL or BUXTRIL MEABROMNAL	2 lb/gal 3-1 pt
chlorosulfuron GLEAN 75% DF	4 lb/gal 3-1/2 pt
dicamba BANVEL	4 lb/gal 1-1/4 pt
diflufenzoquat AVENGE	2 lb/gal 2.5-4 pts
terbutryn IGRAN 80% WP	4 lb/gal 7.5-12.5 wt oz
metribuzin SENCOR 75 DF or LEXONE DF	4 lb/gal 3.5-4 wt oz
LEXONE 4L or SENCOR 4 LEXONE 50 WP	4 lb/gal 3.75-6 wt oz
diuron DIUREX 4L or DIURON 4L	4 lb/gal 1/4 to 1 1/4 pt

Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) For Seeding To Permanent Grasses Only

Do not use CURTAIL Herbicide if legumes or bentgrass are a desired cover during CRP.

Grass grown on CRP acres cannot be grazed or used for hay.

Conditions that stress grasses, such as drought, will increase potential for injury to the grass at all stages of growth. Do not use in newly seeded areas until grass is established.

After CRP, do not plant broadleaf crops in treated areas until an adequately sensitive bioassay shows that no detectable clopyralid is present in the soil.

Broadleaf Applications (Aerial and Ground): Applications of CURTAIL Herbicide should be made when perennial grasses have become established (the plants developed a good secondary root system and show good vigor) since most perennial grasses have shown better tolerance to the herbicide at this stage.

For control of actively growing weeds such as musk thistle (after the rosette stage), Canada thistle and knapweed (spotted, diffuse and Russian), use 2 1/4 to 5 quarts per acre of CURTAIL Herbicide after the grass is well established. For the control of wild buckwheat, yellow flower sunflower and musk thistle rosettes, apply 3 pints to 2 1/2 quarts of CURTAIL Herbicide. For best results, use in 2 or more gallons of water per acre by air or in 5 or more gallons of water per acre by ground. Increasing the rate of application can increase the risk of injury. Application prior to the flowering stage is recommended (still in the bud stage).

USE PRECAUTIONS

Apply only once per 12 month period

Do not apply CURTAIL Herbicide directly to sensitive spray drift to sensitive crops such as vegetables, flowers, grapes, tomatoes, potatoes, beans or other desirable broadleaf crops and ornamental plants.

Do not contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

Do not plant or rotate to any crop for one year after treatment, except for wheat, barley, oats or grasses. Where top soil remains, soil or dry for extended periods of time following application, small areas of sensitive crops should be planted prior to planting more extensive areas of corn, peas, cotton, potatoes, alfalfa, cauliflower or soybeans in order to determine if phytotoxic residues are present in the soil at a level that may affect these sensitive crops.

Avoid Spray Drift: Applications should be made to avoid spray drift since very small quantities of the spray, which may not be visible, may severely injure susceptible crops during both growing and dormant periods. Use coarse sprays to minimize drift since, under adverse weather conditions, fine spray droplets may drift a mile or more. The spray drifting agent NALCO-TROL may be used with this product to aid in reducing spray drift. If used, follow all use recommendations and precautions on the product label.

Ground Application: With ground equipment, spray drift can be lessened by keeping the spray boom as low as possible; by applying no more than 20 gallons of spray per acre; by using no more than 30 pounds spraying pressure with large droplet-producing nozzle tips; by spraying when wind velocity is low; and by stopping all spraying when wind exceeds 6 to 7 miles per hour. Do not apply with hollow cone-type insecticide or other nozzles that produce a fine-droplet spray.

Aerial Application: With aircraft, drift can be lessened by applying a coarse spray; by using no more than 30 pounds spray pressure at the nozzles; by using straight-stream nozzles directed straight back; by using a spray boom no longer than 3/4 the wing span of the aircraft; and by spraying only when wind velocity is less than 6 mph.

