

Best copy available

462-65

07/20/1967

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WIL-KIL READY-TO-USE RAT AND MOUSE BAIT

- CAUTION -

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

This rodenticide contains an anticoagulant chemical as its active ingredient, therefore must be placed where children, poultry, livestock or pets cannot reach it. In the event it is eaten, call a physician immediately. In the meantime, give a teaspoon of salt in glass of warm water to induce vomiting and repeat until vomit fluid is clear.

NOTE FOR PHYSICIANS: When a human has been known to have accidentally ingested this bait containing Diphacinone, 2-Diphenylacetyl-1, 3-indandione, blood transfusions combined with intravenous injections and oral doses of Vitamin K-1 are indicated as in the case of hemorrhage caused by overdose of Bihydroxycoumarin.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

(DIPHACINE) Diphacinone, 2-Diphenylacetyl-1, 3-indandione	00.005%
INERT INGREDIENTS	99.995%
Total	100.000%

DIRECTIONS

Place baits in locations where rats and mice feed, water or travel. Bait placements along walls, in corners, and in concealed locations where rats and mice can feed unobserved are desirable. Contaminated or spoiled baits should be replaced promptly. Baiting should continue until all signs of feeding have stopped.

Where a continuous source of infestation is present (near dumps, etc.) permanent bait stations should be established and replenished as needed. Bait station should be made of sturdy material so that they will not easily be crushed or turned over. It is always desirable to use bait stations to protect bait from pets, children or contamination from dust, rain, etc.

DIRECTIONS FOR RAT CONTROL

- (a) Four ounces of bait per station should be the minimum amount used.
- (b) Bait should be placed in locations not accessible to children, pets, and domestic animals, or in tamper-proof bait boxes.
- (c) An uninterrupted supply of bait should be maintained for at least 10 days.

DIRECTIONS FOR MOUSE CONTROL

- (a) Tablespoon amounts (1/4 to 1/2 ounce) of bait should be placed at 8 - 12 foot intervals.
- (b) Bait should be placed in locations not accessible to children, pets, and domestic animals, or in tamper-proof bait boxes.
- (c) An uninterrupted supply of bait should be maintained for at least 15 days.



U.S.D.A. Registration
No. 462-65

MILWAUKEE
522 W. North Ave.
264-3430

MADISON
2040 E. Washington
249-6664

Net weight.....

APPLETON
116 E. Wisconsin
733-3582

RACINE
1411 Washington
232-2083

WIL-KIL PEST CONTROL COMPANY

ACCEPTED 90
 July 20, 1967
 #462-65

ACCEPTED

JUL 20 1967

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED UNDER NO. 462-25 SUBJECT TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

WIL-KIL

READY-TO-USE

Rat & Mouse Bait

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

This rodenticide contains an anticoagulant chemical as its active ingredient, therefore, it must be placed where children, livestock, poultry or pets cannot reach it. In the event of poisoning, call a physician immediately. In the meantime, give a teaspoon of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit fluid is clear.

NOTE FOR PHYSICIANS: When a human has been known to have ingested this bait, containing Diphacinone-2-Diphenylacetyl-1, 3-indandione, blood transfusions combined with intravenous injections and oral doses of Vitamin K1 are indicated as in the case of hemorrhage caused by overdose of Dihydroxycoumarin.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Diphacinone	Diphacinone-2-Diphenylacetyl-1	00.005%
3-Indandione		00.005%
INERT INGREDIENTS		99.995%
TOTAL		100.000%

PUNCH HOLE WITH PENCIL THROUGH FRONT SIDE ONLY



MILWAUKEE 522 W. North Ave. 264-3430	MADISON 2040 E. Washington 249-6664
APPLETON 110 E. Wisconsin Ave. 733-3582	RACINE 1411 Washington 633-2883

WIL-KIL PEST CONTROL COMPANY

91

WIL-KIL

READY-TO-USE

Rat & Mouse Bait

DIRECTIONS

Place this bag in a dry spot where rats or mice feed, water or travel. This package contains only enough poison to control one or two rats, or several mice.

Punch hole with a pencil or similar object approximately 1/2 inch, to hasten feeding. Bait placements along walls, in corners, and in concealed locations where rats and mice can feed unobserved are desirable. Contaminated or spoiled baits should be replaced promptly. Baiting should continue until all signs of feeding have stopped.

Where a continuous source of infestation is present (near dumps, etc.) permanent bait stations should be established and replenished as needed. Bait station should be made of sturdy material so that they will not easily be crushed or turned over. It is always desirable to use bait stations to protect bait from pets, children or contamination from dust, rain, etc.

DIRECTION FOR RAT CONTROL

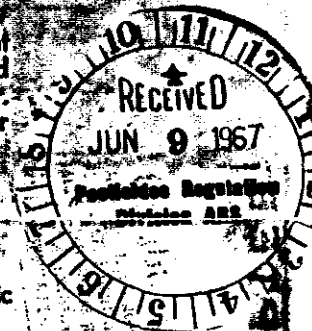
- a) Four ounces of bait per station should be the minimum amount used.
- b) Bait should be placed in locations not accessible to children, pets, and domestic animals, or in tamper-proof bait boxes.
- c) An uninterrupted supply of bait should be maintained for at least 10 days.

DIRECTION FOR MOUSE CONTROL

- a) Tablespoon amounts (1/4 to 1/2 ounce) of bait should be placed at 8-12 foot intervals.
- b) Bait should be placed in locations not accessible to children, pets and domestic animals, or in tamper-proof bait boxes.
- c) An uninterrupted supply of bait should be maintained for at least 15 days.

U. S. DA Registration No. 426-65

NET CONTENTS 5 OZ.



ACCEPTED

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