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Sure Death Brand

# FERBAM 76

FUNGICIDE FOR CONTROL OF CERTAIN PLANT DISEASES

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		
Ferbam (ferric dimethyl dithiocarbamate)	76%	
INERT INGREDIENTS:	24%	
TOTAL	100%	

## CAUTION KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY LABELING

CAUTION: May Cause Irritation of Nose, Throat, and Skin!  
Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Keep away from fire and sparks. In case of contact, flush with plenty of water for eyes. Get medical attention.

DESTROY EMPTY CONTAINERS. BURY OR BURN. KEEP OUT OF SMOKE.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

This product will kill fish. Keep out of any body of water. Ferbam may be washed into the spray tank through a deep screen or made into a thick paste by adding a little water, and diluting this and pouring into the spray tank while filling with agitator running. A commercial spreader or sticker may be added at this point in order to secure a better coverage.

### FOR APPLES, PLUMS, PEACHES, AND PEAR:

Apple Scab--Use 1 to 1-1/2 pounds as a spray or if used in conjunction with wettable sulfur, reduce amount to 1/2 pound in 100 gallons of water (sulfur usually 1-4 pounds). Apply in pre-blossom, calyx and early flower sprays. In later flower sprays, amount may be reduced to 3/4 to 1 pound. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest for apples.

Ferbam is also effective in the control of black rot, cedar rust, brown spot, Apple blotch, and bitter rot. For amount and timing on these sprays, consult State Agricultural Extension Service for further information.

Ferbam may be used on apples in combination with kerosene oils, or kerosene, kerosene, etc.

On Pears: For control of Scab, Leaf-Blight, Fruit-spot, and sooty blotch--use 1-1/2 pounds of Ferbam in pink, calyx, first and second cover sprays for scab and one pound in summer sprays for Fabraea and Sooty blotch control. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

On Peaches: For control of Brown Rot, use 1-1/2 to 2 pounds in 100 gallons of water. For Peach Leaf Curl, use 3 pounds in 100 gallons of water in dormant stage. Consult State Agricultural Experiment Stations for additional information and timing of sprays. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.

On Cherries: Brown Rot and Leaf Spot, use 1-1/2 pounds Ferbam in 100 gallons of water. A good spreader or sticker should be added to avoid blotching fruit. Consult State Agricultural Experiment Stations for additional information and timing of sprays.

ON TOBACCO: Blue Mold in Tobacco Plant Beds: Use 2-3 pounds Ferbam in 100 gallons of water as spray, applying about 3 gallons of spray per 100 square yards of bed. Apply first when plants are small (size of a dime) or when blue mold is first reported in area, and increase amount of spray to 6 gallons per 100 square yards when plants are ready for transplanting. Repeat applications every 3-4 days while plants are in seed bed.

Grapes: For control of Grape Black Rot use 2 pounds Ferbam in 100 gallons of water, applying spray just before bloom, again immediately after bloom, and two weeks after bloom. Do not apply within 7 days before harvest.

Tomatoes: Use 2-3 pounds Ferbam in 100 gallons of water for control of Anthracnose. Make 3 to 4 applications every 7-10 days or as recommended by State Agricultural Experiment Stations. Begin application when disease is first noted or reported in area.

Use 3 pounds Ferbam in control of Lamping- if in seed beds of Lettuce & Celery. Consult State Agricultural Experiment Stations for further information and recommendations.

Use on the three above mentioned crops should be done in Florida only. Do not apply within 7 days before harvest. Remove residues by stripping or treating at time of harvest.

Ornamentals: Rust and Black Spot on roses, Onadragon Rust, Botrytis Rot of Cyclamen, Tulip Fire, Septoria Leaf Spot, Alternaria blight and Rust on Carnations are controlled by Ferbam. Use 1 to 1-1/2 pounds in 100 gallons of water.

Smaller quantities: Ferbam used at the rate of 4, 6, or 8 teaspoons to 1 gallon of water is roughly equivalent to 1, 1-1/2, and 2 pounds per 100 gallons of water.

NOTE: Always observe all risks of use, of race, or handling of this material and use it only in accordance with directions given hereon.

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