Do Not Apply By Aircraft When An Air Temperature Inversion Exists. Such a condition is characterized by little or no wind and with lower air temperature near the ground than at higher levels. The use of a smoke device on the aircraft or continuous smoke column at or near site of application will indicate air direction and velocity, and whether a temperature inversion is present, which is shown by layering of the smoke.

Violent windstorms may move soil particles. If this product is on soil particles and they are blown onto susceptible plants, visible symptoms may appear. Serious injury is unlikely. The hazard of movement of this product on dust is reduced if treated fields are irrigated or if rain occurs shortly after application.

Do not use in a greenhouse. Excessive amounts of this herbicide in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination or plant growth.

Do not contaminate water bodies by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

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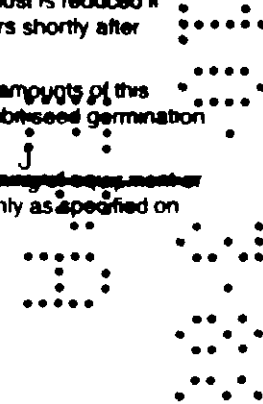
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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Environmental Hazards

Clopyralid is a chemical which can travel (seep or leach) through soil and under certain conditions contaminate groundwater which may be used for irrigation or drinking purposes. Users are advised not to apply clopyralid where soils have a rapid to very rapid permeability throughout the profile (such as loamy sand to sand) and the water table of an underlying aquifer is shallow, or to soils containing sinkholes over limestone bedrock, severely fractured surfaces, and substrates which would allow direct introduction into an aquifer. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of groundwater.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store above 10°F or warm and agitate before use

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: Metal Do not reuse container. Triple rinse (or equivalent). Puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Container Disposal: Plastic Do not reuse container. Triple rinse (or equivalent). Puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke

WARRANTY LIMITATIONS AND DISCLAIMER

The Dow Chemical Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions therein under normal conditions of use. THIS IS THE ONLY WARRANTY MADE ON THIS PRODUCT. NO OTHER EXPRESS AND NO IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS MADE OUTSIDE OF THIS LABEL. Therefore, neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), under abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes, etc.) or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of seller.

When buyer or user suffers losses or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), buyer or user must promptly notify in writing The Dow Chemical Company of any claims to be eligible to receive either remedy given below. The EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER OR USER and the LIMIT OF LIABILITY of The Dow Chemical Company or any other seller will be one of the following, at the election of The Dow Chemical Company:

- (1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- (2) Replacement of amount of product used.

The seller will not be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of this Warranty Limitations And Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. Any employee or sales agent of the seller is not authorized to vary or exceed the terms of this Warranty Limitations And Disclaimer in any manner.

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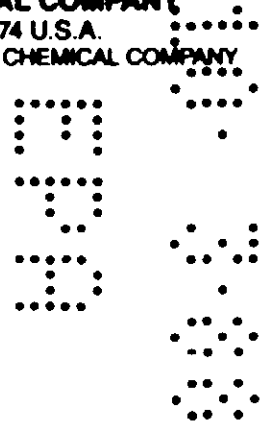
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THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

Midland, Michigan 48674 U.S.A.

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CURTAIL Herbicide is recommended for selective, postemergence control of the following broadleaf weeds in wheat and barley not underseeded with a legume, fallow cropland (including summer fallow, post-harvest, and set-aside acres) and land in the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP).

alfalfa	nightshade, cutleaf
artichoke, Jerusalem	nightshade, hairy
buckwheat, wild	pennycress, field (fanweed)
burdock, common	pigweed, redroot
chamomile, false (scentless)	pineappleweed
chamomile, mayweed (dogfennel)	plantain
clover, sweet	radish, wild
clover, red	ragweed, common
cocklebur, common	ragweed, giant
coffeeweed	salsify, meadow (goatsbeard)
cornflower (bachelor button)	snepherdspurse
dandelion	sicklepod
dock, curly	smartweed, Pennsylvania
# flixweed	sorrel, red
groundbel, common	sowthistle, annual
hawksbeard, narrowleaf	# sowthistle, perennial
horseweed	starthistle, yellow
jimsonweed	sunflower, common
knapweed, diffuse	# tansymustard, pinnate
# knapweed, Russian	thistle, Canada
knapweed, spotted	thistle, musk
# kochia (2-4 leaf)	thistle, Russian (1-3 leaf)
ladysthumb	velvetleaf
lambsquarters, common	vetch
lettuce, prickly	volunteer beans
mustard, tumble (Jim Hill)	volunteer lentils
mustard, wild	volunteer peas

These weeds may only be suppressed. Suppression is a visual reduction in weed competition (reduced population or vigor) as compared to untreated areas. The degree of weed control and duration of effect will vary with weed size and density, spray rate and coverage, and growing conditions before, during and after the time of treatment. For perennial weeds, CURTAIL Herbicide will control the initial topgrowth and inhibit regrowth during the season of application (season-long control). At the higher use rates shown on this label, CURTAIL Herbicide may cause a reduction in shoot regrowth in the season following application, however, plant response may be inconsistent due to inherent variability in shoot regrowth from perennial root systems: ..

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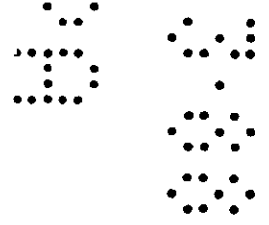
Timing: Apply to actively growing weeds. Extreme growing conditions such as drought or near freezing temperatures prior to, at and following time of application may reduce weed control and increase the risk of crop injury at all stages of growth. Only weeds which are emerged at the time of application will be affected. Wet foliage at the time of application may decrease control. The CURTAIL Herbicide treatment will be rainfast within 6-8 hours after application.

Rate: Generally, lower labeled application rates will be satisfactory for young, succulent growth of sensitive weed species. For less sensitive species, perennials and under conditions where control is more difficult (plant stress conditions such as drought or extreme temperatures, dense weed stands and/or larger weeds) the higher rates will be needed. Weeds in fallow or other areas where crop competition is not a factor will generally require higher rates to obtain control or suppression.

Coverage: Adequate spray coverage and drift control are important. Obtaining a balance between spray coverage and drift control may sometimes be difficult, but can be achieved, provided the applicator understands the factors affecting coverage and drift. Factors affecting spray coverage include spray volume, crop canopy and weed density. As crop canopy and weed density increase, spray volume should be increased to obtain equivalent weed control. Refer to manufacturer's recommendations for information on the relationship between gallons per acre, spray pressure, sprayer speed, nozzle type and arrangement, nozzle height above the target canopy, droplet size and drift potential for respective application equipment. Do not apply less than 2 and not more than 40 gallons per acre total spray volume. For best results, apply 5 or more gallons per acre by air and 10 or more gallons per acre by ground. Reducing total spray volume may result in decreased coverage and weed control. Use enough total spray volume and a delivery system to provide thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern. Do not apply where spray drift may be a problem due to proximity of susceptible crops or other desirable plants.

Use of Surfactants

Addition of wetting and/or penetration agents is not usually necessary when using CURTAIL Herbicide, however, if a surfactant will be added to the spray solution, use a nonionic surfactant approved for use on growing crops, such as X-77, of at least 80% active ingredient and do not exceed 4 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution (0.5% v/v). Adding a surfactant to the spray mixture may increase effectiveness on weeds, but may reduce selectivity to the crop, particularly under conditions which promote plant stress.



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Use With Sprayable Liquid Fertilizer Solutions

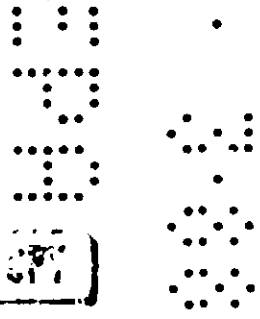
CURTAIL Herbicide is compatible with most non-pressurized liquid fertilizer solutions, however, if these solutions are to be sprayed with CURTAIL Herbicide, a compatibility test (jar test) should be made prior to mixing. Jar tests are particularly important when a new batch of fertilizer or pesticide is used, when water source changes, or when tank mixture ingredients or concentrations are changed. A compatibility test is performed by pouring the spray components in the desired order and proportions into a clear glass jar before mixing in the spray tank. Use of a compatibility aid such as UNITE or COMPEX may help obtain and maintain a uniform spray solution during mixing and application. Agitation in the spray tank must be vigorous to compare with jar test agitation. For best results, liquid fertilizer rates should not exceed 50% of the total spray volume. Premix CURTAIL Herbicide with water and add to the liquid fertilizer/water mixture while agitating contents of the spray tank. Apply the spray the same day it is prepared while maintaining continuous agitation. NOTE: Foliar-applied liquid fertilizers can cause yellowing or leaf burn of crop foliage.

WHEAT AND BARLEY

Timing: Apply CURTAIL Herbicide in the spring to actively growing wheat or barley once 4 leaves have unfolded on the main stem and tillering has begun up to the jointing stage (first node of main stem detectable). To control or suppress weeds listed above, make application after maximum emergence of the target weeds but before they exceed 3 inches in height or diameter (for rosettes). To obtain season-long control of perennial weeds such as Canada thistle, apply after the majority of the weed's basal leaves have emerged from the soil, but before bud stage. A later timing of application (when the grain is between the jointing and boot stages) may be used to treat later-emerging weeds, however, this may increase the risk of crop injury. Do not apply after the boot stage. **Note:** Do not permit dairy animals or meat animals being finished for slaughter to forage or graze treated grain fields within 1 week after treatment. Do not harvest hay from treated grain fields.

Rate: Apply 2 to 2-2/3 pints of CURTAIL Herbicide per acre. The higher rate may be used when the condition of the weeds and/or crop at the time of treatment may prevent optimum control. **Note: Higher rates of... CURTAIL Herbicide or CURTAIL Herbicide applications following spring postemergence treatments with 2,4-D or MCPA may increase the risk of crop injury.**

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Active Ingredient	Product	Formulation	Amount of Product Per Acre
bromoxynil !	Buctril	2 lb/gal	3/4 to 1 pt
	Buctril 4EC	4 lb/gal	3/8 to 1/2 pt
	Buctril ME4		
chlorsulfuron	Glean	75ZDF	1/6 to 1/4 wt oz
	dicamba # !	Banvel	4 lb/gal
difenzoquat	Avenge	2 lb/gal	2-1/2 to 4 pt
diuron	Direx 4L	4 lb/gal	1 to 1-1/2 pt
	Diuron 4L		
	Diuron 80 WDG	80Z DF	1/2 to 1 lb
	Diuron DF	80Z WP	
MCPA or 2,4-D #		4 lb/gal	up to 1/2 pt
metribuzin	Lexone DF	75Z DF	2-1/2 to 4 wt oz
	Sencor DF		
metsulfuron methyl	Ally	60Z DF	1/10 wt oz
terbutryn	Igran 80 WP	80Z WP	6 to 10 wt oz
thiameturon	Harmony	75Z DF	1/3 to 1/2 wt oz

Note: Do not tank mix CURTAIL Herbicide with 2,4-D or dicamba unless the risk of crop injury is acceptable.

! = Buctril or Banvel tank mixes with CURTAIL Herbicide may be useful in broadening the annual weed control spectrum, but may reduce control of perennials, such as Canada thistle.

FALLOW CROPLAND

Timing: CURTAIL Herbicide can be applied either postharvest, in the spring/summer (during fallow period) or to set-aside acres to control or suppress weeds listed above (refer to rotation restrictions). Apply to young, emerged weeds under conditions that promote active growth. For best results on tough perennial weeds such as Canada Thistle, apply after the majority of the basal leaves have emerged, but before bud stage. Later applications may result in less consistent control. Extreme growing conditions (such as drought or near freezing temperatures) prior to, at, and following the time of application may reduce weed control.

For best results, wait 14 to 20 days after application before cultivating or fertilizing with shank-type applicators to allow for thorough translocation. To avoid potential phytotoxicity, allow at least 20 days after application before seeding to wheat, barley or grasses.

Rate: Apply 2 to 4 pints of CURTAIL Herbicide per acre. Use the higher rate on perennial weeds or when the condition of the weeds at the time of treatment may prevent optimum control.

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Tank Mixtures for Fallow Cropland: To improve control of certain broadleaf weeds, CURTAIL Herbicide at 2 pints per acre may be applied with up to 1.5 lb ae per acre additional 2,4-D or MCPA. When mixing, read and follow the label of each tank-mix product used for precautionary statements, directions for use, weeds controlled and geographic and other restrictions. When tank mixing, use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label doses should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED

Rates: Use 2 to 4 pints of CURTAIL Herbicide per acre for control of annual weeds and Canada thistle. The potential for crop injury exists due to the 2,4-D component of this product and must be balanced against the benefits of improved weed control.

Timing: Apply only to established grasses before the boot stage. Applications in the boot stage and beyond will result in increased injury. Do not apply to bentgrass unless injury can be tolerated.

Note: Do not graze (dairy) cattle in treated areas for 14 days after application. Remove meat animals from freshly treated areas for 7 days before slaughter. Withdrawal is not needed if 2 weeks or more have elapsed since application. Do not cut treated grass for hay within 30 days after application.

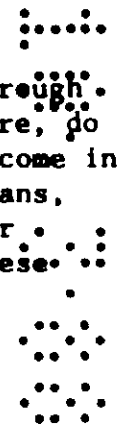
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Timing: CURTAIL Herbicide can be applied when perennial grasses have become established (tillering, with at least 1.5 inches secondary roots, and good vigor). For control of weeds such as musk thistle (after rosette stage), Canada thistle and knapweed (diffuse, spotted and Russian) apply to actively growing weeds after the majority of the basal leaves have emerged, but before bud stage. Later applications may result in less consistent control.

Rate: Apply 2 to 5 quarts of CURTAIL Herbicide per acre.

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This product can affect susceptible broadleaf plants directly through foliage and indirectly by root uptake from treated soil, therefore, do not apply CURTAIL Herbicide directly to or allow spray drift to come in contact with vegetables, flowers, grapes, tomatoes, potatoes, beans, lentils, peas, alfalfa, sunflowers, soybeans, safflower, or other desirable broadleaf crops and ornamental plants or soil where these sensitive crops will be planted the same season.



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or sugar beets. To avoid potential phytotoxicity, do not plant peas, lentils, beans (except soybeans) or broadleaf seed crops for 18 months after treatment unless the risk of injury is acceptable.

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Fine droplets can present a drift hazard. A drift control or deposition agent such as

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To minimize spray drift, apply CURTAIL Herbicide in a total spray volume of 10 or more gallons per acre as a large-droplet, low pressure spray. Refer to manufacture's recommendations for additional information on gallons per acre, spray pressure, sprayer speed, nozzle types and arrangements, nozzle heights above the target canopy, etc. for respective application equipment. Spot treatments should only be applied with a calibrated boom to prevent misapplication.

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Do not move treated soil and avoid situations where treated soil particles may blow into areas where susceptible crops are grown.

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Straw from treated areas, or manure from animals which have grazed treated areas, cannot be used for composting or mulching on ground where susceptible crops may be grown the following season. To promote herbicide decomposition, plant material should be evenly incorporated or burned.

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when disposing of equipment washwaters.

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Do not transfer livestock from treated grazing areas onto sensitive broadleaf crop areas without first allowing 7 days of grazing on an untreated pasture. Otherwise, urine may contain enough clopyralid to cause injury to sensitive broadleaf plants.

